NEW YORK CLIPPER

THE OLDEST AMERICAN SPORTING AND THEATRICAL JOURNAL.

FRANK QUEEN, Editor and Proprietor. | NEW YORK, SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1868. | VOLUME XVI.—No. 19. PRICE TEN CENTS.

THE DREAM.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,
BY W. WALSH.

How oft our dreaming fancy roves
A shadowy world of bliss,
And peoples it with hopes and loves
More fair than aught of this;
But cold reality dispels
The dear, delusive dream,
And vanish all those magic spells
That flit o'er life's dark stream.

Last night methought I roamed in halls
With gorgeous trappings gay,
A flood of light illumed the walls
And made them bright as day;
And by my side was one whose vows
To me were dearer far
Than gems that shine on monarchs' brows,
Tho' brought from lands afar.

Now faintly far, now thrilling near,
Voluptuous music floats,
As if from some celestial sphere
Rang out its angel notes:
A purer still and brighter charm
Fair woman lends the scene,
Whilst manly lips avowals warm
Pour forth in "love's young dream."

We stood, the one beloved and I,
Amid the brilliant throng,
And from her mutely speaking eye
I drank love deep and strong.
An instant, and, oh Heaven! a change
So sad came o'er the scene,
That all grew misty, dark and strange,
I woke—'twas but a dream.

RUINED FOR EVER;

OR,

THE WORLD AGAINST THE FAVORITE.

BY HAMLYN SMITH.

CHAPTER I.

THE SPECTRE OF THE BALL ROOM.

It was the height of the ball, and Laura Mellish and Ray Desmond were whirling round in the mazes of a waltz. It was the first week in May, 1824; and the house of Sir Orford Mellish was the scene of unusual gaiety.

Laura, the eldest daughter of the baronet—eldest and best loved, too—was eighteen upon this day; and all the friends of the family, and the most distant relations, were crowded that night into the elegantly furnished apartments of Sir Orford. One only among that gaily dressed throng, however, was there, whose coming on that evening brought joy to the heart of the young girl. This was Ray Desmond—the son of Sir Ray Desmond, the Yorkshire baronet—a young, handsome fellow of five-and-twenty, of great expectations, and a free, generous disposition. He had been engaged now six months to Laura Mellish; but since the day when their engagement had been ratified by the consent of her father, he had suddenly become neglectful; as it were, and less frequent in his visits. Not that his attachment had become less ardent. His manner was more eager, more anxious, more demonstrative than ever; but there was a wildness in his eye, a restlessness in his whole behaviour, an unrest evident in his speech and his conduct, which was terribly painful and distressing to the one he had chosen to be his wife. On this night, however—the first night of meeting for a month—he seemed to have cast off, altogether, the gloom and anxiety which oppressed him generally. He had brought Laura a lovely diamond bracelet, clasped it on her glowing arm, with the old smile beaming from his dark brown eyes; and now that the dancing had begun, he had entirely resumed possession of his former self, and was entering to the full into the joy and hilarity of the scene.

"I am so happy to-night, Ray, said Laura, as she sat down with him near one of the bay windows, lovely and warm from the dance; "so happy because you are once more with me."

The young man smiled.

"You speak, dearest," he said, "as if I had been absent a long time."

"And is not a month a long time, then?" asked Laura. "It seemed a year to me. Where have you been?"

Ray Desmond slightly changed color.

"I have been in the country," he said, "on business, money hunting."

Laura laughed lightly.

"Money hunting!" she cried. "Why, you are talking like an old man, Ray! Any one would think you were a tradesman, or an old banker, to hear you talk. Why, what do *you* want with money?"

"You are soon to be my wife, dearest," he said, bending over her. "I *shall* want money then, shall I not? My father allows me a good income; but that is no reason why I should not make more."

"And how do you make it, then, Ray? I should have thought that you had about as much head for real serious business as *I* have."

"Ah, that is *my* secret, dear Laura," he said. "I can—— Ah, what is that?"

He started up and clenched his hands and his face grew pale as death. As he started a shadowy form appeared at the window and a broad belt, as it were, of darkness had fallen upon them. When he rose, however, and looked again, nothing was there. Forgetful, as it seemed for the moment, of the ball-room and the music and the one he loved, he leaned his pale brow against the glass and gazed out.

Sir Orford Mellish's house was situated in St. John's Wood, and as he glanced out he could see a mass of waving spring foliage and the bright moon glinting on the white stone of the terrace beneath the window. Nothing could be seen. The place was vacant. Moonbeam and starbeam had it all to themselves.

"What could it have been?" he muttered. "He promised not to come unless——Ah, there *can* be no such misfortune impending over me!"

As he murmured these words, the soft, warm arms of Laura glided round his neck.

"What ails you, dear Ray?" she said in a gentle voice. "You look so pale and so distracted, you alarm me. Tell me, dearest, what is it?"

The young man turned to her with a forced smile.

"It is nothing, Laura—nothing but what I am often subject to. You must bear with me, dearest! Ah, Laura, leave me a moment! I will rejoin you in a few minutes.' He was trembling now in every limb. It was not, however, the trembling of fear, but of profound agitation. Laura hesitated but an instant. The pleading look in his eyes detemined her, and she moved slowly away.

Ray Desmond watched her eagerly as she passed away and disappeared among the dancers, looking neither to the right nor left. As soon as she was gone he hurried to the window, and, throwing up one of the side sashes, gazed out.

"It must be a man's form," he said, "that stands so motionless by that elm tree. I will go to him."

He glanced back at the ball room. No one was observing him. Closing the window from without, therefore, he passed hurriedly along the terrace and approached the spot where he fancied he saw the man. His fancy was correct.

A man was there, leaning against a tree smoking a short pipe; a man with a rough cap drawn over his eyes, with a red handkerchief roped round his neck, a black velvet coatee and corduroy breeches.

"Ah, Mr. Desmond!" he said, before the other could speak; "I am glad you've come. I've had trouble enough to get in and stop in without being found out."

"Yes, yes; but why are you here? what is the matter?"

"Well, sir, Mr. Marston wants to see you; and, you see, he says as there's something the matter with the Lavender colt."

The young man passed his white gloved hand through his hair as he stammered, "Something the matter with it! Why it was well enough this morning!"

"Ay, like enough, sir; but you see that isn't nothing nowadays. Lavender might ha' won the Derby this morning and be dead to-night. You see——But Mr. Marston will tell you all about it. He's waiting for you."

"Where?"

"At the 'Three Jolly Shepherds', in Oxford Street. He's on the quiet there."

"But my carriage—how shall I get there?"

"Oh, leave *me* alone for that, sir," said the man. "Running Joe is up to snuff, I think. Your vehicle is just on t'other side of that wall, sir. If you will come, sir, I'll be over in a moment and tell him where to meet you."

"At the corner in ten minutes, then," said Ray Desmond; and hurried back without another word.

The dancers were enjoying themselves vigorously and observed him not as he opened the casement gently and sprang in. Making his way round the outer circle of pleasure seekers, he found Laura talking to her father and her sister Emily.

"Sir Orford," he said, "and you, Laura, I am sure you will excuse me. But I feel very ill—more so than I can describe to you; and I must retire."

"Bless me, my boy," cried Sir Orford, heartily, "if you are ill, don't go home; there is a room upstairs at your disposal and I will send for Sir Henry Adams at once."

Ray smiled faintly.

"I thank you, Sir Orford," he said. "I know I am welcome, but I know also that you will excuse me if I say that I would rather go home. To-morrow I will call on you. Good night, Sir Orford—good night, Emily—good night, Laura dearest!"

This last, spoken in a low voice, almost inaudible to all save the one for whom it was intended, brought tears into her eyes. Emily heard nothing.

"Don't be ill long, Ray," she said, laughingly, as she shook her beautiful curls at him. "Don't be ill long. The Derby week is coming; and you know you have promised to take us to the Oaks."

Desmond started as if bitten by an adder. But he quickly recovered himself.

"This is, I trust, but a passing illness," he said. "I hope it will not last so long as *you* speak of. Good night."

And with these words, slowly, almost uncourteously, spoken, he quitted the room, not even knowing what he had said. At the corner of the street he found the carriage, with the rough fellow already inside of it; and in a few moments he was dashing away towards the "Three Jolly Shepherds."

On reaching Oxford street, the coachman turned off into a dark, narrow, dirty street, where the carriage jolted from side to side over the uneven stones.

"Where the deuce is the fellow driving to?" cried Ray Desmond, impatiently, rising to speak to the coachman out of the window.

"It's all right, sir," said Running Joe, quite familiarly; "it's all right. You see, the 'Three Jolly Shepherds' ain't exactly in Oxford street. It's a little out of it. You see the lights there. Here we are."

The handsome carriage drew up with a rush at the door of the grimy looking public house, and Ray Desmond eagerly alighted.

"Marston does not choose a very agreeable place of meeting," said he, as he glanced up at the murky windows, rendered more dirty in appearance by the flaring gas; "but never mind—lead the way."

The man in velvet needed no further orders. Passing into the bar, he halted.

"Very dry work, sir, smoking and waiting," he said. "A glass of whiskey would be refreshing."

Hastily ordering the required beverage, Ray said, "Take me to him and return for your liquor."

The man accordingly beckoned him towards a door, on the other side of the bar; and, after ascending a staircase of objectionable shape and odor, Ray Desmond found himself at the open door of a room as ill smelling and murky as the rest of the establishment. On a chair, near the fire, sat a man, with curly, iron gray hair; a man about forty years of age, with a broad, muscular frame, clad in the height of sporting fashion. His feet were in slippers and in his mouth was a long pipe. This man was John Marston.

CHAPTER II.

TIP FOR THE DERBY NO. 1.

The room in which the man sat was a gloomy room, full of the heavy, uncomfortable furniture that is generally to be met with in such public houses. A scrap of carpet adorned the floor and a few tawdry prints hung around the walls.

"Ah, Desmond," said Marston, without removing his pipe from his mouth; "I am glad you have come. There is no time to be lost, you see."

Ray cast himself languidly in a chair.

"No time to be lost!" he cried. "Don't talk in enigmas—tell me the truth. What is the matter?"

"Well, the truth is, the Lavender colt has gone wrong. There is no doubt about it," said John Marston, still not removing his pipe.

"Gone wrong!" exclaimed Ray Desmond. "Where did you hear this?"

"Why, you see," returned Marston, "Running Joe and Flash Charlie have been down to John Roberts' place, on the watch, and they've found that the colt limps. It's a done thing for him—he's no use! We must alter our game and bet against this horse like wildfire."

Desmond rang the bell.

"Bring me some brandy," he said to the waiter.

Then, turning to Marston, "Well, the news you give me," he added, "is very bad, indeed. I am deeply in with this horse; you know all my hopes are on it. There is scarcely time to reverse my book now."

"Bah! don't talk of time. We must make time. Now, come; *I* am squaring myself on the reverse tack. I'll begin with you: I will take sixteen to one, in thousands, to set me right. Book that and come with me to the club early in the morning. I sent for you to-night for another thing, however. I have heard of the Yorkshireman."

"What! Sir Lawrence Glanville?" exclaimed Ray, reddening, now, with pleasure.

"Yes, the same. I have met him; and, more than that, I have betted with him. He has money once more."

"Then," said Ray Desmond, with pale lips, "he shall not long keep it!"

Marston laughed coarsely.

"You have not forgotten the old love, then?" he said. "I thought you were engaged to Laura Mellish—a handsome girl and with a bouncing fortune, too?"

"Yes, so I am," said Ray, biting his lips, that he might not resent the insulting familiarity with which the other spoke; "but I have not forgiven the old score. You cannot understand my story yet, or you would not speak as you do."

"Never speak as I do? not understand your story?" cried Marston. "Why, you are mad! I know it by heart; I had it from your own lips. You and Sir Lawrence Glanville were bosom friends. You loved Cornelia Trevanion, the daughter of an enemy of your father's. You married her in secret; you trusted her to the care of Sir Lawrence. He betrayed his trust, and your wife died in shame and broken hearted. You seek revenge upon him—quite natural; but, if you love this other woman, why not leave it alone?"

Ray Desmond shook his head bitterly but made no reply.

"By the way, are you quite certain that your wife was unfaithful to you?" asked Marston, with as much nonchalance as if he were merely speaking of an ordinary affair.

"Certain!" cried Desmond, passionately. "It was from his boasts and her own confession that I knew it! What more could I have?"

"True, true."

"And you say this Glanville is in London?"

"Yes; I saw him yesterday. He will be at the club to-morrow. He will scarcely recognize you."

"Oh, yes! I am not so altered as that," said Ray Desmond. "There is no chance of his not recognising me. If I ruin him it must be through others."

"I will be your cheerful agent in this," said Marston. "You know well how I hate him! He has insulted and brought me to shame more than once. I am a man who never forgives an injury; and I only wish I had a hundred heads and a hundred hands, that I might punish him!"

Ray Desmond smiled contemptuously as the man said this—looking like a malicious bull-dog as he spoke.

"Punish him!" he cried, "punish him for what? What are your insults to my sorrow? What are his injuries to you to his deep wrong to me? Where he has spoken ill of you, degraded *you*, struck you, he has ruined *me*, blasted my happiness, trampled on my hopes and my love, taken from me all that was dear in life; and yet you compare your wrong to mine! Pooh! man, it is insulting to me. Let us work together, but do not talk of similarity of interests."

Desmond had his face averted from Marston as he spoke, or he would have observed the vindictive glance that was in his eye as he gazed at the fire; a glance, not vindictive as regarded Sir Lawrence Glanville, but as regarded Desmond himself. But with the artfulness of an old and practised hand he chased the look from his face and said quite genially, "Now don't be offended, Desmond; I meant no offence I assure you. I only say that as *I* hate the man as cordially as *you* do, we shall work the better together."

"Certainly," said Ray, abstractedly.

"And now as to another thing. You see I had lots of things to say before morning, and was obliged to disturb you. It won't do, you know, for us to appear too friendly at the club; that's why I met you here. You told me last week you would go to Chorlton."

"Yes; I wish to do so."

"Well, do so at once. Lord Brainborough's lot are dangerous; and as you know him well, you might learn something. Out of a goodly number of flies, one can generally weed out truths. Can you go to-morrow?"

"Yes; but I must see this Glanville first."

"Certainly; but what to do?"

"I know not. To see his face—to feast upon the knowledge that I shall and will some day be his ruin."

"You will bet with him, of course?" said Marston, almost anxiously.

"Yes, if he will with me."

As he spoke, there was a bustling step up the stairs,

MR. BEN WEBSTER, Manager of the Haymarket Theatre, London

MR. BEN WEBSTER, Manager of the Haymarket Theatre, London

and in another moment Running Joe entered with his face radiant. With a rapid glance toward Ray Desmond, Marston put his finger on his lip; and the man, understanding at once that something was "up," changed countenance at once and quietly handed over the letter to his master. Marston opened it quietly and read it without moving a muscle of his face, or betraying the least emotion. The letter ran thus:—

"DEAR SIR.—It is as I told you before. Put all your money on the Lavender colt. There aint nothing as can bete him. The story about the 'limp' is goin fust rate, and to-morrow you'll get forties to 1. Yours, JEMMY SIDLER."

Such was the letter that John Marston read quietly, folded up and put in his pocket.

"Tell the messenger it is all right," he said.

"No answer?" asked Running Joe, in surprise.

"That *is* an answer, isn't it?" said Marston, savagely. "Say it's all right and go."

Running Joe, with a muttered curse that was not lost upon his master, quitted the room; and Marston, turning placidly to Desmond, said, "Well, then, I may book your twenties to one against Lavender!"

"You said sixteens."

"Ah! yes—true—sixteens. Well, it doesn't matter. I am sure to lose. Here is my cheque. Let me hear from you from Chorlton as soon as you learn anything, will you?"

"Yes, certainly. But tell me one thing about this Glanville; is he going to the Derby with you?"

"I cannot say; I will try and work it so. But at any rate don't blame me for taking you away from the ball. It's business in every way, is it not?"

"Yes, indeed," said Ray Desmond, rising languidly; "yet scarcely in time to enable me to recover my terrible losses. I cannot marry Laura Mellish penniless, and I had hoped that this Lavender would have pulled me through. Never mind; I must hope and work for the best. Good night."

He extended his hand languidly to Marston, who took it and pressed it strongly in his coarse palm.

"Good night, Desmond," said the blackleg. "Don't forget me. Good night. Joe, show this gentleman out, and then come up to me."

Joe returned after a few moments.

"Shut that door!" roared Marston.

The man did so.

"Now, curse you!" cried his master—"curse you! when will you remember what I told you about coming into a room grinning like that—like an idiot? You might have sold me altogether, curse you!"

Running Joe prudently did not answer. So his master's rage evaporated after a few more curses.

"Take this note," he said, after scribbling a few lines—"take this note to Sir Lawrence Glanville; and—curse you—if you know anything about the Lavender colt, keep it to yourself."

CHAPTER III.

TIP FOR THE DERBY, NO. II.

The night was so fresh and pleasant, and his head was so hot and feverish, when he emerged from the "Three Jolly Shepherds," that Ray Desmond dismissed his coachman and preferred to walk. Nearly every one was now abed—that is to say, nearly all ordinary people. All the hard workers had long since retired to their couches. Only the pleasure seekers rolling home in their carriages from late balls, and the criminals and those who watched them—only these were now abroad; and many a strange and scarcely friendly glance was cast at Ray Desmond, as he walked slowly along, smoking his cigar and thinking of a multitude of things. Several times, indeed, he stopped, and glanced round, feeling convinced that he was the object of some special surveillance; but no matter how often he did so, never once did he succeed in catching the slightest glimpse of any familiar form or face. He was just engaged in drawing up a plan of operations for the next day when the sound of strife attracted his attention, and before he was aware of it, he was in the midst of a dense and struggling crowd. He had no opportunity of observing anything of the cause of the conflict, for he was hustled hither and thither in such a manner that he could do nothing more than take care of his own person and property; but when he emerged from the throng a letter was in his hand.

"What can this mean?" he thought. "It cannot be for me. It must have been pinced in my hand by accident during the melee. Let me see the address."

He approached a street lamp, and glanced at it.

The superscription was written fairly and plainly enough, to "Ray Desmond, Esq."

"This is most curious," he said—"most curious;" and tearing it open, he read it anxiously:—

"One who is friendly to you, and watches over you, gives you a piece of advice, which, it is hoped, will not come too late. Instead of going to Chorlton to-morrow, go to Sandyhook, where the lavender colt is in stable. You may find things very different there from what you are led to expect."

"Curse them all!" thought Ray Desmond, in his first passion. "One tells me one way, one tells me another! What shall I do? And yet this seems something which I ought not to despise. It is, I am sure, a friendly warning, and can, at any rate, do me no harm! I will go."

The next morning, without proceeding to the club, or giving any intimation to John Marston, Ray Desmond took his place in the coach, which was to take him to Sandyhook.

Lovely as the May scenery was it had no effect upon him. He only saw one scene before him, the last struggle for the Derby and the Lavender colt beaten. It was the renewal of this scene again and again in his mind that made the miles seem like leagues; that made his cheeks flush, and his eyes flash, and his heart leap; and he almost sprang at one bound from the top of the coach when it stopped before the quiet little village inn, which was the only place for refreshment near Sandyhook. Knowing, however, that he must, for his own sake, smother his feelings and feign a calmness which was not his own, he walked quietly into the "Bricklayers' Arms" and called for pale ale.

"Can you tell me, landlord," he said, as he imbibed the refreshing liquid slowly, as if he were in no hurry, "can you tell me where Charles Lawson's cottage is?"

"Old Charles Lawson, the horse watcher, sir?" said the landlord.

"Yes; that is he."

"Well, he lives up yonder," said the landlord, pointing to a little white cottage on the crest of the hill; "leastways, he arn't at home just now. He be gone to Lunnun, I rayther think, sir."

"Ah, well, I will not hurry, then," said Desmond, finishing his ale. "Good evening."

The shades were just falling as he stepped out of the inn and entered upon the highway. There was very little distance between the "Bricklayers' Arms" and the white cottage; but there was a longer and more circuitous route that would enable him to waste time until such an hour as it would be likely that Charles Lawson would be in. So vaulting over the stile, he betook himself to a narrow path, between green growing things of all kinds, and was proceeding right leisurely enough, when his attention was attracted by cries of distress, proceeding evidently from a child. Always kind and generous, ever ready to assist those in trouble, Ray Desmond hurried towards the spot whence the sound of distress proceeded, and there saw a sight which at first compelled him to laugh heartily. He stood on the margin of a pool, whose waters, now in the fast deepening twilight, were shadowed over here and there by the tall forms of the trees. In its centre was a little girl of some ten years, sitting astride of a large log of wood which she could neither move one way nor another, though her legs were deep in the water. The poor little thing was crying bitterly, and she cried all the more when she saw the stranger laughing at her. But Ray soon put her at her ease.

"Why, my little one," he said, "how did you come there?"

"I don't know, sir. I floated, I think, sir," and I can't get back."

And then there was another burst of crying. Ray Desmond was far from being a Don Quixote; but a little one in distress like this was much more than his manly heart could bear to behold without wishing to render assistance. So, taking off his shoes and stockings, and forgetting, for the moment, all about the object of his journey, he entered the pond, waded out manfully, in spite of his fine clothes, and seizing upon the little stranger, brought her safely to land.

"Oh, thank you, sir!" she said, when he had done so, throwing her arm round his neck and kissing him—"oh, thank you, sir!"

And as she said this, her clustering little golden locks showered on his face. He drew back as if a snake had bitten him.

"What is this?" he cried. "The eyes—the face—the features are hers! Yet what a fool I am! No wife—no child! Tell me, where do you live?"

"At Mr. Lawson's, sir."

"The horse watcher?"

"Yes, sir."

"Is he your father?"

"No, sir; I've got no father."

"No father?"

"No; and no mother. I'm nursed, I am."

Prattling like this, they walked on, after Ray Desmond had put on his boots and stockings once more, and passed swiftly through the green fields. Presently they reached a long, black building.

"What is that?" asked Desmond.

"Those are the stables," said the little girl; "and I'll show you where we get in to look at the horses, only you mustn't tell Mr. Lawson."

Ray Desmond's heart beat high with emotion.

"What horses are there?" he asked.

"The race horses; and there's that beautiful horse, Lavender, that's going to win the race. I've seen him."

"And can I see him?"

"Yes; only," said the child, putting her face up, and smiling archly, "you mustn't tell Mr. Lawson."

"Oh, no; I won't tell him!"

The girl, still holding his hand, led over the field, until they reached a part of the stable that abutted on a marshy place, where high reeds obscured a portion of the wall.

"Here," said the child, pulling aside some long rushes and showing a large hole in the woodwork, "here is the place we get through."

Ray smiled in spite of his disappointment. The aperture was scarcely sufficient to admit of the entrance of a child, much less a man.

"Won't you go in?" asked the child, quite innocently.

"I can't, my dear. But hush! I hear voices! Ah! There is a place through which I can see! Stand still, and don't speak, on your life!"

He spoke so harshly and sternly now, just as if threatening a man of his own age, that the little girl stopped speaking and stood tremblingly looking at him while he approached nearer and peeped in. A swinging lamp revealed the features of the speakers. They were those of John Marston and Running Joe; and the horse they were examining was the Lavender colt.

TO BE CONTINUED.

HAD HIM THERE.—A father was teaching his little boy to recite his Sunday school lesson. It was from the fourteenth chapter of Matthew, wherein is related the parable of a malicious individual who went about sowing tares. "What is a tare?" asked the anxious parent. "You had 'em," "Johnny, what do you mean?" asked the astonished parent. "Last week, when you didn't come home for three days," said Johnny, "I heard mother tell aunt Susan that you were on a tare." The Sunday school lesson was brought to an abrupt close and Johnny was sent off to bed.

SHE WOULD BE AN ACTRESS.

A TALE OF THEATRICAL LIFE.

PART THE THIRD.

CHAPTER XXIV.

LAID UNDER THE SOD—REWARDS AND REMEMBRANCE—A VISIT TO WILLIE BURN—HAPPY AT LAST.

Three days later, a simple, unostentatious funeral moved away from Rosa Villa, and all that was mortal of poor Madeline Lennox was laid in the nearest cemetery. Very little was known in the neighborhood of what had transpired on the day of her death; the earl had desired Waters and the other servants to be silent on the subject, and accompanied his desire with a liberal *douceur*, so he had been obeyed, and very little gossip had taken place about her.

It was generally believed in Highgate that the kind, motherly, old lady who had suddenly made her appearance, and directed and paid for everything, was the mother of the poor girl who had been so lovely in her last days of life. It was, in fact, Mrs. Marsh, to whom the countess had told the sad story of the child she had recovered only to lose directly, and who had immediately volunteered to go and superintend matters at the cottage, so soon to be left untenanted.

There had been a few visitors during the time of darkened windows and hushed voices; Lady Lorton and her daughters—Lady Margaret looking as if she had been used to silken robes and glittering jewels all her life; and Lady Agnes, full of affection for her new found sister, and of gentle, saddened wonder as she looked upon the fair, still face upon the bed, so like her beautiful mother's, and pondered on the story she had only just heard of the twin sisters, older than herself, and lost for so many long years.

There was nothing of pain or suffering in the calm face now, truly:—

"Death had left on her
Only the beautiful."

And it was with deep thankfulness that the countess gave a mother's last kiss to her dead child, for she felt how much more terrible than such a death as she had witnessed would it have been to have found her daughter in the very midst of her profligate career.

The earl came, too, and John Thomas, and Barton, and Dr. Cameron, and looked their last on the silent tenant of the darkened chamber; and the showman received, from the father's own hand, a thick lock of the sunny hair, to be kept by him while life lasted as a memento of the strange eventful past; and the appointed day came, and the coffin lid was screwed down with its shining plate bearing the name of the deceased in full, "Laura Sophia Brooks Dornton," and her age, and the date of her death, no titles; the earl felt as if it would be a mockery of her life to give her a title in her coffin.

"Had she lived but a month," he said to Dr. Cameron, "or even a week, my child should have been acknowledged to all the world, and have lain beside her brother in the vault at Lorton, but as it is——"

He stopped suddenly, overcome by the recollection of the reasons he had for not speaking of the relationship.

"I understand," said the doctor, "it is better as it is."

And the funeral train started on its way, the neighbors wondering much who the four gentlemen might be who occupied the two mourning coaches; and speculating whether the funeral was paid for by the Duke of Portarlington, or whether the lady's jewels had been disposed of to meet the necessary expenses, with other topics of wonderment equally necessary for them to be made acquainted with.

It was the Earl of Lorton and Dr. Cameron who occupied the first carriage, James Barton and John Thomas, the latter attired, perhaps for the first time in his life, in a new suit of black, following in the second.

No one else; there were no mourners to lament the dead mistress of Rosa Villa, no trains of fashionable friends to send their empty carriages to swell the funeral *cortege*; Lord Lorton paid the servants and dismissed them, and sent the key of the villa through Barton to the duke's agent, with a simple intimation that its mistress was dead, nothing more, and the place was shut up; poor Mrs. Saville's costly wardrobe and fashionable jewelry lying unheeded in their places, and the flowers of the pretty garden blooming and withering, with none to tend or care for them.

The fresh mourning that the family wore was stated to be for a relative.

No further explanation was given and those who were not in the secret tried in vain to find out who could possibly be dead connected in any way with the Lorton family.

The newspaper telegraph which the old housekeeper had brought to London in such trepidation was the only one that appeared.

Mr. Barton managed that, being very distinctly given to understand that any more would be disagreeable; and though the opportunity of giving the world a specimen of the dulcet tones of the trumpet he was so fond of blowing was thereby lost to him, he pocketed the annoyance for the sake of the golden harvest which the affair was likely to produce. And golden indeed it was, for his lordship not only gave him a cheque for expenses that more than doubled anything he had paid out and a diamond breast pin to serve as a remembrance of what he had done, but when the two proofs had been received from Scotland, viz: the nurse's confession and the deposition of the patient in the asylum duly taken down and attested by the doctor and a magistrate, and forwarded with the little shirt which Lady Lorton well remembered, he found himself master of a snug sum of money in the bank as well.

The earl had made a pretty correct estimate of his character, and knew there need be no delicacy about offering him anything, so he sent him a note telling him what he had done, and received in reply one of Mr. James Barton's most eloquent epistles, full of thanks, flattery and self-abnegation.

Dr. Cameron could be prevailed upon to accept nothing except a ring to wear in remembrance; and the earl took care to choose one himself, a single diamond of great value and brilliance.

Maggie added something on her own account, a little brooch containing her own and her twin sister's hair. It was set round with small brilliants of the first water, and was to be worn on state occasions in the shirt frill, which still seemed to the old man the very acme of gentlemanly attire, and with which he was wont solemnly to adorn himself when he went out to dinner.

"I wish we could have done something for him," the countess said to her husband the day after the funeral. "I am sure he is not so well off as he would like us to think; but he is so much the gentleman, poor dear old man, that it is impossible to say any more about it."

"I will contrive it somehow, never fear," said the earl; "I have been thinking it over and I think I see a way."

"What were you talking to him about so long just before he went out?"

"About our new daughter, Laura—our Maggie."

"Maggie! how horribly Scotch."

"Change her name if you like, you can have her re-christened."

"Now you're laughing at me, Harold. No, I have always heard of her as Maggie, and thought of her as Maggie, and Maggie she shall remain."

"Or Lady Margaret."

"Lady Margaret to the world, Maggie to us. How naturally she is settling down to her new sphere. We have reason to be very thankful, Laura."

"We have indeed; I shudder to think what she might have been, coming straight off the boards of a theatre. I am perfectly astonished at her, she is so lady-like, so simple and unassuming, and withal so graceful. There will be little for her to learn, and, what is better still, not much to unlearn. But what was the doctor saying to you just now?"

"He was telling me something that has perplexed me sadly; it seems our Maggie was going to dispose of herself at the altar if we had not stepped in to claim her. The young man has all the virtues of a saint, and all the beauties of an Apollo, if we may credit his old friend; but I must say I am annoyed. The idea of a suitor to Lady Margaret Dornton dating from Preston street, Limehouse. It's too absurd."

"Never mind where he lives if he's good and worthy of her, Harold; remember how you stooped to me in days gone by. I suppose this will be Willie?"

"Willie Burn, Dr. Cameron called him; but what do you know about him?"

"I overheard a whispered loving message to 'Willie' the day we brought her home—it came from her heart I am sure. We must not sacrifice her happiness, dear husband; you must see this young man, make inquiries about him. What is he, an actor?"

"No, that's one good thing about it; he was, what do you think, Laura? A stage carpenter; but he made some lucky discovery, invented something or other, I didn't quite understand what, and is rising into eminence and wealth by rapid strides. That is the doctor's story, and he seems to think that losing Maggie would crush all his energy and ambition at once and spoil a very hopeful and bright career. I should fancy the old gentleman had been crossed in love himself, sometime in the days of long ago, he pleaded so eloquently in his friend's cause."

"Perhaps so," said the countess; "but you will inquire about this young man, will you not?"

"Certainly, at once. I will do no injustice to my child; if he is really worthy of her and sufficiently a gentleman he shall have her. I could not give her to a vulgar, soulless fellow, like Barton, for instance."

"Depend upon it he is not that; he must have mind, or he could not have risen in the world unaided. May I tell Maggie anything of what you have told me?"

"Tell her nothing till I make inquiries, which I will do to-morrow. She will not be thinking of him so much now; her change of position will have driven him out of her mind a little."

"No, that it has not," said Lady Lorton, warmly, "You do not know us women. I am pretty sure his image is filling her mind to the exclusion of all her grandeur. I have surprised her in tears more than once, when she thought herself unseen, and I had my suspicions; but we have been in such a whirl of excitement for the last few days that I have not felt as if I could speak to her on what I know lies nearest her heart."

CHAPTER XXV.

The earl kept his promise, and the next morning, in the early hours of business, Willie was informed that "a gentleman wanted him."

He bade them request the stranger to walk in and rose from his desk to greet, as he supposed, a customer. His face turned very white as he saw Lord Lorton and he stammeringly requested him to be seated.

"You know me, I see, Mr. Burn," his lordship said, scanning with pleasure the frank, open countenance and manly bearing of his daughter's lover.

"Yes, my lord, I do," he replied, "and——"

"And you can guess what I came here about, I suppose, eh?"

"I think I can, your lordship." His voice trembled in spite of himself; he would have given all the world to have been perfectly calm and self possessed in the presence of Maggie's father, but he could not.

"I want to talk to you privately, Mr. Burn," Lord Lorton said. "Are you sure we shall not be overheard?"

"I will make sure," said Willie, rising and going to the door; then turning suddenly he faced his visitor. "I know what you will have to say to me, sir," he said. "I know it will be to put an end to the hope that has filled my heart for many a long year; but let me say one word to you first; let me tell you, my lord, that when I first met and loved Lady Margaret Dornton, I believed her to be of as humble birth as myself. The man she deemed her father promised her to me, and——"

"There, there, that will do, Mr. Burn. I know you speak truly; your old friend Dr. Cameron, seems to think your love began in your petticoat days almost. I want to hear your story from your own lips; your past career, your prospects, everything about yourself that the father of the girl you love should know."

Willie's eyes sparkled again with hope at the tone of the earl's voice; and, re-assured by his kind manner he told him a plain, unvarnished story of how he had got on, of his discovery, and of the brilliant prospect before him if nothing unforeseen occurred. His voice faltered a little as he concluded.

"My home was nearly ready, and I fondly hoped to have had a life of happiness with Maggie (I beg your pardon for calling her so, my lord), but it is not to be. Better things have turned out as they have done, since you found your own Lady Lorton an obscure manufacturer's wife."

"Mr. Burn," said the earl, holding out his hand, "you have spoken like an honest man, and I honor you for it. I do not wish to come to any hurried decision in this matter, nor do I say I will withhold my consent. I will think of it, make further inquiries, talk to the countess, and in a few days I will see you again. One promise I will exact from you, that you will not see or attempt to hold any communication with my child in the meantime."

"Willie's face flushed.

"You need not have asked me, my lord," he said; somewhat proudly. "I will not seek your daughter without her father's consent."

"I am sure you won't," said Lord Lorton, with a parting clasp of the hand. "Forgive my having asked it."

A week later, Lady Margaret stood at one of the drawing room windows in Eaton square, silent and alone. Tears were falling down her pale face, and dropping on a little locket she held in her hand. Suddenly her mother came behind her.

"My darling," she said, "what is it?"

Surprised it to confession, she laid her head on her mother's shoulder, and whispered:—

"I saw Willie to-day, mamma."

"Where?"

"When we were driving in the park. He looked so pale and ill, and——oh, mamma, if I might only see him just once, just to say good-bye to him."

"Maggie," said the countess, "you have been a good, trusting child. I told you a week ago to trust your father in everything. You did it without a murmur, and you shall have your reward; I came to fetch you."

"To fetch me, mamma?"

"Yes, dear; your father is waiting for you in the library. Come with me."

And putting her arm round her wondering child, she drew her from the room.

Maggie scarce comprehended what her father wanted with her, till her mother, opening the library door, said gaily:—

"There is the stray sheep, Harold; I found her in the drawing room, crying over a certain locket," and looking up, she saw her father, and by his side, with joy in every feature of his agitated face, Willie—her own Willie! It was no sad good-bye she was called to take then; she knew it in a moment; and sprang, blushing, to her father's outstretched arms.

"Not one word for *him*, Maggie?" said her father. "I've had a great deal of trouble to find him to-day, I can tell you. Mr. Burn," he continued, turning to Willie, "if at the end of twelve months you deserve my daughter as well as you do now, you shall have her; she has trusted her father as she promised, and you have acted as an honorable man should, take her, and her parent's blessing with her."

And kissing the forehead of the blushing girl, he put her hand in his, and the mother and father left the room with full hearts, while Maggie wept out her new found happiness in the arms that were to be, henceforth, her stay and shield through life.

EPILOGUE.

Five years more, and the pretty town of Mayfield is alive with music, and shouting, and joyous voices, and flags float from the windows, and the townsfolk turn out in their best, and business is suspended in the streets, for an election is afoot.

Not a contested one, however, to give rise to broken heads and bitter heart burnings, and long standing quarrels, and bribery, and corruption, and all uncharitableness. The candidate for the seat is the owner of Mayfield Hall, well known and esteemed amongst them, and he will be returned without opposition.

The hustings are up, however, and the polling booth, and he is hourly expected. Presently two open carriages drive into the town, and their occupants enter the principal hotel, which bears the arms of Lorton over the doorway. The earl and countess, and their daughter, Lady Agnes, a handsome young gentleman and a lovely lady with a charming boy of three years old form the party, and the crowd welcome them with frantic shouts. The ladies establish themselves at one of the windows, and the gentlemen join a party who are waiting for them and proceed to the hustings.

There is a roar of greeting from the densely packed crowd in front; and when it subsides the mayor of the town steps forward, and, uncovering his white head, begs to propose William Austin Burn, Esq., of Mayfield Hall, as a fit and proper person to represent them in parliament.

No need for much eloquence from him; they cut a delighted assent long before he has finished, and when another gentleman of high standing in the county presents himself to second the proposition, their demonstrations are louder than ever. A few words only and he retires; the son-in-law of the Earl of Lorton, Willie, the Willie of our tale, takes his place.

Oh, how they greet him. How they toss their hats and shout. He turns a pleased, proud face to the window, where sits his loving wife and her mother, and puts up his hands deprecatingly, but the omnipotent people must have their will and shout till human lungs can bear no more, and then they are silent perforce.

There is not much for Willie to say; what new promise can a candidate make to his supporters? But the little he had to speak was well and nobly spoken, and he retired more in favor than ever. There were the usual ceremonies, the thanks, the speechifying, and Willie Burn laid his head on his pillow that night, M. P. for the borough of Mayfield.

Willie was a rich man now; his business had in

creased in a fabulous manner and his wife's dowry had been ample.

He had deserved his bride and the earl kept his promise, and Maggie and Mayfield Hall became his on the same day.

There had been no grand wedding, but no old friends were forgotten; from that day Mrs. Grant found herself in possession of an annuity sufficient to preserve her and her afflicted daughter from want; it was a day of rejoicing at Mr. Wortley's theatre, every one therein being remembered somehow and there was a grand supper at night.

John Thomas was installed in the lodge at Mayfield, filling the place of an old servant, recently deceased; his health was breaking and he was unfit to resume his old life and he was content and happy in his new situation.

Many a quaint old story did he tell his master and mistress, when, as frequently happened, they would stop and chat with him; and when the little heir began to notice, what tricks he would play for his amusement.

Truly, his latter days were going to be days of rest and peace to the old stroller, whose hair was rapidly whitening now from past hardships and trouble.

The earl and countess were very kind to him and Lady Agnes the co-heiress with his beloved mistress, soon to be married, and move a step higher yet in life's ladder, would often pop in to have a talk with "old John," as he was beginning to be called, and the baby, the darling of her mother's heart, Miss Laura Margaret Dornton Burn, twelve months old, would stretch out her little arms to come to him when she saw his face at the gate. Certes, he had reason to be, as he said, "a very happy old man."

Mr. Adrian Wortley flourishes still, with his factotum, Mr. James Barton, now in partnership with him; they are always sure of a welcome at pretty Mayfield, where they go sometimes in great state and gorgeous attire. Their theatre is very prosperous and famous for sensation dramas of a domestic class. They are to bring out a piece next season, which, if report is to be believed, is to excel anything they have yet brought upon the boards. It is to be full of thrilling and romantic incidents and report says the title is to be—

"BLANCE AND FLORIBEL;
OR,
THE HISTORY OF TWO LIVES."
THE END

NEW YORK CLIPPER.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 15, 1868.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

Single Copy	10 cents	Subscription per annum	$5 00
To Wholesale Dealers	6½ "	for 6 months	2 50
To Retail Agents	7 "	for 3 months	1 25

To clubs of four or more, a deduction of 50 cents will be made from each annual subscription. Subscribers in Canada and the British Provinces, $1 per annum extra, to cover postage.

FRANK QUEEN, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR,
No. 22 Spruce street, New York.
Box 3,839 New York P. O.

NOTICE.

ADVERTISERS must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock on Monday evening, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.

To Correspondents.

SUBSCRIBER, Huntington.—In certain eastern counties they can begin shooting quail on July 1st, but here not till September. The following is the law:—"§ 8. No person shall kill, or have in his or her possession, except alive, for the purpose of preserving the same alive through the winter, or expose for sale any woodcock or ruffed grouse, commonly called partridge, between the first day of January and the first day of September, or kill any quail, commonly called Virginia partridge, between the first day of January and the twentieth day of October, or have the same in possession, or expose the same for sale between the first day of February and the twentieth day of October, or have in his possession any pinnated grouse, commonly called prairie chicken, or expose the same for sale between the first day of February and the first day of July, under a penalty of five dollars for each bird so killed or had in possession, or exposed for sale. Provided, however, that in the counties lying along the Hudson river and Susquehannah river and its branches, and in the counties lying south of the north line of the county of Greene and the county of Columbia, and in the counties bordering upon waters where the tide ebbs and flows, it shall be lawful to kill or possess, or expose for sale, any woodcock, or rail, or ruffed grouse, commonly called partridge, between the third day of July and the first day of January."

J. W. R., St. Louis, Mo.—1. Barney Aaron defeated Johnny Robinson, Bill Evans, Johnny Monaghan and Sam Collyer; was beaten by Scotty, of Brooklyn, and Collyer; fought a draw with Robinson; received forfeit from Jim Turner, and paid forfeit to Tom Smith. His last fight with Collyer took place at Acquia Creek, Va., June 13th, 1867. 2. Collyer is the present light weight champion, Aaron refusing to fight him a third time, and Sam regaining the title by beating Billy Kelly at Strickland, Pa., November 27th last. 3. Twenty cents per line, with a reduction of 20 per cent. if paid for three months in advance. 4. McCoole has appeared five times within the ropes, defeating Bill Blake, Tom Jennings, Bill Davis and Aaron Jones, and being "Barred" by Joe Coburn.

"BAR," Boston.—We have carefully considered the various documents submitted to us, and we have come to this opinion, viz:—Mr. Gilmore acceded to the musicians' demand for an increase of wages, and there was nothing in the way of the carrying out of the concert, in so far as the musicians agreed to Mr. G's proposal; and it was not until after due announcement of the concert had been made, *founded on this agreement*, that the musicians demanded a still further increase. In this view of the matter, we do not consider that Mr. Connors read what he alleges he did; the concert did not take place, *not* in consequence of Mr. Gilmore refusing to pay the musicians their price, but because he would not submit to their attempted extortions. We think that Mr. Simpson wins the wager.

W. S. A., Lexington.—John Smith, a negro actor, singer and dancer, was the author of "Old Bob Ridley," and was the first to sing it in public, while he was traveling through North Carolina, with Stone and McCollum's Circus, in 1849. The second party that sang it was Joe Brown, jig dancer, who did it for the first time in Pittsburgh, Pa., in 1852, while traveling with Foster's Minstrels. He was also the first person to do it in New York and first with a minstrel band, which was at the Melodeon, this city, opposite the Old Bowery Theatre, with Coleman's Minstrels, in the fall of 1852.

A CANADIAN SUBSCRIBER, Toronto, C. W.—1. There are nine of the Ward brothers, Hank, Josh, Charley, Gil, Ellis, George, Jim, John and Ben. 2. Cannot answer that at present. 3. No four mile time on record. 4. In their four-oared six mile race with the St. John crew at Springfield last year, the Ward's time was 39:28, winning very easily; in the three mile six oared race with the Harvard crew at Worcester on the 22d ult., they made the distance in 17:40½. 5. Write.

HARRY HENRY, Elmira, N. Y.—1. The longest running jump on record is 29 feet 8 inches, made by John Howard, in England. Thos. King, battoute leaper, of Baltimore, Md., covered 31 feet 7½ inches, over nine horses, in San Francisco, Cal. 2. Not recorded. 3. McKinstray ran half a mile in 1:56½. 4. 100 yards, 9¼ seconds, by George Seward. 5. One mile, 4:17½ by Richards and Lang, in a dead heat.

DE CASTA.—1. Dan Rice was born in this city in 1822. He has two daughters, Libby and Katie, both of whom appeared in New Orleans years ago. The former is the wife of Charley Reed, and the latter lives on the farm in Girard, Pa. 2. He will probably return to this country this fall. He is a married man.

C. H. L., Vineland, N. J.—Dexter's time in the first heat of his match with Ethan Allen and running mate, taken by reliable outside timers, but not official, was declared to be 2:16; in the second heat his time, taken independently and by the judges themselves, was announced as 2:16¾. Dexter went in hand.

S. WEST.—"Two men bet on a certain horse, to trot at a fixed time, the owner of the horse agreeing that he should trot at the time agreed upon. The money was put up and the bet closed. Afterwards, however, the owner of the horse refused to allow him to trot. Who wins the money?".....Neither—it is a draw, and each man gets his own stake back.

DOVER.—Brown defeated Ward in a match race at Portland, on Sept. 18th, 1866. On the 20th of the same month they met again in a single scull race at the Springfield regatta, Mekiel and Foster Doyle also competing. Brown did not row the race through, Ward winning and Mekiel being second.

QUERY, Bloomington, Ill.—1. It was a count. 2. Cannot tell what its population is now, as it has grown so since the last census was taken. 3. Cannot say precisely, but upwards of 300 feet we believe. 4. We do not believe in stunting the growth of canines by artificial means, so cannot answer.

GEORGE, Buffalo, N. Y.—1. At cribbage, when either party takes less than his number of points he incurs no penalty, but may not rectify his mistake. 2. Your opponent was mistaken in supposing that he might peg two holes in consequence of your not scoring less points than you were entitled to.

U. P. H., West Chester.—If A made the trump, or took it up and went alone, C could not go alone against him. In the event of the latter securing three tricks he merely euchres A, and scores two points.

CLIFFORD.—To "order up" is to assume the responsibility of the trump; to "assist" is to let your partner know that you have some good cards, but which is not a fair way of playing the game, in our opinion.

R. S. E., Westfield, N. Y.—1. We hold to the opinion that a player cannot go it alone when a partner offers to assist. 2. D had no right to declare to go alone before the others had declared their intention.

SONG AND DANCE, Watertown.—1. There is no champion song and dance man at present, although several claim that title. 2. R. B. Kent, whose address you will find in an advertisement elsewhere, can furnish you with the articles.

J. R., Hartford, Conn.—"A and B are playing euchre against C and D. A deals; C passes; B assists; A says that he does not want B's assistance. Can A play it alone in case D does not order A to take it up?".....He is wrong.

G. H., Freeport, Ill.—"At cribbage, A plays a six, B an ace, A a five, B a four, and A a tray, claiming a sequence of three, B then plays a deuce and claims a sequence of six. Is he not right?".....He is right.

CONSTANT READER, Baltimore.—1. In the case of the death of a member, the club to which he belonged has a right to resolve not to play for thirty days. 2. Common courtesy should dictate your action in the premises.

BASE BALLIST, New Orleans.—"Will a club be expelled from the association for playing a member in their match game against another club, knowing that that member belongs to another club in the association?".....No.

M. E. C., Cleveland.—Thanks for the pains you have taken to send on those reports, but they were anticipated, as you may have since seen in last week's CLIPPER.

OLYMPIC, Philadelphia, Pa.—Thanks for items, etc. Will be pleased to hear from you should the affair you allude to transpire.

TOM LOCKWOOD, Shamburg, Ill.—The best mile time ever made by Ethan Allen with running mate was 2:15, in his race with Dexter, on the Fashion Course, L. I., June 21st, 1867.

JULIUS, Hagerstown, Md.—1. The push shot is legitimate, and is played in matches for the championship. 2. It may be played in all games unless barred by mutual agreement.

OLYMPIC, New Haven.—1. In the game when the Irvingtons beat the Atlantics, the score stood 37 to 14. 2. The height of Aaron Jones is 5 feet 11 inches.

W. L. B., St. Louis.—1. In 1863 the Eagles defeated the Excelsiors by 6 to 5. 2. One hundred and fourteen to two by the Athletics, of Philadelphia, is the largest.

INDIAN QUEEN, Wilmington, Del.—C, the horse which won the first heat, is better than the horse which did not win a heat, and, therefore, C takes second prize.

KNIGHT, Youngstown, O.—1. Our opinion is that no player can go alone when a partner offers to assist. 2. The knave is the highest.

AN OLD READER, Newark, N. J.—1. The dealer forfeits the deal. 2. The cards must be bunched, and A deal over again.

L. H. B., Lock Haven.—The *American Agriculturalist* can answer your question, no doubt.

PITTSBURGH.—The Athletics defeated the champion Unions twice last season.

N. E. C., Philadelphia.—Matilda Heron's address is 146 East Thirty-fifth street, this city.

D. S., Louisville.—He is engaged at Wood's Museum and Metropolitan Theatre, in this city, for the season.

CONSTANT READER, Xenia, O.—No person of that name figures in the pages of Fistiana. Somebody's been hoaxed.

J. K., Rockford.—Emily is at present in San Francisco, Cal. She has no agent in this city at present.

CLIPPER READER, Burlington, Iowa.—1. He is a "genuine Frenchman" of African descent. 2. The work is out of print.

W. E., Beaufort, N. C.—1. There is no such work in type. 2. Mr. Alfred Woodham, who advertises in another column.

J. W. F., Baltimore.—A letter sent to this office will reach him.

A. G. B., Dover, N. H.—Jem Ward did not follow painting as a business.

LABRATIC.—The Live Oaks having furnished the ball for the first game, their opponents do the agreeable the second game.

A SUBSCRIBER.—Creighton would compare favorably, but the others would not be up to the standard.

MUTUAL.—Forker and Treacy are considered first-class players.

W. H. A., Ottawa City.—A net is not allowed behind the catcher.

DEACON E., Lynn, Mass.—George Seward's 9¼ seconds is the fastest recorded 100 yards time.

HALL, Haverhill, Mass.—There are several pitchers equally as swift.

JOHN STEWART, Lawrenceville, Penn.—1. Quoits weigh from two pounds to twelve. 2. 18 yards. 3. One inch. 4. Hodgson.

SHORT STOP, St. Louis.—You need not make a short stop in your items while the ball season lasts.

KENTUCKY.—Mr. Butler, No. 3 Peck Slip, can probably furnish you with the book you want.

CAPT. JINES.—"The Guide," by M. J. Kelly, will answer your purpose.

D., THE POET.—1. Couldn't say. 2. McBride, Radcliffe and Stockman. 3. At any stationery stores.

J. F. H., Boston, Mass.—Not upon record.

"G."—Your items came too late to be of service.

F. M. D., Lynchburg.—They are one and the same.

C. R. W., Wheeling, W. Va.—Send to Appleton, this city.

GEO. G., St. Catharine, C. W.—Two dollars received.

TYRO, Stoneham, Mass.—1. Follow the base. 2. Yes.

P. R., Cleveland.—We have not time to make up such lists.

T. C. HOWARD, Bangor, Me.—Three dollars.

C. H. DUPREZ.—The amount is $7.80.

NOW AND THEN.

How well we can remember—and that without taxing the imagination—when New York was a simple, quiet and usually orderly city of unpretending residences and stores of modest deportment, devoted to purposes of trade, unconnected with display and innocent of thousand dollar window fronts or frescoed ceilings; when there were no art collections; when two or three theatres and a museum satisfied the cravings of the amusement loving public, and negro minstrels were limited as to number of admirers and never touched upon the domains of vaudeville or burlesque; when children were children, and not little men and women, and went to bed at nine; when there were no fashions and no Lords and Taylors and Alexander T. Stewarts to beguile the senses of our fair ones; when there were no race courses, nor pleasure yachts, nor even a cricket club, no suicides and no "drunks;" when every gentleman had wine upon his side-board and it was customary to pledge a lady's health before leaving the parlor. Finally, when there was hardly a publisher between the Battery and Bleecker street, when authors starved in garrets, and there were no weekly newspapers, with their many thousands of readers, like your favorite CLIPPER, to beguile the dull monotony of existence. Those were the good old times when policemen wore leathern helmets and kept good hours; a trip across the Atlantic was accomplished by packet in the round time of forty days, or so, and the man who should have proposed any shorter mode of communication than the regular mail (which was then very ir-regular), let alone of sending dispatches across the ocean in a day, would have been thought clean daft. The condition of the rest of the Union was worse, if anything, Boston being the centre of American refinement, whose *dictum* was looked upon as law by all whose fame and fortunes hung upon the critic's nod. Washington, the Mecca of pilgrims from all parts of the world, to which the eyes of an American sovereign turn as naturally as the needle to the pole, was at best a benighted village. Private collectors went abroad for their specimens of paintings and sculpture, as other citizens did for their horses and their fashions, and, as far as literature of her own, the new empire of the west as yet had hardly plumed her infant wings. The metaphorical prompter pipes his whistle, and, presto! the curtain rises upon the third act of the play. We have become wearied with the role of second fiddle and are disposed ourselves to take the van of rival nations, which, wonderful to relate, are beginning to look to us for their precedents. Boston is no longer entitled to monopolize the name of the Modern Athens. At least half a dozen cities contend for the distinction. Need we allude to the advance already made by New York, Philadelphia, Chicago, Portland, Hartford, Cincinnati, St. Louis, in matters of art and taste, to confirm our assertion? In literature as well as in art and sculpture our countrymen are now accorded the higher rank—an Irving, a Longfellow and a Bryant, a Powers, and a Greenough and a Crawford, having amply vindicated our claim. The exertions of another muse, Euterpe, struck the first faint prelude which swelled into an orchestral harmony guided by the inspiration of the world's first masters of song. Under the delicate manipulations of an Adams, our wood engraving took a start which has given it a position side by side with that of our British rivals. In the coarser arts we confessedly excel, and in the fields of science foreign academies have testified that we are able competitors. At the present rate of progression, if true to the nation's early promise, the United States of America will, ere long, take the lead in all that pertains to enterprise, progress and thrift, while in point of population her principal cities will surpass the capitals of other and older climes.

GOING A SWIMMING.—It is singular that so many persons who are comfortably fixed in the city, surrounded by all the comforts of life, will go to fashionable watering places, to be bitten by mosquitos and other abominations, and to partake of tank water to quench their thirst. A short time since some lively sports took a trip from this city to Long Branch, and being well known to the proprietor of the hotel at which they stopped, he, seeing that they were in for a little fun, gave them rooms on the upper floor. Some time during the night they started from their rooms, with nothing on but their shirts, on a tour of observation. Observing a ladder reaching to the roof they all ascended, and the first thing that caught their eyes was a huge tank filled with water and for supplying the guests with drinking water. Having had sufficient salt water baths, one of the party proposed to test the virtues of a fresh one; no sooner said than off goes shirts and in plunges several of the party, where they enjoyed a comfortable swim. Being observed by an Irishman attached to the house, all hands emerged from the tank and made a hasty retreat through the halls, much to the disgust of certain ladies who were attracted outside their rooms by the noise. The boys made things quite lively for a time; but whether they im proved the quality of the water we can't say.

SPORT ON THE PACIFIC RAILROAD.—Late accounts from the far West inform us that a conductor on the Pacific railroad has had twelve *arrow* wounds, and has been *twice* scalped; yet situations on the road are in brisk demand. The unfortunate conductor must have had a *narrow* escape, indeed, while the two occasions when he was scalped may be called *hair breadth* escapes. One thing seems strange to us, and that is, how he could be *twice* scalped. We have always understood that when a man was scalped he lost his scalp for *good*, though 'tis *bad* to part with it. When an enterprising Indian takes the hair from your head, it is impossible to *re-cover* it, though you may *recover yourself*.

WANTED.—In one of our daily papers a few days since we saw this advertisement:—"A Good Ruler, who is competent and willing to put in about quarter of his time on forwarding, can hear of a permanent situation by addressing ——— Scranton, Pa." As the time is not far distant when the nation will have a new head, we hope that whichever party succeeds we shall have a *Good Ruler*, who will be willing to put in the *major* part of his time in *forwarding* the best interests of the country at large; and as both parties promise to furnish us with what we want, we are sure to have a *Good Ruler*.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?—Among the trade advertisements in the *Herald* last week was the following:—"To Bakers.—Wanted, a hand on bread and cakes. Apply at ———." Where is the use of going to the expense of advertising for a hand. Just let the advertiser put his bread and cakes in his window and leave a pane of glass loose, and he will soon have *hands* enough on *bread and cakes*.

ABOUT DOGS.—We are told that the dogs drowned at the pound, owing to their want of muzzlin', are made use of *post mortem*, for their skins reappear in the shape of *kid gloves*. It would appear from this that our authorities are *hand and glove* with dealers in gloves which are made of the skins that are *sold by the pound*. We have no wish to be dogmatical, however.

DOWN IN OLD K—Y, KY.—The town clock at Lexington, Ky., celebrated the 4th of July by striking until it ran down. Some of our strikers are not only running down themselves but running down others. That clock, however, needs *reconstructing*, for it is certainly *disloyal* to be *running down the 4th*.

"ALL'S WELL THAT ENDS WELL."—A young woman in Canada has been arrested for throwing her mother-in-law down a well. We guess that neither of them felt very *well* after it.

AN OLD "HAYMAKER."—An exchange says that a Mr. Soule, 90 years old, was haying in West Bechell, Mass., last week. Mr. *Soule* must be a very *hearty* man for his time of *life*.

ALEXANDER THE GREAT.—J. P. Alexander, of Illinois, is reported as being the owner of 75,000 *head of cattle*. If correct, then he must be a *head of cattle* dealers generally.

A LONG BRANCH BELLE is credited with sporting forty different fans to match her dresses. We would like to *see the fans* this *fancy* belle agitates.

THERE is an in*tense* difference between a gentleman and a baker. The former produces good breeding and the latter good bread.

A HINT TO FISHERS.—We enjoin our piscatorial friends to bear in mind that with a "c" aught can be caught! Do you nibble, educated readers?

IS IT RIGHT to call a soldier an *exploded cartridge* because he has been *discharged*?

"BALL'S UP."

Not the skaters' ball at Central Park, dear reader, but the CLIPPER'S GOLD BALL for the Champions of our National game. The ball, of 18 carat gold, is now completed, and will soon be placed on exhibition, where he who runs may see it, if he thinks proper to look. Who is it for? asks an inquisitive friend. Really, we are unable to say. It is to be presented to the club proving themselves champions at the close of the season after playing with and defeating the various clubs that may enter for the prize. It may, like all good patriots, stick to the "Union;" or become a "Mutual" friend to the fraternity; it may roll into the bounding "Atlantic;" or fall into possession of "Athletic" men; it may help to strengthen the "Keystone" of our "National" Game; or reward the "Haymakers" for their toil; even the "Buckeyes," of "Cincinnati," may "see it;" while the heavy "Irving-ton" may not find it wanting to add to their weight. It is free for competition—no entrance money needed—and becomes the property of the champions whoever they may prove to be. There is no "bounce" about this. It is a *case* bell of *pure* gold And though all may show "base play" for it, it will be given to none but "fair play"-ers. Our medals, nine in number, are also completed, and will likewise be placed on exhibition at an early day. Of these medals, the *Herald* says:—"It is a beautiful golden Maltese cross, with arms neatly chased. Two bats crossed over the centre of the badge form the rays between the arms of the cross. The centre piece is a miniature ball encircled by a bat bearing the words 'CLIPPER PRIZE' in blue enamel. The whole affair is showy, yet very neat." These medals we intend to present to various clubs or players at the close of the season, as rewards of merit.

AT LAST.—A number of persons having been drowned at Atlantic City, and the season being nearly at an end, the proprietors of the hotels there are talking of getting surf boats for the protection of their guests while bathing.

MILES O'REILLY.—In a brief notice in our last of the death of this brilliant writer, we inadvertently stated that he was appointed a Major *General* in the regular army. It should have been *Major*.

WHEN is a rejected lover like a corn? When he has been cut out.

A GOOD REACH.—Al., of the Philadelphia Athletics.

A WARM FRIEND.—Old Sol.

AN APPROPRIATE VEGETABLE for coachmen is the *cab-bage*.

Sporting Squibs.

— A Liverpool, Eng., gymnast hangs to a rope by his teeth at the height of forty feet, and beats a drum.

— Mr. A. J. Streeter recently drove a pair of horses from St. Paul, Minn., to Hartford, Conn., in seven weeks. The distance is about 1,500 miles.

— Three gamblers were recently lynched for cheating at Sioux City.

— The New York State Fair is to be held at Rochester on Sept. 29th and 30th, and Oct. 1st and 2d, at which, among other prizes, one of $250 is to be given for the best stallion over four years old, and not less than 15 hands 3 inches high.

— At Saratoga races glove shops are reported as emptied of their gloves by sporting ladies, to pay their bets. We hope none of the fair creatures will "get the mitten" in consequence.

— The Montgomery Guard, of Boston, has challenged the New York Webster Guard for a second drill, for the champion flag, to take place *outside* of New York.

— In the simultaneous rifle match between the volunteers of Great Britain, Australia and Canada, the principal prize has been taken by Private Lynch, a member of a Sydney corps. He obtained 155 points, while Sergeant Martin, of the Manchester rifles, obtained 153, and Captain Fenton, also of Manchester, scored 151.

— Shad in large numbers were picked up dead recently on the Connecticut shoals at Cromwell, Ct., killed by hot weather.

— A pic-nic of fat men, weighing not less than 250lbs. each, is to take place this month at Utica, N. Y. What a congregation of heavy-weights!

— A large skating rink is to be built at Buffalo, on the "circus lot."

— A young man named Zephariah Hendric died suddenly in South Bend, Ind., a few days since, from the effects of a long continued bath after violent exercise.

— Probably in order to afford a little sportive recreation to their patrons, captains of steamers plying between New York and Staten Island and Long Branch now indulge in festive races.

— Jem Ward is said to have realised about fifteen hundred dollars from his recent exhibition in this city. This will be a good beginning towards setting the old gentleman up in the New World.

— The Duke of Edinburgh and Prince Teck will be elected members of the English Jockey Club by acclamation, it is stated.

— The individual who was set on fire by a base ball match was put out at first base.

— A large sturgeon, weighing 80lbs., and 5½ feet in length, got ashore recently at Dundee Lake, N. J., and couldn't get afloat again.

— A black and tan dog in New Albany, Ind., weighs only 15 ounces, and sleeps in his owner's hat.

— Dr. Scraggs, of Champion, Ill., is credited with having caught a white black-bird from a flock of sable mates.

— A man named Lemmons was out turkey hunting in Howel, County, Mo., recently, and hid himself in the bushes to call the birds up, when a fellow gunner, mistaking the call for that of a genuine turkey, fired upon and shot him, the wound proving fatal.

— Ira Wells, of North Tretford, Vt., who went hunting in Ascutney Mountain, Tuesday, was discovered on Friday with his arm caught in the cleft of a tree, and the whole lower part of his body devoured. A number of huge bear tracks about the spot explained his horrible fate.

— The "Humpty Dumpty Club," of Philadelphia, and the "Senators' Club" of the same place have gone on a ten days' fishing cruise down the Delaware to Cape May, Henlopen, &c.

— The Chicagoians encourage races between milk wagons and call them aquatic sports. They had better cheese it, for we cannot see the cream of the joke.

— Domestication of the Buffalo is being tried by the Montana farmers. We advise them not to try too many horns at one time.

— A solid silver horse-shoe has been sent to a firm in New York, we understand, by the inventor of a new style of shoeing in Colorado.

— The New York Schutzen Corps will hold their annual festival at Jones' Wood on Sept. 15th, 16th, 17th and 18th.

— A wail is being indulged in by the Pennsylvania press because of the wanton destruction of trout. The supply is steadily declining in the mountain streams, they say, and sportsmen scarcely think now of entering the Alleghanies for trout, but go rather to Northern New York. A proper game law is urgently called for.

— Two hundred canines have been captured in Gotham the past week and consigned to durance vile, or sasingers as the case may be.

— A lively fight has been going on in Fentress County, Tenn. between the families of Hatfield and Beatty on one side and Piles on the other. Five or six have been killed already.

OUR PORTRAIT GALLERY.

BENJAMIN WEBSTER

This popular London manager was born at Bath, Eng., Sept. 3d, 1800; was educated for the navy, and a commission procured for him by the Duchess of York. The sudden close of hostilities, however, in 1815, changed his inclinings, and he chose in lieu of a sailor's life that of a musician. In this sphere he seems to have attained to some proficiency, but the growing taste for histrionics, which now possessed him, was evidently inimical to his attaining to fame as a musician. These predilections for the actor's life, entertained in despite of his family's wishes, led him at length to try his fortune on the boards, and, in so doing, so to offend his family that he could no longer look to them for the slightest assistance—a circumstance which entailed upon the struggling actor much privation. His indomitable will and untiring industry, however, bore him up through all his troubles. When business was so bad that he could not afford more than two pence a day for food, he contented himself with a pennyworth of bread and a pennyworth of milk, with an extra hard day's work to give the meal a relish. These particulars of his early career we gather from a speech, containing, in addition, many similar ones, made by himself recently, upon the occasion of a complimentary dinner being given him by a number of his brethren connected with literature and the drama. He would, during his troubles, play one instrument in the orchestra, now another; sometimes he undertook walking gentlemen's parts; sometimes utility, and achieved no inconsiderable success as harlequin, and as a horn-pipe dancer. He soon obtained a good engagement at Warwick, when he threw music aside and devoted himself to the drama. From Warwick he went to London, and played in succession at several of the theatres, in parts, however, comparatively small. In 1835, while at Drury Lane, he played Pompey in "Measure for Measure," which was his stepping stone to fame, and from that day his struggles as an actor may be said to have ended. In 1829, he appeared at the Haymarket, under the management of Mr. Morris, in the farce of "Lodgings To Let." In 1837, he had made such progress that he bid for the lesseeship and management of the Haymarket Theatre, and Mr. Morris retiring from the management, Mr. Webster became lessee. For sixteen years he held this responsible position. At the end of his sixteen years' lesseeship—the theatre passing into Mr Buckstone's hands—he took the Adelphi Theatre, and, five years after (in 1858), demolished the old house and erected upon its site the New Adelphi Theatre. At present he is manager of the Haymarket. As an actor Mr. Webster is distinguished by his great versatility; being equally at home in he delineation of the idiosyncrasies of each of the several classes of humanity that the low comedian, the light comedian, anc the tragic actor, respectively, hold the mirror up to. He is the author of several popular dramas and lighter pieces.

LACROSSE.—The first twelves of the Caledonia and Dominion Clubs, of Montreal, C. E., met on the grounds of the latter on August 1st, when one of the most scientific games witnessed in the Dominion during the present season took place. The flags were pitched a little after four and after some brilliant play on both sides the first game was scored by the Dominion in 20 minutes, call of cverything but half home. No time was cut to waste; both parties seemed eager for the play and a desperate struggle of an hour and ten minutes was terminated in favor of the Caledonias. The decisive ball in the game was put through by Miller. Each of the third and fourth games was as well played and as severely contested as the preceding ones had been; both, however, were won by the Caledonians in 35 and 33 minutes respectively.

ON TIME.—The Merchants Union Express Company hold their first summer night's festival at Union Park on the evening of the 12th inst., for which occasion an order of dancing which we "will call" both neat and ingenious has been expressly printed. The "D Hs" will be limited, but all can be "billed thro'" for a dollar a head and no fears need be entertained of finding anything in a "M. U. X." We tender our acknowledgements for an invitation to be "on hand."

TWO HANDED BALL MATCH.—Bernard McQuade and Philip Casey have signed articles, by the stipulations of which they bind themselves to play the best four out of seven games of hand ball for the sum of $250 a side, half forfeit, at the New York Racket Club Court, 53 and 55 West Thirteenth street, on Wednesday, Sept. 23d, the match to commence between the hours of 12 M. and 2 P. M. Fifty dollars a side on behalf of the match are now deposited in the CLIPPER office, where the second, of $75 a side, has to be forthcoming on Monday 17th inst. and the third, of $125 a side, on Sept. 22d.

THE TURF.

AMERICAN TURF.

The Saratoga Race Meeting.

FIRST DAY'S RACING—BANSHEE WINS THE TRAVERS STAKE AND STONEWALL JACKSON THE TWO MILE HEAT RACE.

(FROM OUR SPECIAL REPORTER.)

FIRST DAY.

The annual meeting of the Saratoga Race Association commenced on Wednesday, the 5th inst., under auspices of the most brilliant and promising character. The purses and stakes to be run for were unusually rich and liberal; the visitors to this fashionable and favorite watering place were more numerous than in any preceding year, and the number of race horses arrived from all parts of the United States was without precedent. There were stables from Ohio, Kentucky, Missouri, Tennessee, Alabama, Virginia, New Jersey, Maryland and New York, as well as from Canada, in training on the track for their various engagements at this meeting. Everything seemed to foreshadow a brilliant and successful meeting. The attendance was very large, the grand stand being crowded to its utmost capacity by the visitors to the Springs. The ladies' compartment of the extensive stand presented a magnificent spectacle, being filled with a perfect galaxy of youth, loveliness and fashion, whose gay and exquisitely tasteful summer toilettes combined to render the scene especially brilliant and beautiful. The weather was delightful, for a heavy shower of rain during the night had pleasantly cooled the atmosphere, and effectually laid the dust, rendering the drive to the course highly agreeable, while it had confessedly improved the going on the course. During the progress of the racing on this day, the sun was obscured by clouds, which veiled its burning rays and prevented them from pouring down on the heads of the vast assemblage. The racing commenced at 11.30 A. M. and was finished shortly after one o'clock, P. M., thus affording visitors ample leisure to return and dress for dinner. The pool selling was conducted, as in previous years, by the well known turf auctioneer, Dr. Underwood, and were of an unusually heavy character; the western turfmen backing the horses from their section with great spirit, while the eastern racing men were equally plucky in supporting the stables trained in the east and north.

THE TRAVERS STAKES

was the first race on the programme and was for three year olds exclusively, $50 entrance, play or pay, with $1,000 added by the Association; one mile and three quarters. Out of the thirty-four horses entered the following eight came to the post—Fanny Ludlow and Boaster, owned by Mr. F. Morris; Albuera and Sarah B., owned by Mr. McDaniels; Bonnie Brae, owned by Mr. J. Eckerson; Banshee, owned by Mr. O'Fallon and trained by J. H. Davis; St. Paul, belonging to the Jerome Park stable; and Lost Cause, owned by Major Bacon. In one pool sold just before the start Banshee was the favorite, Morris' pair ranking next in estimation. Banshee sold for $405; Morris' entry for $220; Bonnie Brae for $225; McDaniels', $130; and Lost Cause and St. Paul, coupled, $45. The favorite had been "off" since her arrival, owing to a tedious and protracted journey by rail, and this somewhat damped the confidence of her party, although they believed her still able to beat the lot opposed to her in this race. Bonnie Brae had recently been suffering from the malady that mares are subject to at this season, and she looked tucked up and unable to move in her customary free style. Both of Mr. Morris' pair looked fit and fine, as also did Col. McDaniels' Albuera, as the filly by Jeff. Davis, out of Ninette, is named. Lost Cause was first off when the flag dropped, with St. Paul and Banshee in close attendance. As they entered the regular course near the half-mile pole (the start having been from the new three-quarter pole near the stand) Bonnie Braes was seen bearing Mr. Eckerson's colors in front, with Boaster, in Mr. Morris scarlet, second, St. Paul third, Ninette fifty fourth, and Lost Cause last. As they passed the stand the first time Boaster was a neck in front of Bonnie Braes, Albuera third and Banshee fourth. At the quarter pole Banshee joined her horses and soon was alongside of Boaster, who was leading, and to the pair the race was evidently confined, for they ran head and head past the half-mile pole and along the third quarter to the turn into the homestretch. Coming up the straight, whip and spur were freely applied by the riders of both Boaster and Banshee, but the superior staying blood of the Lexingtons over that of imported Eclipse was clearly proved, for Boaster began to give way and Banshee won rather cleverly at the finish by half a length; Albuera being third; St. Paul fourth; Fanny Ludlow fifth; Sarah B. sixth; and Bonnie Braes last of all. Time 3:10¾.

Summary:—

SARATOGA, AUG. 5.—The Travers Stakes, $50 entrance, p. p., $1,000 added, for three year olds, one and three-quarter miles.

Joint M. Clay entered b f Banshee, by Lexington, dam Balloon, by imp. Yorkshire	1
F. Morris entered ch c Boaster, by imp. Eclipse, dam Vanity, by Revenue	2
Mr. McDaniels entered b f Sarah B., by Planet, dam Adelgasia, by Glencoe	3
F. Morris entered b f Fanny Ludlow, by imp. Eclipse, dam Mollie Jackson, by Vandal	4
Mr. McDaniels entered b f, by Jeff Davis, dam Nanette, by Revenue	5
Colonel P. C. Bush entered ch c, St. Paul, by imp. Lapidist, dam Rhoda, by imp. Glencoe	6
Colonel Bacon entered b f Lost Cause, by Revenue, dam Sea Breeze, by imp. Albion	7
J. S. Watson entered b f Bonnie Braes, by imp. Bairownie, dam Pasta, by Revenue	8

Time, 3:10¾.

THE TWO MILE HEAT RACE

was the next, and had three horses entered for it, viz.: Stonewall Jackson, Plantagenet, and General Yorke. The success of Banshee gave increased confidence to the followers of the Western Stable, and they pluckily backed her stable companion Plantagenet against Stonewall Jackson; first one and then the other having the call in the pools. The chances of General Yorke were almost entirely ignored by the betting men. In two pools sold just before the start, Stonewall in one brought $500 to Plantagenet's $475, and Yorke's $50; in the other, Stonewall brought $675, Plantagenet $725, and Yorke $50.

FIRST HEAT.—General Yorke made the running with Plantagenet at his quarters and the grey in waiting a couple of lengths behind the latter, and in this order they ran the first mile in 1:51¼. At the quarter pole on the second mile, Plantagenet and Yorke were head and head, and they ran thus to past the half mile pole, Stonewall fully three lengths behind them. But the grey now commenced to rapidly close up the gap, and passing Yorke, who had fallen back, he took sides with Plantagenet, and they turned into the stretch locked lapped together. At the distance Stonewall had Plantagenet safe, and quitting him, won the heat easily by two lengths; Plantagenet six lengths before Yorke. Time, 3:39¾.

SECOND HEAT.—The betting was now $100 to $20 on Stonewall, who waited, as in the previous heat, for a mile and three quarters, allowing the other two to race together, when he went up full of running, and cutting them both down, won easily by two lengths in 3:41¾, the first mile having been run in 1:45¾. A splendid struggle for second place, between Plantagenet and Yorke, resulted in a dead heat between them. Summary:—

SECOND RACE.—Purse $750, two mile heats, for all ages.

T. G. Moore's g h Stonewall Jackson, 5 yrs, by Lightning, dam Edith, by Sovereign	1	1
J. H. Davis' ch h Plantagenet, 4 yrs, by Planet, dam Rosa Bonheur, by Glencoe	2	0
Aibino, by Jeff Davis	3	0

Time.	1st Mile.	2d Mile.
First Heat	1:51¼	3:39¾
Second Heat	1:48¾	3:41¾

SECOND DAY.

HARRY BOOTH WINS THE HURDLE RACE, LANCASTER THE CUP, AND LIZZIE ROGERS THE DASH RACE.

The second day opened gloomy and threatening, the dull, heavy clouds portending rain and causing considerable fears to be entertained that a postponement would be inevitable. The Executive Committee of the Association held a meeting to consult on the propriety of such adjournment to the following day, when it was determined if no rain fell before half past ten o'clock, A. M. to proce

BASE BALL.

TOUR OF THE CHAMPIONS.

SPECIAL CORRESPONDENCE OF THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

In last week's CLIPPER we gave reports of the games played by the Union Club, of Morrisania, up to Saturday, Aug. 1st. We now continue our special report of the operations.

THE CHAMPIONS IN DETROIT.

On Saturday evening, Aug. 1st, at nine o'clock, the Unions were aboard the handsome lake-steamer Northwest, bound for Detroit. Everything seemed to be in a favorable condition for the voyage; the lake was not boisterous, while the moon shone brightly, gilding the rippling waves as they danced up and down in the course of the vessel. At six in the morning all were awake, and walking out to the bow of the boat we discovered that we were in the waters of the Detroit river, having on one side of us the land of "Her Majesty," while on the other side Uncle Sam reached out his claws, claiming that for his share. However that may be, Maister Ford was brought "bout" and forced to salute the royal dominions. At a little before eight o'clock the party reached Detroit, and were escorted to the Biddle House, and thence to breakfast. During the day the time was passed away as best it could be, some going to church, others receiving the visits of their Detroit friends.

The first impressions of Detroit are not very favorable. Being an old city, it yet is characterized in the business part by irregularly paved, narrow streets, not very well shaded, nor very neat. As you pass into the more recently made part of the town you will find better residences and more tastefully laid out places.

Monday morning, Aug. 3d, came, and with it came the reports that the Unions were going to find their match in the Detroit Club. Of course from this the boys determined to show the citizens of Detroit how miscalculated their impressions were. At noon, clouds began to rise in the horizon and none knew whether the game would come off or no. Nevertheless at half past two the omnibus transported "the boys" to the grounds, situated about a mile and a half from the hotel. These grounds were the most extensive that the club has yet met with on its tour, being the grounds on which the tournament was played this season. The seats are the handsomest that it has been our privilege to see; all those in the main stand are provided with backs, while the whole is covered with an extensive roof or top. The reserved seats are situated back of and to the left of the catcher's position, and are placed on the roof of the club house, while the reporter's stand is "lofty," being a broad platform built about half way up a large tree situated behind the catcher. Considerable delay was experienced in selecting an umpire, owing to the fact that there is but one club of note in Detroit. Finally, however, one was procured, and the game commenced with the Unions at the bat. The pitching of Lane was of the wildest character, resembling Peters' style, of the Mutuals. Goldie, Austin, Martin, Pabor and Wright secured their runs, and Birdsall and Shelley retired at first, Smith being caught out on the fly by Brown. The Detroit Club went to the bat and scored two for their share. The Unions maintained throughout the game the lead acquired in the first inning, the total standing at the close 33 to 11. The Detroit Club had out their strongest nine and were prepared to do great things. We notice in this nine Burroughs, of the Eureka, Brown and Bergen, of the old Powhatan, and Clark, of the Typos, of Brooklyn. (This last we are not sure of). Some idea of the playing strength of the nine may be judged from the fact that in their game with the Athletics the score at the end of the sixth innings stood 13 to 12 in favor of the Detroit Club. A local paper says of the Unions—"Their strength is in the field. Their throwing to bases is almost perfection, and they work together in complete harmony." We wish here to condemn such babyish actions as were exhibited by Burroughs, who persisted in almost every play made by the Detroits in calling "How's that?" while he sought to supersede the pitcher's privilege, and was constantly asking judgment on balls pitched by Lane. We give the score below:—

DETROIT.	H.	L.	R.	UNION.	H.	L.	R.
Brown, 2d b	3	2	0	4	Goldie, 1st b	2	3	5	0
Clark, 1st b	3	2	1	1	Austin, c f	3	3	2	0
Lane, p	3	0	0	0	Martin, 2d b	4	5	1	2
Burroughs, s s	3	2	1	2	Pabor, p	4	4	0	0
Collins, 3d b	3	1	1	1	Wright, s s	3	4	0	0
Dawson, c	3	2	1	1	Birdsall, c	4	3	0	3
Bergen, c f	3	2	1	1	Shelley, 3d b	3	4	0	2
Lathrop, r f	3	1	2	0	Smith, l f	3	3	0	1
Hinchman, l f	4	0	0	1	Bellan, r f	4	3	0	1
Totals	27	11	6	15	Totals	27	33	8	8

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Detroit	3	0	1	3	1	3	0	0	1—11
Union	5	3	4	3	7	2	8	2	6—33

Out on bases—Detroit—Brown, 1; Clark, 2; total, 10. Union—Goldie, 6; Martin, 2; Shelley, 1; total, 9. Number of bases—Union, 39; Detroit, 17. Foul bound catches—Dawson, 4; Birdsall, 6. Catches on strikes—Birdsall, 4. Outs on foul balls—Detroit, 9 times; Union, 7 times. Umpire—Mr. Ely, of the Eureka club, of Newark, N. J. Scorers—Messrs. D. R. Pierce and R. M. Lush. Time of game—Two hours and twenty minutes.

THE UNIONS IN JACKSON.

After resting Monday night in Detroit, the Unions left at 7 o'clock Tuesday morning, Aug. 4th, for Jackson, at which place they arrived at 11. Nothing of interest occurred from the time of their arrival until the game took place. At 2.30 the Unions were driven to the field of the Centrals. These grounds are very good, with the exception of the fences, and that is, there were no seats of any kind whatever for spectators. This is a fault which the Centrals should look out for, as people do not wish to stand for over three hours on a ball field to witness a match. At 3.20 the game commenced, with the Centrals at the bat, their first attempt giving them nothing, while the Unions scored five in the first innings, quickly adding twenty-two in the second. In the third innings the Centrals scored their first and last run, while the champions kept steadily at their work until the game was closed. A change of pitchers in the fifth and sixth innings kept the score down a little, but did not affect the prospects of the result. To give a detailed description of this game would afford no satisfaction to any one—therefore we simply generalize the game. The first baseman of the Centrals was the judge of the town, a large, tall specimen of a good-natured western law dealer; the catcher was very lively and active, while the centre fielder was all fun and frolic. The Union side all did well at the bat with the exception of Smith, who was bothered with a sore hand. Wright led the score, although his batting was not as effective as Austin's, who took the lead in this branch. The umpiring of Mr. Gunnison was prompt, impartial and satisfactory. Below is the score of the Central City game:—

CENTRAL CITY.	H.	L.	R.	F.	UNION.	H.	L.	R.	F.
Delaney, c	0	1	1	2	Goldie, 1st b	2	2	9	0
McGee, 1st b	0	0	0	1	Austin, c f	4	4	1	0
Ismon, 2d b	0	0	0	4	Martin, 2d b	3	3	8	0
Wood, l f	0	0	0	0	Pabor, p	4	4	7	0
Whiteman, s s	0	0	0	1	Wright, s s	3	3	7	0
McCord, s s	0	0	0	0	Birdsall, c	2	2	7	2
Beebe, r f	0	0	0	1	Shelley, 3d b	2	2	6	2
Powell, 3d b	0	0	0	0	Smith, l f	3	3	5	0
Ball, p	0	0	0	0	Bellan, r f	3	3	5	0
Totals	0	1	1	9	Totals	23	26	50	4

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Central City	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1—1
Union	5	22	5	10	1	3	12	5	4—65

Home runs—Austin, 1; Wright, 1. Base play—Put out by McGee, 5; Ismon, 2; Ball, 2; Goldie, 6; Birdsall, 4. Foul bound catches—Shelley, 1. Catches on strikes—Birdsall, 3. Outs on foul balls—Central City, 9 times; Union, 8 times. Umpire—Mr. Gunnison, of the Niagara Club, of Buffalo. Scorers—Messrs. J. B. Gardner and R. M. Lush. Time of game—Three hours and thirty minutes.

THE UNIONS IN CHICAGO.

On Tuesday evening, Aug. 4th, the champions concluded to take a sleeping car from Jackson to Chicago, supposing that a game could be got up with one of the Chicago clubs, as no match had been arranged for Thursday. Consequently the whole party sought the railroad depot and engaged passage to Chicago, but when the train arrived there was but one sleeping car attached, and that was fully occupied. Besides there was hardly standing room for the people and no more cars to be had. A dreary ride from nine o'clock in the evening until half past six the next morning, on the common seats of a slow way train, was no inviting prospect, but it was endured, and the party arrived safe in Chicago but awfully "played out." The Revere House was sought, breakfast eaten and most of the boys retired to seek that rest which they had lost on the cars. There was no game on Wednesday and all were heartily glad of it. In the evening some of the players went by invitation of Mr. Fred. Erby, of the Excelsior Club, to the Crosby Opera House, to see "Undine," etc.

On Thursday afternoon the Unions were drawn to the grounds of the Atlantics, where they were to play. The Atlantics presented a strong team against the "Champions," having lately received an accession from the Excelsior club of two leading players, short stop and centre field. The game commenced with the Atlantics at the bat. By good batting they secured three runs, aided by the bad display of the Unions in the field. The Unions scored three runs in their first innings. The playing of the Union nine in the first part of the game was anything but what was expected of a champion nine. In the fourth innings the Unions ran up a score of twelve runs, the total score at the close of the fifth innings standing 23 to 9 for the Unions. From this point the Unions gradually drew away from their opponents by superior batting, long, beautiful and steady, marking their play. The play of the Atlantics was up to their usual standard. The umpiring was far too lenient for the pitcher, hence the game was too tedious to be enjoyed. Smith took the lead at the bat, closely followed by Goldie and Wright, Wright leading the score. The following is the score:—

ATLANTIC.	H.	L.	R.	F.	UNION.	H.	L.	R.	F.
Burton, 3d b	3	1	1	2	Goldie, 1st b	4	3	7	0
Holmes, p	0	3	2	0	Austin, c f	4	3	1	1
Shannon, 1st b	5	0	0	0	Martin, 2d b	3	5	0	0
C. Scates, l f	2	2	1	1	Pabor, p	3	5	0	0
O'Neil, s s	4	2	0	5	Wright, s s	1	7	0	2
Kinzie, 2d b	5	0	0	0	Birdsall, c	3	4	1	2
Kennedy, c f	4	1	0	0	Shelley, 3d b	4	4	0	0
McNally, s s	2	2	0	0	Smith, l f	4	4	2	0
E. Scates, r f	4	2	0	0	Bellan, r f	4	2	1	0
Totals	27	12	4	12	Totals	27	41	4	8

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Atlantic	3	0	0	3	2	2	0	0	1—12
Union	3	6	2	12	0	4	2	4	8—41

Home runs—Birdsall, 1; Smith, 1. Base play—Put out by Goldie, 10; Martin, 1. Burton, 1; Shannon, 12. Bases on hits—Union, 67; Atlantic, 16. Foul bound catches—O'Neil, 2; Birdsall, 4. Catches on strikes—Birdsall, 3. Outs on foul balls—Atlantic, 6; Union, 7. Umpire—Mr. Mackey, of the Garden City Club, of Chicago. Scorers—Messrs. Kinzie and Lush. Time of game—Three hours and twenty-five minutes.

GAME IN MILWAUKEE.

The Union left Chicago on Thursday evening, and reached Milwaukee at 6 o'clock, A. M., on Friday morning, 7th, where they were escorted to the leading hotel of the city. After breakfast they were shown around the town in carriages. They played a match with the Cream City Club with the following results:—

UNION.	H.	L.	R.	CREAM CITY.	H.	L.	R.
Goldie, 1st b			4	4	Wood	5	1
Austin, c f			3	5	McFadyn, s s	3	3
Martin, 2d b			5	3	Reddington, c	1	3
Clark, p			0	4	Larken, c f	4	0
Wright, s s			2	5	Dodsworth, r f	3	2
Birdsall, c			3	5	Smith, p	3	2
Shelley, 2d b			3	4	Wells	4	1
Smith, l f			4	3	Norris	4	1
Bellan, r f			3	5			
Total			43		Total		16

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Union	3	2	3	5	4	2	11	7	6—43
Cream City	2	2	0	0	2	7	3	3	2—16

Fly catches—Goldie, 1; Austin, 2; Martin, 1; Wright, 1; Birdsall, 3; Smith, 1—9. McFadyn, 2; Reddington, 2; Larken, 2; Smith, 1; Wells, 2—9. Outs on foul balls—Union, 8; Cream City, 8. Umpire—J. A. Tabor, of Endeavor Club, New York. Time of game—Two hours and forty-five minutes.

IN MADISON, WIS.

Leaving Milwaukee at 9 o'clock Friday evening, the Unions reached Madison at two o'clock Saturday morning, and were received by a committee waiting for them. On the afternoon of that day they met the Capital City Club, defeating them as per score below:—

UNION.	H.	L.	R.	CAPITAL CITY.	H.	L.	R.
Goldie, 1st b			3	11	Lewis, 2d b	3	1
Austin, c f			4	9	Fisher, p	1	0
Martin, 2d b			3	7	Thorp, c f	4	0
Pabor, p			4	8	Sharpe, c f	4	1
Wright, s s			3	8	J. Nichols, c	3	2
Birdsall, c			3	8	Bean, r f	3	1
Shelly, 3d b			3	9	Hopkins, 1st b	4	1
Smith, l f			4	8	James Nichols, l f	4	0
Bellan, r f			0	12	Chynoweth, s s	3	2
					Bunker, 3d b	3	2
Total			77		Total		13

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Union	10	4	8	24	4	2	8	12	5—77
Capital City	0	0	1	3	1	3	1	0	0—13

Home runs—Goldie, 2; Wright, 2; Birdsall, 1; Smith, 1; Bellan, 1; Shelly, 1. Fly catches—Goldie, 1; Austin, 1; Pabor, 1; Wright, 2; Smith, 1; Bellan, 4; total, Union, 10. Lewis, 1; Fisher, 3; Thorp, 3; Bean, 3; Hopkins, 1; Nichols, 1; total, Capital City, 11. Umpire—J. A. Tabor, of Endeavor Club. Time of game—Three hours and five minutes.

MORNING GLORIES.—Friday morning last, in Cincinnati, the Morning Glories and Four O'Clocks played the second game of their series, this time the former winning by a score of 25 to 19.

CLIPPER VS. OCCIDENTAL.—The former, of Monmouth, Ill., and the latter, of Quincy, met for the third time at Macomb on the 28th ult., much interest being evinced in the game from the fact that each had won one of the two previously played. In this, the deciding contest, the Clipper boys came off with streaming banners, scoring 22 to 21.

BASE BALL IN ST. LOUIS.

ATLANTIC VS. DIRIGO.

Three or four hundred persons assembled on the Veto grounds, St. Louis, on Saturday, August 1st, to witness a match between the Atlantic and Dirigo Base Ball Clubs of that city. The weather was delightful, cloudy, with just enough of dampness in the air to make ball playing what it ought to be, amusement and not hard work. The playing of both clubs was good, but the Atlantic, with the advantages of club practice and match playing the present season, their coolness as base players and nerve as runners, together with their style of handling the bat, were more than a match for their less seasoned antagonists. The Dirigo needs more practice. The Atlantic club was organized on the 9th of April, 1866. Their record for the past two years will compare favorably with that of any other club in the city. Of the nine matches played in 1867 they scored eight victories, being beaten once by the Baltic. They opened the season of 1868 by taking their revenge on the Baltic, beating them on the 21st of June by the large score of 34 to 11. Their next match was with the Etna, July 12th, which they won by 53 to 35. They played the Hope on the 19th of July, defeating them by 58 to 24. Then came their victory over the Active club on the 26th of July in a score of over three to one—57 to 17. Their game with the Dirigo on the 1st closed the record up to this time with five matches won the present season, and no defeat to sully their fame as ball players.

The Dirigo Club, we believe, was reorganized in the spring of 1868, and their first match was with the Atlantic on the 1st. Taken in connection with this fact their performance on that occasion was highly creditable. Five members of the first nine of the Dirigo were connected last year with the Olympic, which club was dissolved at the commencement of the present year, two of their players (Harry Carr and J. Birning) joining the Union, where they were assigned prominent positions, while Crunden, N. Hazzard, Harvey Delano, W. Hazzard and one other went into the Dirigo. The batting of the members of the Olympic on the 1st was not up to their usual mark, and their fielding showed room for improvement, and in this connection we must pay a deserved compliment to the fielding of W. Hazzard. Fly balls stick to his hands, and he has a handy way of stopping grounders and throwing in balls that stamps him as a promising young player. Below is the score:—

ATLANTIC.	H.	L.	R.	DIRIGO.	H.	L.	R.
O'Keef, 2d b	4	4	1	Moffit, 2d b	1	3	1
McCarty, c f	3	5	1	Russell, r f	3	5	4
Herring, p	1	6	1	Smith, s s	1	4	1
Jul. Peterson, 1st b	4	2	1	W. Hazzard, l f	3	5	3
Bixby, l f	3	6	2	Greene, c	4	3	0
W. Peterson, r f	3	5	1	Cruden, p	4	2	2
Seaman, 3d b	1	6	0	N. Hazzard, 3d b	3	2	2
Berry, c	2	6	0	Delane, e f	3	5	1
Chenot, s s	3	5	2	Murphy, 1st b	3	3	1
Total	28	48	9	Total	27	35	15

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Atlantic	1	2	1	0	1	0	1	1	2—9
Dirigo	3	0	1	0	7	3	1	0	0—15

Left on bases—Atlantic—Herring, 1; Jul. Peterson, 2; Seaman, 1; Chenot, 3. Dirigo—Smith, 2; Greene, 1; N. Hazzard, 1. Clean home runs—Atlantic—Herring, 1. Dirigo—Moffit, 1. Umpire—J. H. Smith, Jr., of the Union Club. Scorers—C. Miller, Jr., and C. O. Bishop.

KEYSTONE, JR. vs. RIVAL.

These N. Y. clubs played a game on Friday, August 7th, in which, after a contest of nine innings, the Rivals were out-ravaled, as the following score indicates:—

KEYSTONE.	H.	L.	R.	RIVALS.	H.	L.	R.
Higham, c	0	13		Laws, 1st b	5	0	
Marks, 1st b	2	10		Conklin, 3d b	3	2	
Clayton, p	3	8		Connolly, c	2	3	
Rourke, 2d b	1	10		Hendricks, 2d b	2	3	
"Smith," 3d b	4	6		McGuire, r f	1	3	
Reese, l f	2	8		Hayzler, p	5	0	
Burton, s s	5	5		Jeebury, c f	1	2	
Huches, c f	3	8		Coen, l f	2	2	
McCarty, r f	2	9		Caro, s s	2	1	
Total	72			Total	74		

Home runs—Keystones—Higham, 7; Marks, 2; Rourke, 1; "Smith," 3; Reese, 2; Burton, 2; McCarter, 1. Total, 18. Rivals—Hendricks, 1. Fly catches—Keystones—Higham, 2; Marks, 3; Clayton, 3; Rourke, 2; "Smith," 2; McCarter, 1—13. Rivals—Conklin, 1; Hendricks, 1; Jeebury, 1. Total, 3. Umpire—Mr. Herlick, Pacific Club. Scorer—Mr. F. Powers.

The Keystones are anxious to hear from the Resolutes.

TOUR OF THE CINCINNATIS.

CINCINNATI vs. HICKORY—IN ZANESVILLE.

On Wednesday, Aug. 5th, the Cincinnati boys arrived in Zanesville, where the Hickories, of McConnelsville, O., also came. The latter club is the champion of Central Ohio, and play a strong game, particularly in batting. Last year they beat the Buckeyes, of Cincinnati, for a silver prize ball, at the Cincinnati tournament. Allison did not play in this match, Grant going on as fielder, and Hatfield facing the pitching. It was the usual one-sided story, though the strong batting of the Hickories enabled them to run up a fair score. Brainard did the pitching:—

CINCINNATI.	H.	L.	R.	B.	F.	HICKORY.	H.	L.	R.	B.	F.
How, s s	3		8	6	2	Patterson, r f	4	1	2	0	
Wright, 2d b	4		5	4	2	Williams, c	6	0	0	0	
Jul. Peterson, 1st b	3		6	1	0	Dwen, p	3	1	1	0	
Gould, 1st b	3		8	6	0	Murray, s s	2	3	2	3	
Hatfield, c	2		8	7	0	McConnell, 1st	2	2	2	3	
Grant, r f	2		6	6	0	Adair, 2d b	3	2	2	5	
Brainard, p	5		4	6	2	Pyle, 3d b	3	2	3	2	
Waterman, 3d b	2		7	8	0	Emerson, l f	3	3	1	2	
King, c f	2		7	6	0	Brown, c f	3	1	2	0	
Totals	27		59	52	4	Totals	27	15	15	5	

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Cincinnati	3	10	19	6	11	5	2	0	3—59
Hickory	0	3	2	2	1	3	1	2	1—15

Home run—Hatfield, 1. General mayhays—Hickory, 23; Cincinnati, 3. Umpire—Isaac C. Sullivan, of Dexter Club, of Zanesville, O. Time of game—Three hours and fifteen minutes.

GREAT WESTERN vs. SPRINGFIELD.

On Thursday, August 6th, the Mutuals, of Springfield, played the Great Westerns, of Cincinnati, and to the surprise of everybody, were badly beaten. The Cincinnati club played its strongest nine of the season, having secured Oke Taylor, late of the Copees, for catcher. He is a number one in that position. Holabird is a new and good player. The Mutuals played one or two substitutes:—

GT. WESTERN.	H.	L.	R.	F.	MUTUAL.	H.	L.	R.	F.
Beggs, 2d b	1	7	2	1	Benns, 1st b	1	2	2	1
Baker, 3d b	3	6	4	0	Bishop, p	3	2	2	1
Taylor, c	1	8	7	0	Hamilton, c f	3	1	0	0
Mahl, s s	2	6	3	5	Nelson, s s	2	3	1	3
Black, p	3	6	4	1	L. Phillips, 2d b	1	1	1	1
Mussey, r f	4	6	2	2	Sprecher, c	4	0	0	2
Riemeyer, 1st b	4	5	3	3	J. Phillips, 3d b	2	2	2	2
Sherry, l f	3	5	2	0	Hayward, r f	4	0	0	0
Holabird, c f	2	6	2	1	Widdicombe, l f	1	2	0	4
Totals	24	55	29	12	Totals	24	13	7	13

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Great Western	5	4	33	2	0	1	4	2	8—55
Mutual	0	0	0	0	4	0	1	2	6—13

Passed balls—Taylor, 1; Sprecher, 4. Time of game—Two hours and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Chas. Sweezy, Buckeye Club.

PRIZE GAME.

LIVE OAK vs. ACTIVE, OF IND.

On Saturday, the 8th, the Live Oaks, of Cincinnati, and Actives, of Indianapolis, Ind., contended for a picture entitled "Young America," painted by Cridland, and valued (perhaps) at $500. The game was played on the Union Grounds, Cincinnati, and was witnessed by a large number of spectators. The general play, and particularly the batting, of the Actives, was much the better, though at times the Live Oaks brushed up and showed good game. The outfielding of the Live Oaks was very fine, not a fly being muffed. Jones, in particular, made several beautiful running catches. Beckler took one red hot from the bat and passed it to first, making a double play. The general infielding of the Live Oaks was hardly up to the mark. Deane and McVey alternated as pitcher and catcher. We give the score of the first eight innings, as the mail closed before the end of the game. The result, however, could not be changed:—

LIVE OAK.	H.	L.	R.	F.	ACTIVE.	H.	L.	R.	F.
Skiff, c	3	2	1	0	McVey, p	2	4	2	0
Bertie, s s	2	3	1	1	Blain, r f	2	3	0	0
Beckler, p	4	1	1	1	Deane, c	4	4	0	1
Owens, 2d b	4	1	0	0	Webster, 3d b	4	5	0	1
Wunder, r f	3	1	2	1	McDonald, c f	3	4	0	0
Lowe, 1st b	3	2	0	2	C. Yohn, s s	1	5	1	1
Jones, c f	3	2	0	4	Norwood, 2d b	1	5	1	0
Chapman, 3d b	1	4	0	1	A. Yohn, l f	2	4	1	0
Mack, l f	2	3	1	1	Spann, 1st b	3	3	1	0
Totals	24	19	6	11	Totals	24	38	6	2

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Live Oak	3	2	1	0	1	0	3	2	2—19
Active	6	2	3	3	13	4	0	1	9—38

Umpire—John Draper, Cincinnati Club.

TOUR OF THE OLYMPICS, OF WASHINGTON.

A match between the Olympics, of Washington, and the Geary, of Philadelphia, took place on the Athletics' grounds in the latter city on the 6th, but the Geary was unequal to the emergency and had to acknowledge defeat, as will be seen by the annexed score:—

OLYMPIC.	H.	L.	R.	GEARY.	H.	L.	R.
Force, s s	4		3	Halbeck, ss	2		1
McLain, 3d b	3		4	Abel, c	4		1
Malone, 1st b	2		3	Myerie, p	3		3
Robinson, l f	3		1	Clinton, 2d b	4		2
Beach, c	5		1	Hopkins, r f	2		2
Dick, 2d b	1		4	Donohue, c f	4		0
Cope, r f	1		4	Heubel, l f	4		1
Woods, c f	2		3	Allison, 1st b	2		3
Leech, p	6		0	Opdyke, 3d b	2		2
Total	25			Total	15		

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Olympic	6	5	2	0	2	8	0	2	0—25
Geary	1	1	6	0	3	1	0	2	1—15

Fly catches—Force, 2; Beach, 3; Leech, 1, Robinson, 1; McLain, 1; Halbeck, 2; Abel, 2; Myerio, 3; Clinton, 2; Heubel, 3; Opdyke, 1; Donohue, 1—14. Foul bound catches—Olympic, 4; Geary, 7. Umpire—Mr. Radcliff, of the Athletic. Time of game—Three hours and a quarter.

CENTRAL AND ECKFORD, OF NEW YORK.

Following is a score of the match played on Friday, August 7th, at One Hundred and Eleventh street and Fourth avenue:—

CENTRAL.	H.	L.	R.	ECKFORD.	H.	L.	R.
Truex, c	1		6	Eustice, 1st b	4		0
Matthews, 2d b	3		5	Westley, p	3		0
McDonald, s s	4		3	Connors, 3d b	3		1
Giles, r f	3		4	McEntyre, c	1		2
Stafford, p	1		1	McKeon, 2d b	4		0
Holworth, 1st b	4		3	Kenrohan, l f	2		1
Wordsworth, l f	4		3	Rielly, s s	3		0
Crawley, c f	2		5	Rodgers, r f	3		0
Bryan, 3d b	5		4	Hamber, c f	3		0
Total	32			Total	32		4

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Central	2	4	3	7	1	4	2	4	5—32
Eckford	0	1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1— 4

Umpire—C. E. Smith, Americus Club.

INDEPENDENT vs. OLYMPIC.

The Olympic Club of the Smoky City, visited Mansfield, O., on the 4th inst., and played a very interesting and exceedingly close game, terminating in the triumph of the Buckeyes by the score below:—

OLYMPIC.	H.	L.	R.	INDEPENDENT.	H.	L.	R.
McClintock, 2d b	2		2	Rowland, p	2		4
McKibben, c f	5		2	Deitz, 3d b	3		3
McKnight, c	3		3	Hade, 1st b	2		3
Pratt, p	3		0	Colbean, p	4		1
D. Loomis, l f	3		3	Clugston, l f	3		2
Ewer, 3d b	4		1	Clapp, c	3		2
Lamort, s s	3		3	Burns, 2d b	5		1
Sullivan, r f	3		2	Strona, c f	3		3
S. Loomis, 1st b	1		4	Webber, r f	3		3
Total	29			Total	31		

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Olympic	0	1	2	6	2	0	5	3	1—20
Independent	3	5	0	5	3	0	4	3	6—31

Umpire—J. D. Bell. Scorers—Chambers and Colby. Time—Three hours.

THE TOUR OF THE UNIONS, OF ST. LOUIS.—On the 15th inst., the Union Club, of St. Louis, start on a short playing tour. Their nine on the tour will be as follows:—Turner, pitcher; Birning, first base; Strong, second base; Duncan, short stop; Carr, third base; Easton, left field; Greenleaf, center field; Barclay, right field; Freeman, catcher. The following is their playing programme:—Louisville Club, at Louisville, August 17; Buckeye Club, Cincinnati, August 19; Cincennati Club, of Cincinnati, August 20; Actives, of Indianapolis, August 21; Excelsiors, of Chicago, August 24; Forrest City Club, of Rockford, August 25. Bloomington, of Bloomington, August 27; Alert, of Carrollton, August 28. Negotiations for games are being made with the Garden City, of Chicago; Cream City, of Milwaukee; Madisons, of Madison, and the Olympics, of Louisville.

RUNNING THE BASES AT BUFFALO.—The Atlantic and Excelsior Juniors, of Buffalo, N. Y., played a return game on the 4th inst., the former winning after a good contest by a tally of 23 to 19. .....The Niagara Club have issued challenges to the Excelsiors, of Rochester, Forest City of Cleveland, Central City of Syracuse and the Detroit club.....The Lightfoots got away with the Eries on the 4th inst. by a score of 56 to 13.....The Eagles had to cry a go to the Atlantics, of Tonawanda, on the 4th inst., the score at the finish standing 78 to 40.

ECKFORD vs. IRVINGTON.

The old Eckford Club, which a few years ago held the championship against all comers, is looming up again as a strong playing club. Up to the present time this has been the most successful season they have had for many a year. This has been more particularly the case since they have had Martin, the famous slow pitcher, in their nine. They have lost but two games this season, having been defeated by the Atlantics and Mutuals. On the 7th inst. they played the first game of their match with the once famous Irvington Club, of Irvington, N. J. The Jersey club has a good representative nine, which is only weak in one or two positions. A new catcher would be an addition to the playing strength of the nine, and a good third baseman a decided acquisition. As usual with nine clubs out of ten that face Martin, the Irvingtons found it difficult to hit him safely, most of the balls being popped up, and affording chances for the fielders. The score for the first three innings was one-sided enough to suit the strongest partisan of the favorite club; but in the fourth innings it became more even. Nelson, the short stop of the Eckfords, became piqued at something, and being of the "ugly" sort, allowed an easy chance to slip by that would have disposed of the

MUSIC AT MIDNIGHT.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

'Tis twelve, and my pen refuses
Any later hours to keep;
I throw myself on my weary couch,
And compose myself to sleep.
The streets are as silent as the grave,
Save the sound of the watchman's feet,
As he walks, with a slow and measured tread,
To and fro upon his beat.

O solemn hour! Another day!
How fast they come and go!
Of a sudden strange sounds come up to me
From the moonlit streets below.
Intent I listen, and am amazed
To find, at last, they are
The tuning of a violin
And the twang of a light guitar!

I spring from my couch in anger,
And look from my window out—
I see a youth in a Marseilles vest
And a linen roundabout;
And behind him a row of troubadors,
Some six or seven, stand;
And each, to my consternation,
Has something in his hand!

And the lovesick youth in the roundabout
Straddles his legs apart,
And places his hand on his abdomen,
Where he carries, no doubt, his heart.
And now they strike up a prelude,
And he comes a-bounding in,
And sounds as of weeping and wailing
And gnashing of teeth begin.

"Come where my love lies dreaming!
Tootle e tootle too!
Come where my love lies dreaming!"
Now this will never do!
"I won't," I shriek from my window;
"I won't, for it wouldn't be right
To take such a mean advantage
Of a female in the night!"

All abashed and disconcerted,
The serenaders quail;
They take a council together,
And at length another wail,
Like the squeak of a penny trumpet,
Comes out on the midnight air,
And the voice of that young but desperate youth
Breathes out the following prayer:

"My love, I pray thee, a token—
A token"—thus sings he,
"My love, I pray thee, a token,
However slight, give me!"
"O, that's what you sigh for, is it?"
And I fling them an ancient boot;
And it lights on the top of the *caput*
Of the person with the flute.

And the chair on which your humble
Contributor usually sits
Has broken the gay and light guitar
Into a thousand bits;
And with the weeping violin,
With an agonizing shout,
Has dropped his bow on the sidewalk
And climbed up a water spout!

"I send thee, my love, a token,
A token, my love," sing I,
"And the token I send thee, my darling,
Is this bottle of ink, to try!"
And the Marseilles vest so jaunty,
And lately so snowy white,
Appears to me, at this distance,
To be black as the blackest night.

The last of the midnight minstrels
Has around the corner turned;
It really looks to me as though
The meeting had adjourned.
I give them my parting blessing,
At the height of my voice I yell—
"Farewell, and oh! if forever,
Then forever fare thee well!"

J. H. B.

REMINISCENCES OF A MAN ABOUT TOWN.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER,

BY PAUL PRESTON, ESQ.

No. 17.—Palmo's Opera House.

Ferdinand Palmo, the sexagenarian, now living in almost abject penury, together with a wife who has been his trustworthy companion and adviser during years of prosperity and of affliction, a man whose name is thoroughly identified with the establishment of the Italian Opera in America, was originally a pastry cook and confectioner on Broadway near Howard street. Well, when I was a boy, do I remember the pastry marvels which, at each Christmas, Palmo was wont to display for the edification of the multitude at large. For instance, there was a colossal bridal cake, some dozen feet in diameter, which rested upon a treble sized four post bedstead, as an only available support for such a cake of such prodigious dimensions, composed of the daintiest materials, covered with icy waves, whence rose in sugar sculpture Venus, Diana, Jupiter and the entire Olympian hosts, the whole crowned with a fountain of imitation waters, moving by occult machinery. This was a novelty which perfectly astounded the burgers of our town, old, young and middle aged. But when it came to be announced that there were disposed in the bowels of this pastry marvel some half dozen wedding rings made out of "lucky old guineas," the days intervening between its final dissolution and dispersion among anxious patrons moved onward on wings of the heaviest lead. Finally, the great day of immolation arrived, and had Palmo a dozen cakes of like monstrous dimensions they would have ill-sufficed to meet the wants of a devouring multitude.

This cake was the foundation of Palmo's wealth and greatness, for his store became the resort of all fashionable dames and their favorite cavaliers, who there demolished pastries by the score and washed them down with foaming glasses of carbonated *nectar*, a delicious beverage, somewhat in appearance, when mingled with effervescent mixtures, formed a foaming summer drink one tankard of which was worth a score of glasses of the soda water which has usurped its modest stead. Palmo had an attractive neighbor on the corner of Canal street and Broadway in the shape of a menagerie, a very fine and select collection of beasts, among whom stood prominent an immense black lion of Africa, Central type, one of his size and species I ever recollect seeing in this or any other country, for while the red lion, frequently with a black mane, is by no means a rarity, a thoroughly black monster in form and size can alone convey an adequate idea of the gigantic proportions and of the savage demeanour of the monarch of the wilderness. As a matter of course thousands visited this rare show during its ephemeral existence, for next to a circus it must be admitted that our people were partial to wild beast shows, of which we had many, particularly during winter seasons, when traveling caravans made it a particular point to tarry for a while in our midst.

An attempt was once made to render a menagerie a permanent establishment, and for that purpose the Zoological Institute was erected in the Bowery, opposite the theatre, upon a scale of magnificence and general utility far exceeding that of any other establishment of its peculiar character ever before erected. The collection of beasts was large, rare and valuable, the dens were arranged with an eye to cleanliness and security, while the edifice and Auburgh daily performed his daring feat of entering the dens, not only of the lions, but of those of the Bengal tiger and other more intractable animals. For a brief period the Zoological Institute flourished, but as the novelty wore off the patronage of the public ceased, and an institution, thirty years in advance of its age, was compelled to close its doors in obedience to a sheriff's writ.

Almost upon the same spot in the Bowery there had been, years before, an exhibition of a traveling caravan, one of those strolling collections of animals, exhibited in their traveling carts. Early one morning the tiger broke from his cage and after demolishing a couple of bears and other exposed beasts, made for the head keeper. The man was paralyzed with fear, and would doubtless have lost his life had not the elephant, with singular sagacity, seized him with his trunk, placed him on his back, and beat off the enraged assailant with his ponderous tusks. The baf fled tiger made his way to the Bowery, to the astonishment and horror of the shopkeepers, who were opening their stores for business, instantaneously doors and windows were closed and barricaded, while the few pedestrians on the street dived down cellar steps and sought other places of refuge. However, the news of the animal's escape spread abroad, and as a tiger hunt is a novelty in New York, hundreds of valiant volunteers were speedily on his trail with fire arms of every description; dogs were pressed into service; bull dogs, terriers, curs and mongrels, and every butcher boy of the district deserted his daily avocations to have a crack at the tiger. At first there was some trouble in defining the position of the animal until a terrific growl, followed by a precipitate retreat of a majority of the canine auxiliaries with their tails between their legs, announced his presence in the neighborhood of the Hay Scales. Another growl and a number of the biped volunteers thought proper to retire to a long range, to the great disgust of the more determined hunters, who were for advancing and assailing the enemy with a bold front. Annoyed by the dogs, who had thrown themselves upon the beast with reckless desperation, the tiger advanced manfully into the open square, howling defiance to his canine pests. No sooner was the majestic form of the animal visible from all points than a general fusilade was opened upon him from house tops and other places of presumptive safety, which speedily terminated in an indiscriminate massacre of the tiger and a score of dogs, who with undaunted courage had fastened upon the beast with tenacity of desperation. In this wise terminated the only tiger hunt known to our citizens and in which they personally participated.

Palmo, aided by the menagerie, carried on an excellent business, and being both industrious and saving, he speedily accumulated the nucleus of a competence. But Palmo was ambitious and aspired to some public position more consonant to his dignity than a *chef de cuisine* or pastry cook, lucrative as both these callings could be made. Palmo aspired to improve our local taste, and taking compassion upon the frequenters of the bleak, dreary and repulsive drinking saloons, whose dingy adornments and sanded floors breathed a spirit of penury the reverse of comfort to their guests, resolved to introduce to our municipal notice a full blown *cafe*, such as adorned the Parisian capital. It is true that before that time we had a couple of *cafe* restaurants conducted upon the French system, but they were situated in obscure streets and patronized by groups of Napoleonic exiles, who moodily discussed the probabilities of the New Empire following the revolution of July. But Americans had in no wise become familiarized with the quiet and unobtrusive system of French indulgence, and few, save those who had traveled abroad, ever thought proper to drop into the *Cafe Francaise* in Warren street, a thoroughly foreign snuggery, or to visit for a moment the *Cafe de Paris*, its more ostentatious rival, a few blocks above. The truth is, the *cafe* system, designed for conversation, in no wise suited the general popular taste; the old mercantile stuck to old Reynold's beer shop or the "widow's" coffee-house—somewhat of the same order; the fashionable population varied their visits from that to "Florish" at Anthony street to the hundred and one drinking saloons sprinkled plentifully along the main thoroughfares, while the fast man chronically confined his visitations to John Martin's Broadway House, the Carlton bar, or the more popular saloon at Washington Hall.

Palmo's *cafe* burst upon us in a blaze of unexpected splendor, for it was a good, although reduced, imitation of one of the most attractive houses of its description on the Boulevards of Paris. Its walls were finished in fresco and gold, while the ceiling reproduced mythological groups and Pompeian figures, executed in a style of art to New Yorkers a novel and wonderful. Venuses, Dianas, Cupids and the bright particular female of the Olympian host smiled from the ornate vault, while mirrors and gilded columns, marble topped tables and Parisian upholstery added to the splendor of the place. It was a display the like of which we never saw before, and consequently the "Cafe de l'Independence des Etats Unis," by which long title Palmo designated his saloon at the corner of Reade street and Broadway, was patronized by the mushroom aristocracy of the town, who loudly boasted that that was the way they did things in Paris. Better than cookery and confectionery the new enterprise of Palmo flourished, especially as he introduced his niece, a tall, black-haired, black-eyed, luxurious daughter of Italy, combining in one person an infinity of charms, to operate as cashier and receive the money from the nervous fingers of tops and dandies who wasted many precious hours in a vain endeavor to extract a smile from the statue-like features of the Italian beauty.

But the ambition of little Palmo was perpetually on the advance, so he began to conceive what the Reade street *cafe*, brilliant as it was, should be outried by a newer and more extravagant demonstration. In accordance with this idea he opened the *Cafe des Mille Colonnes*, modeled after the celebrated coffee house of the same name, which had been the admiration of strangers in Paris. This new institution was located upon Broadway, above the hospital, next door to the little cigar and tobacco store of John Anderson, wherein was wont to flourish that prettiest of pretty tobacco venders, Mary C. Rogers, presumed to have been the victim of a murderous outrage near the Elysian Fields, Hoboken. Whether Miss Rogers was a martyr to violence or not was a vexed question, warmly debated by the credulous and skeptical of our population, yet the notoriety consequent upon the mystery bestowed upon John Anderson's petty shop, of which the pretty cigar girl had been the luminous ornament, gave the tobacconist a start in the world, which he improved, like Peter Gilsey, the Dane, until at the present time John Anderson, whilom proprietor of a divan, 20 by 25, in a modest wooden shanty, flourishes a millionaire and politician, with a mansion in the Fifth avenue, and a couple of sons-in-law upon the Supreme Court bench.

Well, Palmo opened his *Cafe des Mille Colonnes*, which he had ornamented even in a more elaborate style than its predecessor, and of much more extensive dimensions. Palmo had now clambered to the top of the ladder of his fame. From a humble cook in white apron and glazed linen cap he had become proprietor of the most extravagant and elaborate coffee house on the continent—a coffee house frequented by the most fastidious patrons, the most distinguished leaders of fashion, in a word, by the *elite* of New York society. But the demon of ambition had seized upon Palmo, and he would never die happy unless he blazed before us the proprietor of an Italian Opera House. This one idea had been the day dream of Palmo during his hours of toil; it haunted him from the first hour upon which prosperity dawned upon him. If he stewed *ragouts sauters*, the notes of Rossini warbled upon his ear; did he fry an omelette, either with fine herbs or without, the melodies of Mozart and of Rossini cheered him to a re-encouragement of his self imposed mission. The hour of his destiny had arrived at last, the spell could no longer be withstood, so Palmo, disposing of his *cafe*, of his cook shop and of every available property convertible into ready money, commenced his grand undertaking, contrary to the advice of his friends and to the signal wonderment of the populace at large.

Palmo fixed his location upon the lots of ground now occupied in Chambers street by the United States Courts, the building tenanted by the government being but a re-arrangement of the old Opera House. The selection of this site was the first error in judgment, which was very quickly perceived when too late, for the fashionables, upon whom the Italian Opera depended for support, were rapidly moving up town, and this inconvenient locality was in no wise calculated to draw the attention of the casual sight-seers hanging around the hotels. The house was well constructed; small, ingeniously contrived for acoustic purposes; in fact, it was as convenient and comfortable as any theatre, although not capable of accommodating a very large audience. Palmo was in his glory; his day dream was realized as Palmo's Opera House threw its doors open to the public. The first season was a tolerably lucrative one, and Palmo counted his friends by legions, every one of whom was anxious and willing to give him advice as to the management of his enterprise. But Palmo was as stubborn as he was ambitious, so he thanked his new friends and went on the even tenor of his way, seeking talent wherever he could find it, and that, too, without much regard to expense. Indeed, it must be owned that Palmo introduced among us some of the finest artists which have appeared upon the lyric stage—Pico, Borghese, Castellan, and others of celebrity, the rivalry of whose friends and admirers created a passing *furore* which aided the operatic treasury for the moment. Despite all the attractive *prima donnas* and the endeavors of the *impressario*, charged as Palmo's proxy in the management, the opera commenced, financially, to droop, then to quiver, and finally to come a-the dead stand still. It was not with the great singers that Palmo found his final difficulty, for these cormorants gauged their digestion according to the receipts of the house; for, knowing their presence to be the attraction without which the house must close, they simply extorted from the management every available cent in his till, leaving the more obscure members of the troupe unprovided for.

It is the feather which breaks the camel's back. Poor Palmo had petted his imported senoras until he had brought them into a state of co-operation with his final spasmodic endeavor to resuscitate his fortune, now reduced to the technical ownership of the property, firmly attached to the soil by heavy mortgages, vainly imagining that the poor dependants of the house would, like him, wait until some signal dispensation of Providence should restore the fallen hopes of the operatic drama. Palmo was disappointed, for he had never read the parable of the bellows blower as an appendage to the organ. His decisive night came, with the Borghese in all the splendor of her beauty and the irresistible attractiveness of her smile; a good audience was in attendance, and everything prophesied a favorable turn to Palmo's fortunes. The opera selected was one of Borghese's master *roles*; the overture was played with a delicacy and accuracy which fairly astonished the house, for never did orchestra so far excel itself; then came the opening choruses, which were executed with a similar degree of excellence; Palmo and his admirers were delighted; the hitch in his day dream was apparently shaken out and a revived future dawned before him. Then Borghese, the magnificent, stalked with queenlike trend to the centre of the footlights, and opened her arched mouth to give a solo which was the feature of the piece. To her astonishment, no symphony, no delicate melody accompanied her movements or heralded her approach. In perplexity, she gazed upon the leader of the orchestra, indignantly she stamped her majestic foot to arouse him to his sense of duty, but that dignitary remained in his chair, his violin firmly tucked beneath his arm. Borghese raved in vituperative Italian; the audience hissed at the obdurate orchestrans, for all insitated their leader and discarded their usual implements of toil; finally, Palmo came on the stage and excitedly demanded the cause of the musicians' strike. "No pay," curtly answered a Teuton, quietly taking his cornet to pieces. "Pay you to-morrow," shouted Palmo, in a state of frenzy. "To-night's the time," suggested the cornet player, as he snapped the lock of his instrument case. A bright idea struck Palmo, so whispering to Borghese to amuse the audience with a tit of pantomime for a moment, he rushed around to the box office there to draw from the receipts of the night sufficient to appease the rebellious orchestra. To his horror he found the entire treasury, bills, specie and coppers in the hands of a deputy sheriff. Poor Palmo fainted, while the magnificent Borghese, breathing vengeance against the musicians, attempted to execute a grand aria without their aid. The effort was a success; but amid the thunders of applause greeting this amazonian defiance, the orchestra tranquilly disappeared with their instruments under their arms, big fiddles, little fiddles, horns and drums leaving the queen-like Borghese and the remainder of her associates to their music from some other quarter than from the deserted orchestra.

This grand strike of the fiddlers terminated Palmo's career as an opera director, and overloaded with debts and incumbrances the unfortunate man found he could come one to stand even nominally in the front rank. Borghese broke it was enough, and she had to change her train, to do which she was obliged to mount a precipitous wooden bridge over the station, which she "would never have done if it had not been for Mr. Bates' assistance;" then "she was so much obliged to him for taking *such* trouble" in getting all her luggage and parcels, including Trotter, the maid, who of course was perfectly helpless, into the other train. For Algy had ascertained that his fellow passenger was going on to the same place as himself.

The small station of New Compton was reached, and Algy found his carriage duly waiting, but, strange to say, there was nothing come to meet Miss Tatum.

"What *shall* I do?" said blue bonnet; "six miles to our house, and not even a fly to be had! No, there never *is* a fly here. How could papa have made such a mistake? Oh, *thank* you—Tatum—Mr. Tatum, of Lyme House."

Here Algy went off to interrogate the porter, "If Mr. Tatum's carriage had not come, or if he had heard anything of it?" Nothing known of it whatever.

"Would Miss Tatum do him the honor of accepting the carriage sent for him? The Jortins' house was but a shortish walk, and he should be so delighted if Miss Tatum would make use of it."

"Oh, he was most kind; but—but she really didn't like——"

"Porter, take Miss Tatum's luggage to that carriage. Pray do not refuse me this."

Then Miss Tatum found herself driving off in the brougham before she knew how to express her thanks in what she considered a suitable manner, and saw a vision of Mr. Bates standing with his hat in his hand, recovering his perpendicular after an elaborate bow.

With his crisp toast and delicate omelette waiting on the breakfast table the following morning, Mr. Bates found a solitary letter, with particularly business-like writing; it was not from one of his creditors, for, as he said, "the many reminders he received from them caused him to know their calligraphy to a T."

It was from Miss Tatum's papa. The eminent soapboiler began by expressing "his thanks to Mr. Bates for his thoughtful kindness in looking after his daughter;" then went on to "regret that an attack of his old enemy, the gout, prevented his calling upon Mr. Bates to thank him in person, but trusted that he would excuse that ceremony, and come over and dine with them the next day; would be very glad to see him, and dinner on table at seven, sharp."

So Algy went over to Lyme House and made himself very agreeable to the soapboiler, as also to the soapboiler's fair daughter, when he was not looking that way. After the interval of a few days Algy called, and was again pressed to come and dine, which he did. In short, Algy made himself so much liked at Lyme House that, when the time (he had made his own time, by-the-by) arrived for him to leave Mrs. Jortin's and return to town, Mr. Tatum begged that he would make Lyme House his place of abode for another week or so. This was one for Algy and two for himself; for the worthy soap boiler was that week going to have his house full of guests and purposed giving a series of entertainments—private theatricals, balls and dinners—and he knew that Algy was a useful man at that sort of thing. Our friend saw the position at a glance, and that there would be a capital chance for his distinguishing himself. So he took over his household gods to Lyme House, and was installed as master of the approaching ceremonies.

"He was invaluable," Miss Tatum told her papa; "she didn't know *what* they should have done without him." It was, "Oh, Mr. Bates, how shall we do this?" &c., and, "Oh, Mr. Bates, *will* you look here and tell me what you think?" &c. He not only was the manager-in-general, the principal actor, the organizer of the amateur orchestra and the scene painter in the theatricals, but he actually wrote the piece they performed—"quite impromptu, you know," Miss Tatum said and believed, though it was only an old two-act comedietta Bates had by him vamped up for the occasion. Then he got up that Irish jig in the ball, which, but for it, would have been a dismal failure, and was the life and soul of the "big dinners." Little Miss Tatum used to listen to him rattle about art and literature, superficial politics and cynical banter on social topics, quite lost in admiration at such talent; "how clever Mr. Bates is; and knows everything, you know!"

At length the day drew near when all this was to end; there was to be a dance the next evening, the last of the hospitable soapboiler's entertainments, and the day after that Algy was to return to London.

"To-morrow," said Algy to himself, the night before this last dance, hanging over his candle, extinguisher in hand, "to-morrow I shall know my fate, Bates or Winslow."

CHAPTER IV.

"HEARTS ARE TRUMPS."

"A capital band and the very best of Mr. Godfrey's valses," Miss Tatum was in high dancing order and went into the ball room that evening with the full intention of enjoying herself thoroughly. "A good dance, with good music, and nice partners," was her utmost ambition in the way of enjoyment. Yet why should Mr. Bates find himself unconsciously indulging in a satirical grin as he said this to himself? Miss T. was not different to other young ladies in her ideas of enjoyment.

Mr. Bates that evening was silent and abstracted; he was by turns tender and abrupt in his demeanor towards Miss Tatum. When asked by her, timidly, "if anything had gone wrong; was there enough cucumber in the hock cup—papa wanted particularly to know what he thought of it?" he only gazed fixedly at nothing in particular and sighed absently. He took Miss Tatum down to supper, but drank the governor's sparkling Moselle in gloomy abstraction; then he proposed that they should take a turn in the veranda before returning to the ball room. Miss Tatum was nothing loth, so they went out.

A lovely night and a most romantic moon peeping from behind drifting masses of clouds, sometimes silvering the garden into almost the brightness of day, then leaving all dark and sombre. Algy, with his partner's little hand resting lightly on his arm, stood looking out on this scene. There was a silence for some minutes; the scene was impressive, and the silence rendered it more so.

This was Algy's receipt. "Take a young lady who has been whirled round a well-lighted ball room some scores of times to Strauss and Gungl's music by the same young gentleman; add to this some really genuine champagne and supplementary claret cup; serve it up in a moonlit verandah, hanging to the same young man's arm, and it will be found cooked to a proper degree of suscep tibility."

"It is very lovely," he said, looking up into the sky, and turning his face so that the moonlight fell across it with good effect; he had often studied this with the lime-light on the stage, and knew that it caused his eyes to come out well.

"Beautiful!" from miss, in almost a whisper; and as her gaze was turned heavenwards she could not help also noticing Algy's fine profile blanched into a delicate marble, and his large eyes looking wonderfully large just then.

"This time to-morrow I shall see it shining on the Thames from my dog kennel in town."

"*To-morrow?*—do you leave us to-morrow?"

He was watching her narrowly, and saw a shade pass over her face; it was disappointment.

"Yes," he said, "I must go back to the mill; it would not do for a poor, miserable devil like myself to have too long a spell of happiness; it unfits one for the workaday world again. [—I already feel"]—— just enough of a sigh to be heard by Miss Tatum's attentive ears. "Yes, I must go back to the grindstone." You would think he was a galley-slave at least from the way he put his case. "I shall think," he went on, with the very quintessence of saddened melancholy in his voice, "I shall think, to-morrow, when I see yonder light, of this place, of this hour, naturally"—here his voice slightly trembled—"and of something—I mean some one who—some one else."

No answer, but he thought the hand that rested on his arm was heavier than it had been; so he went on. "There are some days, Miss Tatum, which se think of at times as forming oases in our life's desert. My visit at this house has been one to me. There are hours, too, hours when tears rise in the heart and gather to the eyes almost involuntarily, and feeling is stronger than speech—its very intensity depriving us of giving expression to w at—to what the heart would fain utter. Have—have I your permission to call this hour mine?—may I think of it, in after days, as I shall think of it, oh, how often—may I then think of it as *mine?*"

"You may, Mr. Bates," in a tremulous whisper.

"Thank you;" and it was natural that he should take her hand in his to give due force to his words; natural enough, too, that he should hold it there beyond the time necessary to give it a gentle squee—shake, we mean.

There was another impressive silence, in which the moon played an important part, or, as Algy would have expressed it in theatrical parlance, "did the leading business." Somehow or other, too, Miss Tatum's hand was again held in his. Then, suddenly, "Miss Tatum! Florence! for this once——" and at the passion that rang in his deep voice she felt her face burning and an odd choking sensation in her throat.

"I cannot bear this longer. I know how weak it is; but I cannot, *cannot* help myself. Florence, do you not see that I *love* you? Forgive me my weakness; pardon it as springing—as springing from the strength of my love. I did not mean to have told you this. How could the struggling, unsuccessful author, the penniless, disappointed artist who has seen the dream of his ambitious youth fade and die away under the blighting influence of—of dastard enemies, leaving him almost without a hope; how could such a man ask you to share his lot? Ay, even though he saw in you the realization of his ideal, though since he has known you his thoughts have known none else; even then he could not tell you this. The very pride which has been the chief obstacle to his success in life prevented him. This foolish weakness, which made him forget his purpose for the moment, your noble nature will forgive, I know. Good-bye, Miss Tatum—I had rather not face the people inside just now. Will you think of me sometimes in after years, when—when you are happy, and I—— Will you think of me then as one who staked his all on a vain hope which his sense of honor bade him give up, though it was to drive him forth again into the world a soulless vagabond? Good-bye. Ah! your glove, your glove, Miss Tatum! Good-bye, *forever*. I could not stop in England, for then I might see you, and it—it—wouldn't do, you know."

Pressing the hand that lay passive in his, he turned to go. Was it a sob he heard then, and his own name following on it in a little choking whisper? At all events, Algy thought it was, so he went back and stood looking down on her. She lifted her face and he saw tears glistening on her eyelashes; then he thought it was a "safe thing."

"How could you, how could you be so cruel? What do you take me for?"

A pause, during which he regarded her gravely. Then she looked up at him shyly. He held out his hand and her little one came fluttering out to meet it. It was enough for Algy.

"Florence!" and he was drawing her towards him gently, while Miss Tatum's resistence thereat was not more than he was able to overcome.

* * * * *

Of course there was a regular row with the soapboiler para. Over and above the fact of Algy's not having any money, Mr. Tatum had the greatest contempt for literary men, whom he stigmatized as a sort of people living by their wits, which, in his eyes, was a sin against respectability; for, as he argued, "how could a man be worth anything who got his money in such a preposterous way? Cleverness—talent! Oh, I daresay; what do they bring him in? You're a little simpleton, child, to be taken in by such a fellow."

Then the little simpleton flushed and stamped her little foot as she did brave battle for her lover. "He was noble and honorable in everything. Though he loved her so, he was going away without even telling her of it, because he knew he was so poor. He *was*, papa." And "she would never, *never* marry any one if not him;" and "papa was very, very cruel," and "she lul—lul—loved Algy so dearly," and "he was so good and noble," and "she knew dear papa wouldn't break Flossy's heart;" and the fifteen ringlets were flung over papa's shirt front, and the little lady laid down her head upon the crackling cambric as she went in for a "good cry."

So ultimately papa was obliged to give in and Miss Tatum had her own way. Then, when on the next day Mr. Bates came out of the soapboiler's "study," after seeing the handsome sum the old gentleman intended to settle upon his daughter at once, and the still handsomer sum that would eventually come to her, he told himself that "this was a better thing than the 'Churnley business;'" then he gave a sigh to the memory of Miss Chumley. "Poor Rose; wonder how she'll get on with old Levy? Ah, well, it's all for the best. Really most providential that I didn't get to the Hampstead road so early that morning as I had intended. In that event she might have been the future Mrs. Bates and I should have missed Florence. Poor Rose!"

The very morning after Algy's visit to Mr. Tatum's sanctum, Dick Winslow received the following note:—

"LYME HOUSE, HANTS, Oct. 7th.

"DEAR DICK.—I am going to marry Miss Tatum on the 20th instant. Miss T., the future Mrs. B., has a settlement in the town of a thou' per ann. You will see that I have done the bet within time. Don't trouble yourself about the ten fifties till convenient.

Thine always, ALGY BATES.

Bull Fighting at Havre.

That the "progressive" Emperor of the French, it would seem, encourages—at all events, indirectly—the enlightened and humane Spanish sport of bull fighting is indicated by the following account from a correspondent at a London journal. This writer, dating from Havre, July 10th, says:—

"Were Assembled in the Spanish Circus, near the International Maritime Exhibition, to witness the *Combat des Taureaux*. Nothing more need be said to show the interest which the inhabitants of the Department of the Seine Inferieure take in this, to them, new species of excitement. From the surrounding country, from Trouville, Honfleur, Harfleur, from Rouen and Paris great numbers of persons arrived here to enjoy the sport.

"The performance, however, hardly corresponded with the promise, for some of the animals which appeared to-day most assuredly made their *debut* in Havre before, and butted at and trampled on the red mantle instead of the real man.

"I confess I was greatly disappointed when a dangily-dressed caballero, mounted on a horse bearing a striking resemblance to the pictured representation of Rosinante, entered the arena from the right of the circus. He moved slowly towards the box of the Spanish consul, and I imagined for a moment that he mistook the fair occupants for midnight revellers, but he merely appeared to pay an act of deference to the representative of Spain. The whole company or *cavadrilla*, consisting of eight persons, next appeared, dressed in bright colored cloaks, and, after due obeisance before the same box, they flung their mantles away and stood forth in their professional costume. The principal member of the troop—Gonzalo Mora—was dressed in chocolate-colored silk breeches, thickly striped with silver, a jacket of the same, still more richly ornamented with silver embroidery, a red sash, flesh-colored stockings, a pair of light shoes or rather pumps, a b ack cap, and, what was most singular of all, a kind of chignon. The dress of the others varied in color, but all of them wore the same kind of cap, and the chignon seemed to be indispensable. The picadors were on horseback. They wore silver embroidered jackets, thick leather pantaloons; and their feet were protected by short iron stirrups, not unlike those worn by the knights of old.

"Six bulls, more or less more than the other, were baited for the gratification of the Havrais and the visitors to their town. The 'first sword,' Gonzalo Mora, of Madrid, displayed wonderful dexterity and audacity. He fought, as it were, the animals hand to horn. In the Madrid Circus he would be armed with a sword, and the bull would be killed, but the cruelty of the exhibition is so mitigated here, that it is made a condition that neither beast nor man, so far as it is possible, shall be destroyed. Were it was as far as possible,' for no one could guarantee absolute immunity from danger in those encounters which take place between toro and torero. With a red cloth in one hand and a little lance in the other, representing a sword, this expert came front to front with the most furious animals, exciting them to the combat by every means in his power. The bull raises the dust of the arena, he bends his tail into a ring, his eyes dart fire, he bends his head and rushes at his antagonist, but the practised toreador slips now to one side, now to the other, and after oft-repeated struggles he plants his lance in the point where the sword is to be placed, and, allowed to possess one, would have entered. At moments it seemed all but impossible for him to escape being crushed against the boarding of the enclosure, but his dexterity always brought him out of danger."

"TO BE FAT IN SUMMER."

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

It is a fact that is indisputable that all fat men must experience a vast amount of suffering in hot weather. The bare idea of an individual weighing some two hundred and fifty pounds and being compelled to navigate that amount of solid flesh about with the thermometer at 104 in the shade, is to one of medium avoirdupois simply appalling. How do I *know* this. By observation. For instance, I have a corpulent intimate friend to whom I am deeply attached, and I therefore presume on this intimacy to closely watch him and his actions in this horrible heat. I watch him in the morning, the evening and at night, and it sometimes seems as if he was some troubled monster with whom all nature was at variance, and, in accordance with this enmity devoted every moment to torture and annoy him, while he, in his impotence to battle against it, tosses, puffs, perspires and glares at nothing. I met him at the breakfast table this morning—he came down at a slow, dragging pace, as if he had Mount Vesuvius on a portable scale fastened to his coat tails and was dragging it after him; the very air seemed doubly oppressive; this shall not be." He was interrupted by the arrival of a mounted messenger from Longeck, who desired to say a word to him in private without loss of time.

"Your servant may sneak before me, Hans Ponsheimer," said Georg, "or if you prefer it I will be his spokesman; he is come to announce to you the failure of the house we were just speaking of."

The courier stood speechless by, and Ponsheimer, aghast, now turned a deprecating eye on the singular being whose sincerity he had so rudely called in question.

"Hans Ponsheimer," said he, "we will say no more of your rough treatment, more especially out of regard for the close relationship in which we shall soon stand to each other;" the merchant shuddered involuntarily; but this time he restrained all expression of his disgust. "I am willing to release you from all your embarrassments, provided I have your word that one of your daughters shall be my wife."

"I consent," said Hans, and he heaved a deep sigh; "you have my word, the word of Ponsheimer, till this day as good as his bond."

"Then," replied Georg, "I am willing to enter into partnership with you, and I deposit as capital the amount of the debt you have to pay." And he counted out the notes with a readiness and a deliberation which took every one by surprise. Hans, fully sensible of the obligation he had received, and relieved of an enormous weight, stretched out his hand to shake that of his shaggy benefactor; but when he saw the long claws at the ends of his fingers, the thought of the rash promise he had made on behalf of his dainty daughters overcame him and he trembled in every limb. However, it was impossible to retract, and Ponsheimer was obliged to withdraw, promising his future son-in-law that his bride should be ready in a few days, only requesting a reasonable time to prepare her for the change that was to take place in her lot.

Hans went home broken-hearted and wondering how he should ever venture to break the matter to his daughters, who, on his approach, came out to welcome him back. They were completely mystified at his downcast looks, and at last coaxed him to tell them the cause of his trouble. Hans related his story briefly but honestly; he disguised nothing, and painted the Wild Man in all his hideousness; then waited anxiously to see how they took the information. The two elder made very short work of it; they declared that nothing should ever induce them to accede to so revolting a condition, and fell upon their father with the harshest reproach. The unhappy man sat before them in an attitude of mute despondency. As he raised his eyes they fell upon the face of his youngest child, and he saw that her eyes were filled with tears. She was his Cordelia, and unable to witness her father's distress, she rose, and, throwing her arms round his neck "Father, dear," she said, "I will marry the Wild Man; my life is yours, I will not forsake you."

Ponsheimer was overcome by this touching proof of his child's generosity and affection. "Trudchen," he exclaimed, "you have always been the joy of my life and you are my consolation in this trial; heaven, I am convinced, will reward you for this sacrifice."

But Gertrude closed her father's lips with a kiss and begged he would have no fears for her, as no happiness the world could give could exceed the satisfaction of feeling she had done her duty.

But the merchant was not at ease with himself, and was still deliberating on the dilemma in which he was placed, when a great commotion was heard in the street, occasioned by a gorgeous pageant which was defiling through the town, to the surprise of all its inhabitants; the cortege had threaded the street in which was Ponsheimer's house, and when he looked out of the window he saw a magnificent coach drawn by six richly harnessed horses and attended by servants in handsome liveries, approaching his house. As soon as it drew up, an elegant cavalier alighted and entered the door. Hans advanced to the stairs, but what was his surprise to find himself in the embrace of a handsome youth, who, in the voice of the Wild Man, called him his future father, and begged to see his destined bride.

Gertrude's astonishment and joy may be imagined, but it did not exceed that of her father's; while, as for her heartless and unfilial sisters, no words could describe their rage and despair.

Unable to endure the sight of a happiness which had been within their reach and which they themselves had refused, they reproached their father for deceiving them and their sister for taking advantage of them. Lucifer stood by and smiled; his prey awaited him, for that very day one of them hung herself, while the body of the other was found in the river next morning.

Georg of the Valley lived happily with his gentle and beautiful wife and his respectable father-in-law. Their names are to be found in a title deed dated 1459, in which the house they occupied at Lugeck is designated under the name of The Black Bear.

On the spot where stood the inn of which Georg inhabited a portion in the days of his disguise, now stands the imposing hotel, The Wild Man, in the middle of the Kurnthnergasse.

GEORG OF THE VALLEY;

or,

The Wild Man of Vienna.

First in antiquity, but only first in the list of second class hotels in Murray's Handbook, stands that of the Wild Man, one of the most venerable houses in the Austrian Capital, for we find it mentioned in history during the siege of Vienna by Mathias Corvinus in the year 1683.

To this house and to the name it has adopted is attached a singular tradition, unmistakably German in its details, which we obtained from an authentic source, our informant being no other than the present owner of the establishment, to whom we are indebted for the following narrative.

In the year 1444, when Ladislaus, king of Hungary, fell at the unfortunate battle of Varna, overcome by the countless army of Amurat, which entirely routed the Christian forces there was, among the few who escaped the carnage of that dreadful day, a lancer, named Georg of the Valley. This young fellow was of prepossessing exterior and by no means wanting in courage, but valor alighted and entered the door. Hans advanced to the stairs, but what was his surprise to find himself in the embrace of a handsome youth, who, in the voice of the Wild Man, called him his future father, and begged to see his destined bride.

Gertrude's astonishment and joy may be imagined, but it did not exceed that of her father's; while, as for her heartless and unfilial sisters, no words could describe their rage and despair.

Unable to endure the sight of a happiness which had been within their reach and which they themselves had refused, they reproached their father for deceiving them and their sister for taking advantage of them. Lucifer stood by and smiled; his prey awaited him, for that very day one of them hung herself, while the body of the other was found in the river next morning.

Georg of the Valley lived happily with his gentle and beautiful wife and his respectable father-in-law. Their names are to be found in a title deed dated 1459, in which the house they occupied at Lugeck is designated under the name of The Black Bear.

On the spot where stood the inn of which Georg inhabited a portion in the days of his disguise, now stands the imposing hotel, The Wild Man, in the middle of the Kurnthnergasse.

SUSPECTED SHAKESPEAREAN DOCUMENTS

From the London Athenæum.

It is with very deep pain that we have to draw attention to the fact that an important series of Shakespeare documents has fallen under suspicion. It is a sad thing to have our new facts about the poet's life, our new illustrations of the poet's work, torn from our grasp; but we have no choice in the matter, for the interests of truth are paramount; and it has become our instant duty to put all future writers on their guard against that free and confident use of certain papers which those papers have heretofore commanded.

The documents which have fallen under suspicion are those relating to Shakespeare's playes, and to the plays of certain of Shakespeare's cotemporaries, contained in the volume entitled "Extracts from the Accounts of the Revels at Court in the reign of Queen Elizabeth and King James the First, from the original office books of the Masters and Yeomen," with an introduction and notes, by Peter Cunningham. The volume was printed in 1842, for the Shakespeare Society, of which Lord Normanby was then President. The editor professed to give a full account of where and how he fell in with the papers of which it consisted:—

"When," he says, "by the kindness of the Right Hon. Sir Robert Peel, I was appointed to a situation in the Audit Office, Somerset House, one of my first inquiries, unconnected with my official duties, was, what *old papers* there were in the place.

* * * With the hope of finding entries which might throw light

"ADVICE GRATIS."

The "Brewers" should to "Malts" go,
The "Boobies" all to "Scilly,"
The "Quakers" to the "Friendly Isles,"
The "Furriers" to "Chili."

The little snarling, carolling "babes,"
That break our nightly rest,
Should be spanked off to "Baby-lon,"
To "Lap-land" or to "Brest."

From "Spit-head" "Cooks" go o'er to "Greese"
And while the "Miser" waits
His passage to the "Guinea" coast,
"Spendthrifts" are in the "Straits."

"Spinsters" should to the "Needles" go,
"Wine-bibbers" to "Burgundy."
"Gourmands" should lunch at "Sandwich Isles,"
"Wags" at the Bay of "Fundy."

"Bachelors" to the "United States,"
"Maids" to the "Isle of Man"—
Let "Gardeners" go to "Botany" Bay,
And "Shoeblacks" to "Japan."

Thus emigrate—and misplaced men
Will then no longer vex us,
And all who ain't provided for
Had better go to "Texas."

OLD NAT'S LOVE SCRAPE.

WRITTEN FOR THE NEW YORK CLIPPER.

BY C. E. C.

We had just finished supper, and squatting around our camp fire, smoking our pipes of peace and perfect content, we naturally resorted to our only possible amusement—talking. Old Nat, our guide and typical hero, seemed quite good humored, and so we pressed him for a reminiscence. The old fellow seemed a little coy at first, urging that he had already repeated every incident of peril or adventure which had occurred to him. His manner of stating this attracted my attention, so I said:—

"Perhaps you have something else besides hair breadth 'escapes' worth relating. Have you ever been in love, Nat?" It seemed to be a home question, for the old rogue actually colored a little, and looked at me with a queer, sly glance. Then he suddenly burst into a roar of laughter.

"Well I b'lieve I were once, boys, a little kind o' soft on a bit o' petticoat, but that were a long while ago, and I've steered clear o' 'em ever since."

"Why so, Nat?" asked one of the party. "Didn't you have much success?"

Nat whiffed away quietly for a moment, and then dryly replied:—"Nary!"

"But tell us of it, Nat."

"It ain't worth while; and I know you fellars are gettin' ready to laugh at me."

It took a good deal of protesting to convince the old hunter that this was not the case, but finally we persuaded him to tell his tale, which ran thuswise:—

"Mebbee you don't know it, boys, but I weren't born and raised on these plains; I'm going to tell you now jest what drew me out here. I used to live on a farm, in a spot whar there was more Christians and less buffiers nor we hev here, and I growed up that way, though I don't say I was much on farmin', for I allus had a kind o' weakness for rifle shootin', and spent a good deal o' time in the woods. Wall, the old folks, they didn't like it much, and so they seed I weren't goin' to do for a farmer; and about the time I were shootin' up and feeling sort of man, like they got me a place in town to 'tend store for a cousin of mine.

"I was glad of a change and thought I'd rayther like it, and b'lieve I did for a time; but I wasn't cut out for that sort of thing, and so it ended pesky soon, it did—but not afore I had plenty of time to make a durned fool of myself, boys! You see most of the young fellers about town were kind o' sweet on the gals and they used to want me to go with 'em. But I hung back, like, for I couldn't quite go polished boots, nor shirt collars, nor such things. I guess I was purty rough lookin' for such a place, though it was only one of your little country towns.

"I didn't live with my cousin, who was a young married man, and wouldn't want me in the way, I knowed, but I boarded at a house nigh onto the store. There was a good many things always occurring to make me feel sort of ashamed like, but I reckon I was getting along purty well, only I couldn't stand going into company. My cousin had to coax me a good many times afore he could get me to visit his house. But his wife was a real lady and talked so nice that I believe she done me good, and I got to goin' there purty often. He didn't care.

"But, boys, I was ketched badly one night. I came up there as I was used to and found my cousin's wife in the parlor, and durned if there wasn't a young gal there, too. Boys, she were the purtiest little thing, with red cheeks and black eyes, that looked as bright as—now, look here, if you laugh, I'll stop; durned if I don't.

"Who do you think she were? Another cousin; leastways they made me believe so; just kim out from the city on a visit. They told me I must call her 'Cousin Dot' (a pet name, you know—I'm not going to tell her real one) and she took right off to calling me 'Cousin Nat.' She could do it easy, boys, but I was awful skeered at first; there's a good deal in raisin', ain't there?

"I fought purty shy and sniffed around a good piece at first, but they acted so nice that I kind o' got to feelin' easy, and I guess I rayther liked the thing. She was a good-hearted little critter, that cousin of mine, if she were my cousin, and I didn't feel much like dodgin' of her after that evening.

"So the next night I felt sort of lonesome like after supper, and I goes around there again. And they was just as nice as they was before. I tell you, boys, I got to thinkin' what a blasted fool I was not to hev tried this thing before. And this cousin of mine—how she could talk! Sometimes I couldn't make out what she were drivin' at, and would feel sorry that I didn't get more larnin' when I were a boy, but I liked to hear her, and felt kind as if I were a better man arter spending an hour or two with her. I believe a man always does have that feeling with a woman, that is with the right kind o' women.

"Well, boys, I'll hev to cut with it. You know pesky well that this kind of an arrangement couldn't keep a going long without a fellow making a fool of himself. You're laughin' agin, but I don't keer. I'm like all the rest of human critters, and I soon got so that I couldn't be away from the gal without a thinkin' of her all the time; and when I went to see her I wanted to be alone with her. And somehow I never liked to hear her talk about other men—that is young men—though she often done it, jest because I didn't like it, I guess. And then, you know, I kept on gettin' worse and worse, until I became afeard that somebody might step in and get ahead o' me; for I knowed what drawbacks I had in the way of not having much edicetion, and being sort o' rough looking.

"So I kept makin' up my mind that I ought to be tellin' her my feelings, and getting her to promise to have me; for somehow I didn't have any skeery notions about being sot back by a 'no.' You see she was always so warm like and good to me. But, boys, it's hard to do, this askin' a girl to take you, when you come right to doin' the thing. At least I found it was in my case; and more'n once when I'd made up my mind to do it my heart would gin out, and I'd be glad o' some little diversion to save the thing off. This sort of thing occurred purty often, till at last I got mad and thought I'd not be such a durned fool no longer. So one night I just made my mind up that I'd ask her right out just as soon as I got there, and hev the thing over. If she sent me packing I knowed that that town was no place for me, so I thought I'd better see whether I was to leave or not. I knowed how much a gal looks at a feller's appearance, so I was mighty keerful that evening when I dressed myself, and I tell you I fixed up nice. My hair was slick as grease could make it, and I had on a starched shirt, and polished up my boots, and I do believe that you couldn't tell me from a regular city chap. Don't laugh boys, because we're coming to the sorrowful part now."

"Why did she reject you, Nat?"

"Now just wait till I come to that, will you? You see all my fixin' was done afore supper. When I came down to the table the folks kind o' looked at each other, and I let on I didn't notice it, but I got a little red, I know. Howsomever, they none of 'em said nothing, and I didn't stay long, for everything seemed to stick in my throat, though I tried to eat. Well, I got my hat on, and was passing through the parlor on my way out, when I happened to eye myself in a looking-glass, and thought my face looked dirty, and saw that some coal soot had got on it. I didn't want to go up stairs in my room again to wash, and didn't care about the folks a noticing me, neither, so I slipped quietly back to the kitchen. There was no one there, for the girls was in the dining room taking their supper, and it was dark as pitch; but I knowed where the towels was; so I felt till I found one, and then I wet it under the pump, and wiped off my face carefully. first with the wet end and then the dry one, and then I slipped out quietly to the street, and started up to my cousin's house. It wasn't much of a walk, and I went purty fast, so in about five minutes I was knocking at my cousin's door.

"The house girl came to the door, and when she let me in she looked at me very hard and kind o' grinned a little. And somehow I felt as if every one might guess what I'd come for from my looks; so I got red ag'in, and kind o' turned away my head, for in them days I was rayther bashful.

"She showed me into the parlor and left me there. There was no one there, and so I took up some books on the table and turned 'em over, and tried hard to keep my attention onto 'em, but I was awful narvous and fidgetty.

"It seemed to me an awful long time passed in this way, though I don't really believe it was much over five minutes. At last I heard the nice little patter of a woman's feet in the hall, then the rustle of skirts, and my gal came into the room.

"I must tell you, boys, that though Dot was a mighty good-hearted, clever sort of girl, yet there was a good deal of a sly devil about her. And she often used to poke fun at me, though in such a nice way that I allers rayther liked it. When she came in this time I believed right away that she had guessed what I'd come for, for she had a sly sort o' laugh on her face that I saw she was tryin' to keep in but couldn't. However, that made no difference to me.

"She came up and shook hands with me, told me to take a seat again, and then she sot herself near the door and looked at me and began laughin' ag'in. So, I looked at her and I thought I'd take it easy as she could, and so I laughed at her. And then we both laughed together, and I began to think mebbee I was makin' a fool o' myself, and got a little red, and sot lookin' at her kind o' serious like; and then durned if she didn't roar right out and laugh till the tears ran down her cheeks. Well, you know, boys, being laughed at when you don't know the reason ain't much fun for you; so I sot lookin' at her purty sheepish, I guess. Lord, how she did laugh! She kept going right on until I got skeered for fear she'd laugh herself clean out of the land of the living. And all this time I sot and sot, trying to think what made her laugh. All at once a thought struck me and then I saw it all. Boys, you may have your laugh at me, too, but make some allowance. I believe I did remark fore that a man will make a durned fool of hisself once in a while. This w s one of my *onces!* The conclusion I came to was this, that the gal knowed what I came arter and felt sorter bashful, and was trying to laugh me out of my purpose. Then I got to thinkin' what I'd come for, and jest made up my mind that—laugh or no laugh—I'd tell her what it was. And when I'd once got the idee into my head I thought the best thing was to do it at once.

"So all on a sudden I jumped right up and stepped towards her. I did it so quick like that I believe she was sort o' skeered, for she jumped up too, and backed away from me; but I was bound not to be fooled, so I took her hand and asked her kind o' quiet like to sit down, and then I held on to her hand, and him down on one knee. Boys, she bed her head down, and was breathin' hard, and her cheeks was red as fire. And I believe to this day that if I had spoke then she'd hev had me, rough as I was. But the words never came!"

"How was that?" we asked, eagerly.

"You see, boys," continued the old fellow, mournfully, "I looked around the room to see if any one was lookin' in on me; and when I was spyin' around my eyes happened to drop into myself in a big lookin' glass at the end of the room. Then I knowed what she'd been laughing at. Boys, you've seen Pottawattomies with the paint on, after a chase, when the sweat, paint and grease gets all run together. But that was just nothing to my face at that time.

"It wasn't a nigger black nor a Injun red, nor a white man white nor anything else human, but a durned nasty mixture of everything dirty. Jest as soon as I seed it I knowed what I'd done. When I went back to our kitchen that time I'd got hold o' the cloth the gals used to wipe off the pots with. Well, boys, the gal peeped up and caught me looking at myself, and then she went off in a wuss yell of laughing nor ever. I jumped up and looked purty mad at her for a minute, but she only screamed the louder. Just then I heerd steps comin', and I snatched my hat and jerked open the door, and bounced out into the hall. I bumped smack against some sort of a woman as I went out and turned her over, and she set up a yell; but I never stopped to see who it was; I jumped right out into the street, and never stopped running till I reached my room. The last I heerd was two women-screeches—one of sheer and the other of laugh I Boys, I left that town behind me next morning, and I knowed it was no use of me trying to farm, so I took up my gun, and you see what I've been! I've never seen the place nor heerd of the gal since!"

And, somehow, we couldn't laugh at the queer old figure before us, blinking thoughtfully and quietly over his tobacco pipe.

OUR GAME BAG.

Golden Gleanings—Merry Thoughts—Wise Proverbs—Fun and Sentiment.

CONUNDRUMS.

WHEN is a scheme like the third of a yard? When it's a foot.

WHEN is a donkey like a bull at? When he's led (lead.)

WHAT word is always pronounced wrong? Wrong, of course. How can the quality of a sermon be discovered? By text sure.

WHY is a hive like a spectator at a show? Because it is a beeholder.

WHY is the letter S likely to prove dangerous in argument? Because it turns words into a-words.

WHY are women extravagant in clothes? Because when they buy a new dress they wear it out on the first day.

WHY is ambition like a weather-cock? Because it is a vain and glittering thing to a-spire.

WHY is the letter R very unfortunate? Because it is always in trouble, wretchedness and misery, is the beginning of riot and rum, and is never found in peace, innocence and love.

BREVITIES.

SEEK the company of the best men.

A BAD sign—to sign another man's name to a note.

KEEP aloof from sadness, for sadness is sickness of the soul.

AVOID evil speaking, and give your counsel to him who will accept it.

KEEP thy tongue carefully; it may honor, it may also condemn thee.

IF thou wax angry speak little, and that little not vehemently.

THE man who swallowed the story whole was nearly suffocated.

THE "Promised Land"—alternate sections of the Pacific Railroad.

A "BACHELOR'S HALL" is modernised into a "Home for the Friendless."

THE greatest lack of self-respect is exhibited in thanking continually of self.

WHEN the good man dies the tears he in life prevented from flowing are shed.

REGRET not the golden age that is behind. There is one before, and it beckons you.

THE peculiarity of the sea-serpent is that he is not a seen serpent.

DOES a man with one arm have an off-hand way of doing things?

FEW ladies are so modest as to refuse to sit in the lap of luxury.

BENEATH joined hands the gulf of a whole world may divide souls.

MANY a fast young man has knocked a cordwainer out of his boots.

MAJESTIC on the forests and mountains stands the Night before man's heart, and makes it also great.

IF books do not make one good or bad, they at least make one better or worse.

AS to talking, man is the connecting link between the woman and the brute.

BE kind and gay, equable and changeable—that is, of easy manners and not stiff.

ACCUSTOM thyself to a busy and wakeful life, but not so as to injure health by over exertion.

MANY persons are so fond of fun that they will drink it out of a cup that is only indifferently clean.

AMONG the flowers and the trees Nature takes us into her own hands, and we breathe as freely as the first man.

THE manner in which a parental command is obeyed is of infinitely more importance than the mere fulfilment of it.

UNDER the gorgeous tints of the standards of victory the black crape falls in many a home that never more may put on joy.

SOMETHING of rebellion lurks in the heart of the most submissive, something of mystery in the hearts of the most prosaic.

CHARACTER doesn't depend on diet. The ass eats thistles and nettles, the sharpest of food, and is the dullest of animals.

THERE is no nobler, no higher power than that by which a man can keep his own tongue from cursing, slandering and other foolish prate.

IT takes a good deal of time to eat or sleep or to earn money, and a very little time to entertain a hope and an insight which becomes the light of our life.

PAIN here below is often nothing more than an initiation to something higher—the box on the ear or the sword stroke by which a man is made a knight.

EXCLUSIVE solitude and exclusive sociality are both injurious; and, with the exception of their order of precedence, nothing is so important as their interchange.

THE sun rises and sets at the same moment for all, and each may dare to follow it and draw it to himself, as though it shone for him alone and made his joy or his sorrow.

AN old maid is more liberal than a young one. The latter may always be willing to lend you a hand; the former will give you one and thank you, too.

MEN would give gold sometimes to buy back a passionate word, and we know of nothing that so destroys unity as the exchange of evil language, especially in the moment of strife.

THERE is a natural rhythm to a man's walk, depending on the length of his legs, which beat more or less rapidly as they are longer or shorter, like the pendulums of different timepieces.

IDLENESS.—Beware of idleness; the listless idleness that lounges and reads without the severity of study; the active idleness forever busy about matters neither very difficult nor very valuable.

CHILDREN love powerful faces. A man with a strong and genial face is at once the favorite of children and dogs, only he can never act with the little jumping troop on the childish playground when grown spectators are in the boxes.

WHEN we look back upon our past lives the ominous words "irrevocable, irreparable—irreparable, irrevocable!" seem to beat to and fro with a dull, muffled sound from the pendulum of the great clock of time.

MERRY MOMENTS.

TRUE IN ONE SENSE.—A writer may be said to be more free than a king, inasmuch as he can "choose his own *subjects!*"

AN AWFUL GLUTTON.—The proprietor of a large hotel told us a short time ago that on that particular day he had had a dinner in every room in his house.

WITHOUT A LINE.—An artist, showing one of his pictures to a critic, said, "It is only an outline, you know." "I should think so," replied the critic, "*every line is out!*"

A NEAT REPLY.—A young girl at school, engaged in the study of grammar, was asked if "kiss" was a common or proper noun? The girl, blushing deeply, with hesitancy replied, "It is both *common* and *proper*."

DOING A LANDLORD.—"Do you suppose you can do the landlord in the 'Lady of Lyons'?" said a manager to a seedy actor in quest of an engagement. "I should think I might," was the reply; "I have *done* a great many landlords."

MISPRINTS will present themselves in other columns besides those of newspapers. The author of a temperance novel, who wrote "Drunkenness is Folly," was horrified to read, "Drunkenness is Jolly."

OPINIONS VALUED.—A sporting Quaker puts his bets thus:—"Friend Edward, thee thinks thy horse is faster than mine. I value my opinion at $20. Now, if thee values thy opinion at the same rate, we will put the money together and ask our horses what they think of it, and leave the conclusion to them.

A COUNTRY schoolmaster began one morning the duties of the day with prayer, as usual; but after prayer he went up and asked a little boy why he hadn't shut his eyes during the prayer, when the boy sharply responded, "We are instructed in the Bible to watch as well as pray."

SELF PRAISE.—A distinguished actress was lately introduced to a lawyer in New Orleans, who was not at all backward in sounding his own praise. "He is a very smart man," an acquaintance remarked soon afterwards. "I know it," she replied; he told me so himself."

A TOUGH MEAL.—The clerk of a church in the country recently made the following announcement to the congregation:—"You are desired to attend a meeting in the vestry, at four o'clock, to consider on the best means of eating the church, and to digest other matters."

A FITTING ERROR.—A gentleman felt very uncomfortable a week or so ago, when, on going to sit for his photograph, he was asked by the artist, who was by no means "happy" in the pronunciation of *some* of his words, whether he wished to have his "*feel*-face taken."

THE DOCTOR KNOWS.—A regimental coffin maker was asked whom he was making for, and mentioned the intended. "Why, he is not dead man!" said the querist. "Don't you trouble yourself," replied the other, "Dr. Coe told us to make his coffin, and I guess he knows what he gave him."

A STRONG REASON.—"Boys," said Uncle Peter, as he examined the points of the beast, "I don't see but one reason why that mare can't trot her mile in three minuter." They gathered round to hear this oracular opinion, and one inquired, "What is it?" "Why," he replied, "the distance is too great for so short a time."

HOW WE LOVE THEM.

A woman with a mighty skirt,
(A drygoods merchant's card)
We must regard her as a flirt
And love her by the yard.
But when we see a pretty maid
Wear gaiters very neat,
Our gaze descends, we're much afraid—
We love her by two feet.
Adoring ladies by the measure
Affords a most ecstatic pleasure.

TAKING THE CHAIR.—"Rap! rap! rap!" "Come in," said the countrywoman. A rather rough-looking man appeared and crossed the door-sill. "Is Mr. Smith at home?" said he. "No, sir; he'll be home in a short time though; take a chair," said Mrs. Smith. He selected the best chair in the house, shouldered it, and went off at a rapid rate.

SOFT LIPS.—A lady inscribed on a pane of glass, in one of the parlors of an hotel, "Mr. Davis has the softest lips that ever pressed those of beauty." A gentleman coming into the room soon after, wrote underneath—

"Then as like as two chips
Are his head an' his legs."

HANG AND REPENT.—"If you go on in that way, sir," said the prisoner in the dock to his counsel, who was defending him with force and fury, and abusing judge and jury in set terms—"if you go on in that way, they'll hang me; I know they will." "Never mind, my boy," replied the counsel, an Irish gentleman, carried away by his own eloquence—"never mind, my boy; let them hang you, and I'll make them repent it."

SELF-PRAISE.—A distinguished actress was lately introduced to a lawyer in New Orleans, who was not at all backward in sounding his own praise. "He is a very smart man," an acquaintance remarked soon afterwards. "I know it," she replied; he told me so himself."

A TOUGH MEAL.—The clerk of a church in the country recently made the following announcement to the congregation:—"You are desired to attend a meeting in the vestry, at four o'clock, to consider on the best means of eating the church, and to digest other matters."

A FITTING ERROR.—A gentleman felt very uncomfortable a week or so ago, when, on going to sit for his photograph, he was asked by the artist, who was by no means "happy" in the pronunciation of *some* of his words, whether he wished to have his "*feel*-face taken."

THE DOCTOR KNOWS.—A regimental coffin maker was asked whom he was making for, and mentioned the intended. "Why, he is not dead man!" said the querist. "Don't you trouble yourself," replied the other, "Dr. Coe told us to make his coffin, and I guess he knows what he gave him."

A STRONG REASON.—"Boys," said Uncle Peter, as he examined the points of the beast, "I don't see but one reason why that mare can't trot her mile in three minuter." They gathered round to hear this oracular opinion, and one inquired, "What is it?" "Why," he replied, "the distance is too great for so short a time."

HOW WE LOVE THEM.

A woman with a mighty skirt,
(A drygoods merchant's card)
We must regard her as a flirt
And love her by the yard.
But when we see a pretty maid
Wear gaiters very neat,
Our gaze descends, we're much afraid—
We love her by two feet.
Adoring ladies by the measure
Affords a most ecstatic pleasure.

TAKING THE CHAIR.—"Rap! rap! rap!" "Come in," said the countrywoman. A rather rough-looking man appeared and crossed the door-sill. "Is Mr. Smith at home?" said he. "No, sir; he'll be home in a short time though; take a chair," said Mrs. Smith. He selected the best chair in the house, shouldered it, and went off at a rapid rate.

SOFT LIPS.—A lady inscribed on a pane of glass, in one of the parlors of an hotel, "Mr. Davis has the softest lips that ever pressed those of beauty." A gentleman coming into the room soon after, wrote underneath—

"Then as like as two chips
Are his head an' his legs."

HANG AND REPENT.—"If you go on in that way, sir," said the prisoner in the dock to his counsel, who was defending him with force and fury, and abusing judge and jury in set terms—"if you go on in that way, they'll hang me; I know they will." "Never mind, my boy," replied the counsel, an Irish gentleman, carried away by his own eloquence—"never mind, my boy; let them hang you, and I'll make them repent it."

BASE BALL.

TRIP OF THE MUTUAL CLUB TO ALBANY AND LANSINGBURGH.

THE GAMES WITH THE NATIONALS AND "HAYMAKERS."

The Mutual Club left town on the 3d inst. for two days' play with the Nationals, of Albany, and Unions, of Lansingburgh, N. Y. At the former place on the 3d instant they met the National Club, the crack club of the capital city, in the first of a series. The game came off at the Van Rensselaer Park, the inclosed ball field of the Nationals. Two thousand persons witnessed the game, the club house and its commodious platform being occupied by the members of the club and their lady friends, while the reserved seats were well filled. A large number of elegant equipages occupied the shady places under the trees at the lower end of the field. The Mutuals arrived on the ground by special car between 2 and 3 o'clock, but it was half past 3 when the game commenced, the delay being occasioned by the non-appearance of one or two of the Nationals.

The Nationals were the first to handle the willow, and in the first three innings scored 11 runs, while by sharp fielding they kept the Mutuals down to 8. At this early stage of the game it became apparent that the Mutuals were not playing as sharp a game as usual, while their opponents were doing right the reverse. The in-fielders were noticeable for their fine play in the second and third innings, Gould disposing of five of the six hands lost, Wolverton assisting three times and Powers and Spelman once each. In this innings Bearman and Shreve made a handsome double play. Powers had made second, when Kretzberger went out at first by Devyr and Bearman. In the meantime Powers had started for third base, but he found the ball there before him, and Shreve touched him out. In the fourth and fifth innings the Mutuals fielded so sharply that the Nationals failed to score. After disposing of their opponents so cleverly in the fourth innings, the Mutuals batted safely for seven runs, the only misplay being by Gould at first. In the fifth innings the Mutuals received their first and only whitewash. Powers caught out Pike and Jewett, Shreve having been previously retired on a foul fly to Cantwell. The totals now stood 15 to 11 in favor of the Mutuals.

In the next innings the Nationals made another brush for the lead, scoring 5 to 2, and leaving them but two behind. In the next three innings, however, the Mutuals scored 16 runs on good batting, making a fine break for 11 in the eighth innings. In the meantime the Nationals only tallied four, the fielding of the Mutuals being very sharp. This left the game in the hands of the Mutuals by a score of 32 to 20. In the seventh innings Spelman and Gould doubled up Wolters and Swandel very neatly. The fielding of the Nationals was first class, and their batting in most of the innings very good. Spelman and Wolverton made excellent play on the in field, the former at short being as good as we ever saw. The out field was well played by Kretzberger and Stimson. The pitching of Waddell was rather bothersome to the Mutuals; one ball would be swift the next one slow, and all delivered so as to deceive the striker. Cantwell was in good play behind the bat, and very few runs were made on passed balls. The Mutuals played wretchedly. Coming up from New York on the Troy boat which landed them at Albany at 4 A. M., they were deprived of their natural rest, and felt more like going to sleep than playing ball. Flanly and Swandel did all of the playing; the rest of the nine played poorly. Devyr was particularly loose in his fielding, making more mistakes than all the rest put together. The umpiring of Mr. Buckley was in the main good, but was marked by several annoying errors of judgment. The score follows:—

NATIONAL.	R.	L.	P.	A.
Cantwell, c	2	3	1	2
Spelman, 2d b	4	2	0	1
Whitney, r f	2	3	0	0
Waddell, p	1	5	0	0
Gould, 1st b	4	2	0	1
Stimson, c f	3	3	0	2
Powers, s s	0	4	1	2
Kretzberger, l f	0	5	1	2
Wolverton, 3d b	3	1	1	1
Totals	17	27	3	14

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Nationals	4	3	4	0	0	5	1	0	2—20
Mutuals	4	1	3	0	0	0	3	11	1—33

Umpire—Mr. Buckley, of the Irvington Club, of Irvington, N. J. Scorers—Messrs. Garfield and Coit. Out on fouls—National, 5; Mutual, 4. Time of game—Three hours and ten minutes.

MUTUAL.	R.	L.	P.	A.
McMahon, r f	4	3	1	1
Devyr, s s	3	2	0	1
Wolters, p	2	3	0	0
Swandel, c f	3	2	1	0
Stockman, 3d b	1	2	2	1
Pike, 1 f	1	5	0	0
Jewett, c	4	3	0	1
Bearman, 1st b	2	2	0	0
Flanly, 2d b	2	4	1	2
Totals	22	27	5	6

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Mutuals	0	0	0	1	3	0	0	0	5—
Nationals	0	0	4	0	0	1	1	2	4—12

Home runs—Mills, 1. Out on foul balls—Irvington, 5; Mutual, 2. Umpire—Mr. Mills, of the Atlantic Club. Scorers—Messrs. Chapman and McConnell. Time of game—Two hours.

MUTUAL vs. UNION.

At 12 o'clock on Tuesday, Aug 4th, the Mutuals and their friends left the Delavan House for Troy, in ten coaches, and arrived at Rensselaer Park shortly after 1. A large crowd was present at this early hour, and when the game commenced there were fully 4,000 people present. The "Haymakers" were on hand to welcome their friends, and the greeting was a very cordial one. The Mutuals, when they appeared on the field, looked a different set of men from what they appeared the day before, and judging from what they said they felt a hundred per cent. better. The nine had been strengthened by the arrival of Stockman, and the greatest confidence was manifested among the friends of the New York club at their chances of success. The friends of the Union were equally confident, and for an hour before the game commenced speculation on the result was very brisk. From three to five thousand dollars must have been wagered on the result of the game at evens, nearly all of which was won by Troy men. After waiting half an hour for Mr. Charles Mills, of the Atlantics, who was expected to arrive by the 1 o'clock train, Mr. McDonald, of the Niagara Club of Buffalo, was chosen to fill the position of umpire. After this had been settled, another half hour was lost by the refusal of the captains of the Mutuals to allow any one to run for Rus, the pitcher of the Unions. It appears that Rus, although an excellent pitcher, is unable to run, from some cause not stated, and that it has been the custom heretofore to allow some one to run for him. After considerable "chin music" had been indulged in, the point was conceded, and the game commenced.

Craver was the first to handle the willow, and giving Flanly a chance on an easy catch, retired; Ward hit to Devyr and was halted at first; Davis was very difficult to suit, and finally took his base on three balls and worried the third on passed balls; McAtee was also given his base on three balls, Davis coming in. Flynn sent a sky-rocket to McMahon, which Billy secured, and the innings closed for one run, McAtee being left. McMahon led off for the Mutuals with a safe hit; Devyr struck out, the umpire calling two strikes on him; Wolters went to first on a grounder and brought McMahon home; Swandel sent Wolters home and himself to second on a fine hit to centre field, and came in on Stockman's stroke; the latter went to second on a passed ball and to third on Pike's hit, which McAtee threw to first in time to cut "Lip" off; Jewett was third out, McAtee and M. King also attending to him, Stockman being left at third. Score 3 to 1

M. King hit a hot one to Wolters, who fielded it to Bearman. Rus took the bat, and the general impression was, that as he cannot bat any better than he can run, he was sure to go out; but he had received his instructions, and persistently refused to strike, although Wolters pitched him several balls just where he called for them, waist high; his "patience" was finally rewarded, and his "dummy" took first base, stole second, went to third on a passed ball, and came in on S. King's high hit to centre field, which looked as if it was going twenty feet over the fielder's head, but Swandel backed out well, judged it accurately, and caught it with his left hand amid great applause; Penfield fell a victim to the same player on an easy catch, and the innings closed for one run. Bearman should have been out at first, but King dropped the ball, and Charley held his base; Flanly sent a grounder between second and third and went to first; McMahon hit to right field, and the bases were all full; Devyr brought Bearman and Flanly home by hitting safely to left field; McMahon went to second and had a chance to reach third, the ball being badly handled, S. King throwing to catcher instead of third base; Billy had got half way to third, and not going back to second very leisurely, when Craver threw to Ward, and McMahon was nicely put out; Devyr worked round to third, and came in on Wolters' long hit to centre field, which gave him two bases; Wolters went to third on a passed ball, and home on Swandel's hit to third, which Penfield threw very accurately to first, retiring the striker; Jewett struck out, two strikes being called on him. This finished the innings for four runs, and left the totals 7 to 2, a handsome majority for the Mutuals.

The "Haymakers" didn't seem to mind it, however, and went pluckily to work to make the score more even. This was an unlucky innings for the Mutuals, and was, in reality, the turning point in the game. Craver took his base on called balls; Ward hit to Devyr, and a double play should have resulted, but Tommy muffed the ball, and both men were safe; Davis gave Stockman a chance to show off his abilities as a swift and accurate thrower, and was halted at first; Craver and Ward, having in the meantime moved to second and third, came on McAtee's long hit between centre and right field, on which "Butcher" went to second; Flynn hit a sky-scraper to right field, which McMahon caught and dropped; McAtee went sailing for third and Flynn for second at this display of muffinism, the former getting home; M King got to first on a safe hit, and Flynn to third; Rus hit to Flanly, who caught it nicely, and seeing Flynn off his base threw to Stockman; the ball hit the ground at the latter's feet and went flying out into the crowd, and Flynn and King got home; S. King closed the innings by giving Pike a chance on a fly catch, which that gentleman accepted. Bearman, waiting for a good ball, went out on strikes, two of which were called on him; Flanly made a beautiful hit to left centre field and came home on McMahon's stroke to right field, on which Billy went to second, where he was left by Devyr and Wolters flying out to S. and M. King. The score now stood 8 to 7, with the Unions but one behind—quite a change for one innings.

In the fifth innings the Mutuals went in for another run, Penfield making his base on a dropped fly ball by McMahon and stealing to third; Craver and Ward were both nicely fielded out by Flanly to Bearman, Penfield scoring; Davis was third out to Devyr and Bearman. Swandel and Stockman both scored for the Mutuals, Bearman and Flanly being left. With the totals 10 to 8 in their favor, the Mutuals were still hopeful, although there was something about the action of the umpire in giving the "Haymakers" bases on called balls and in calling strikes on the Mutuals which had a depressing effect. In the fifth innings the Unions scored four runs after two hands were out, a close decision on fouls causing considerable comment. In this innings Rus again took his base on called balls, and made his second run without having hit the ball. An exceedingly sharp play of Craver's in this innings gave the Mutuals their first white wash, and caused still further depression among the New Yorkers. Devyr had made first base and Wolters was at the bat; the umpire called two strikes, and Wolters struck once ineffectually; Craver dropped the ball, picked it up quickly, sent it to second, and Ward threw it to first, thus doubling them up; Swandel immediately after went out on a fly to centre field, and the innings closed with the Unions in the lead by a score of 12 to 10. The uproar at this time was deafening, and Craver's sharpness was much applauded. The Mutuals, believing that the umpire was partial in his feelings, lost all confidence in themselves at this point, and made no effort to win the game. In the last four innings the "Haymakers" had everything their own way, scoring 10 runs, while the Mutuals made but 2. The final totals were 22 to 12.

At the conclusion of the game one of the wildest excitement ensued. The large crowd rushed to the centre of the field and surrounded the "Haymakers," who were the recipients of a perfect ovation at the hands of their friends. The Mutuals were somewhat depressed, but took their defeat with the best possible grace. The few friends whom they had made by their manly way of playing assured them of their sympathy. The carriages were soon reached, and in a few minutes the excursionists were on their way to Albany. They reached this city on the morning of the 5th, in the steamer St. John. The score follows:—

UNION.	R.	L.	P.	A.
Craver, c	4	2	0	0
Ward, 2d b	3	0	0	0
Davis, c f	3	3	0	2
McAtee, s s	3	2	1	0
Flynn, r f	5	1	0	1
M. King, 1st b	2	3	0	1
Rus, p	2	3	0	0
S. King, 3d b	3	3	0	3
Penfield, 3d b	2	3	0	1
Totals	27	22	1	8

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th
Union	1	1	5	1	4	3	4	2	1—22
Mutual	4	1	2	0	1	0	1	2	1—12

Out on foul balls—Union, 5; Mutual, 1. Umpire, Mr. McDonald, of the Niagara Club, of Buffalo. Scorers—Messrs. Scofield and White. Time of game—Three hours.

MAGENTA vs. PACIFIC.

A game of base ball took place between the above named junior clubs, at Hoboken, N. J., on Saturday, Aug. 1st, which resulted in a victory for the Magenta by the following score:—

MAGENTA.	R.	L.	P.	A.
H. Mendelson, c	1	3		
Wood, p	3	2		
Sharkey, 1st b	3	2		
Noonen, 2d b	1	3		
Kramer, 3d b	2	2		
Haynes, s s	2	3		
Frye, l f	2	3		
Carlin, c f	0	0		
H. Symes, r f	2	1		
Total	15			

PACIFIC.	R.	L.	P.	A.
McCann, r f	2	1		
Thompson, p	3	1		
Dodd, 1st b	3	2		
H. Mendelson, 2d b	0	1		
Worden, 3d b	2	2		
Fowler, s s	2	3		
Meyers, l f	1	3		
Vannote, c f	1	0		
Flanagan, r f	1	0		
Total	15			

INNINGS.	1st	2d	3d	4th	5th
Magenta	7	6	0	0	2—15
Pacific	2	0	5	2	1— 8

Umpire—Mr. Johnson. Scorers—Messrs. Dwyer and Neidhart. Time of game—One hour and thirty minutes.

MUTUAL vs. IRVINGTON.

The return game of this match, which came off on the 5th inst., was as pretty a display of fielding as has been witnessed this season. Neither club scored till the third innings, so sharp was the fielding. The Mutuals were the first to break the ice, making four runs on good hits, helped by a little muffing. The Irvington scored the same number in the next two innings, and the game was a tie. In the last four innings, however, the Mutuals scored 8 and the Irvingtons 3, and the game closed with the small score of 12 to 7. In the last innings it was very exciting, and but for an error of the umpire in not calling "foul" bad enough it might have been more so. The Irvingtons had made 3 runs, and Buckley was on third base, but seeing a chance to get home on a passed ball from a missed foul tip, did not hear the call of the umpire, and was put out before he could get back. The score follows:—

IRVINGTON.	R.	L.	P.	A.
Mills, s s	3	1	1

THEATRICAL RECORD.

Movements, Business, and Incidents of the Theatrical, Circus, Musical and Minstrel Profession.

Clipper Post Office.

TAKE NOTICE.—A stamped envelope, with address, must be enclosed for each and every letter sent for.

N. C. Forrester,
L. Mayo,
L. A. McVeigh,
Richard Clark,
Sol Smith Russell,
O. H. Rees,
Low Gaylord,
Magniley & Carroll,
Thalia,
Harry Stanwood,
Harvey Dodsworth,
Edmond Coles,
John Gilmat,
Billy Manning,
J. S. Murphy,
W. J. Hurley,
Charles Hart,
J. H.
Alfred Moe,
J. W. Shannon,
C. A. Christy,
S. O. Wheeler,
W. H. Taylor,
James Collins,
Alfred Ireland,
J. Tannenbaum,
Geo. Sands,
Sam Sharpley,
Thos. Warhurst,
William Thompson,
George Pardey,
D. P. Templeton,
Harry Clifford,
Charles B. Griste,
C. Lorant,
John N. Moulder,
John Foster,
Yankee Glenn,
M. L. Townsend (2),
Hattie Fiske,
Victoria Howard,
Varian Hoffman,
Emma Stuart,
Lou Irving,
Emilie Yates,
Anna Waite (2),
Eliza Newton,
Mrs. H. Breban,
Lucie Clinetop,
J. E. Green,
Jake Budd,
Charles Pettengill,
Billy West,
John Trewalla,
Warren Combination,
George Maxwell,
Louis Montaldi,
Wm. Novisimo,
Peak Bell Ringers,
Henry Linden,
Oscar Horton,
D. O. Hunter,
John Robinson,
Doe Chambers,
Ben Yates,
W. R. Hayden,
Harry Stubbleblne,
Henry Rusler,
Charles Gardner,
Arnold Jones,
Leon De Berger,
K. V. Douglas (2),
T. L. Donnelly,
W. H. Bellamy,
C. B. Reynolds (2),
W. Peak,
H. B. Dies,
Pete Lee,
W. J. M. Halpin,
George Hutchinson,
James Wambold,
J. F. Noyes,
W. H. Leak,
Wm. S. Raymond,
Fred. Maeder,
R. H. Thompson,
Selden Irwin,
M. L. Hassel,
Anna Byron,
Julia De Lee,
Annie Gibbour,
Nellie Webster,
Hoffman Clifton,
Mary Woodruff,
Ada Granell,
Lottie Howland,
Tany Hernandez,
Mary Gladstane,
Johnny Keegan,
Richard Willis,
J. W. Burton,
Geo. Castello,
Robert Wade,
R. J. Maynine,
George Howard,
Charles Pope,
John Templeton,
C. H. Dupres (2),
Samuel Cole,
George W. Benson,
Frank Kerns,
Flem Adams,
Harry Churchill,
George Defendorf,
Joe Lang,
Pete Heavey,
Heart Stanley,
John De Fol,
N. D. Roberts,
Thayer & Noyes,
Thomas Dougherty,
B. Macauly,
Frank Knight,
Oliver Wren (2),
R. A. Warren,
G. A. Whitney,
F. Buckingham (19c),
Wm. Armour,
E. W. Marston,
Frank Whitcher,
Tommy Winnett (2),
W. B. Hayden,
Billy Dwyer,
John K. Verner,
Edward Hincken,
W. A. Boswell,
Kittie Lee,
Miss Bryce,
Millie Blair,
Josie Zanfretta,
Julia Fitzpatrick,
Mrs. Jas. Dickson,
Lena Warner,
Mrs. Thos. Hodge,
Albertini Miller,
Miss Annie Blake,

Notice.

ADVERTISEMENTS must hand in their favors before 6 o'clock on Monday ning, in order to have them appear in that week's issue.

City Summary.

MONDAY, Aug. 10th, 1868.

THE MEN is beginning to turn—the bottom of the dog-house trunk has been reached—the last dollar is gasping in the tight grasp of its owner—and homeward is the word of the mass of those who have been spending their means and the heated term together at the summer resorts. On Broadway we now see a score of faces that have failed to greet us on the shady side while old Sol ruled the roast. At the theatres a few representatives of the legitimate *habitues* are to be met with, all glad to get back once more to the comforts and conveniences and pleasures of a city life. Those who cater for our amusement are showing signs of activity preparatory to an early resumption of their business. New theatres are building, old ones are being brightened and rejuvenated, while a few have already commenced operations for the season. Managers who have heretofore held back, undecided what to do in anticipation of dull times consequent upon the progress of an exciting Presidential campaign, are now moving, though somewhat cautiously, and engagements are being signed, sealed and delivered in due form. The players who have been so well bestowed in the mountain tops, in the valleys' cool and refreshing shades, at the springs, the seaside, and other rural retreats, are buckling on their armor for the "arduous duties" of another season. A couple of weeks more and then the curtain rises upon new scenes and acts, and the frivolities of life at watering places will give place to the gayeties of our usual carnival of city amusements, when new sights will be brought to our notice, and new plays and curiosities introduced such as you perhaps never heard of before. Rhymes about

CURIOUS CURIOSITIES.

Did you ever see a Dodo?
Or hear an Elephant sing?
Did you ever see a Pelican
Dancing the Highland Fling?
Did you know that the Terrapin never drinks,
Was a well established fact?
Did you ever see a Gorilla
Doing the bare backed act?
Did you ever see a Wallapuss
Eating an Irish stew?
Or a white Ourang-Outang, whose eyes
Were really mazarine blue?
Did you ever see a Learned Seal
Eating chowder like mad?
What! never saw or knew any of these?
Well—we didn't suppose you had.

.....What a beautiful day it is! There we go—the weather will turn up, whether we will it or no. Mankind owes a debt of gratitude to the weather generally. How many a lovesick swain would be unblessed if he had no weather to dash at and draw courage from in his first attack upon the fortress of Sarah Johnson's tender heart? How many a man would have a good, honest friend the less had he not been enabled to assert in bland tones to a stranger that it was a "fine day," or a "bad day," as the case might be? How many an author would yet be nibbling at his quill and encouraging premature baldness by scratching out ideas, if he could not have written "on a balmy day in June?" Where would that popular novelist James have been, for instance? How many a poet would have left the virgin page in its pristine purity could he not have sung of "gentle spring," of ye "summer days," or the "blowing winds!" And, lastly, how many would have written thus far had we not a *weather with a* vengeance at the time of *writin'*, when we must dash *right in* to our subject, or flounder about like our fat friend Dubessy, who can't swim when in the *surf at Long Branch?* Not being acquainted with the requirements of our *journal*, he requested us to accompany him on his *periodical* trip. We told fatty that although *he* could afford to be *surfeit*-ed with pleasure, we could not satisfy *his whim*. He therefore attempted *his swim* alone. "There's plenty of fun going on now," says our enthusiastic friend Peebles, but "we don't see it." How can we, when we're compelled to go ahead full *steam*, and even sit on the safety valve until our lucubrations are in the hands of our *esteemed* readers, who require as much attention in hot weather as at any other time; so that if a poor editor happens to have *his team*—which he would indeed *esteem* a freak of *fortune for June*, July and August are hard months) it may be long *before* he can sit *behind* them. [You will perceive that we have italicised the hard words, so that you may understand that there is nothing in them over which to waste your valuable time and patience). This is political economy on our part, although *we eschew* politics. Nothing annoys us so much as to hear a friend after he has taken *his three* (and perchance a glass of peppermint water) a sort of *lunch*, to *launch* out into a political disquisition. All very good in *its* way, no doubt, but not at all in *our* way. So many good and bad people, too, who know about as much of the subject as we do of the last Fejee hymn book, are to be met on the *rialto* that its enough to make our head *reel* to hear their *dizzy disser*-tations. Well might the Scotchman have applied the same definition to politics as he did to some abstruse science or other when he was asked to describe it. "Well," said he, "it's just this—when *two* man are talking together, and the one does na ken what the *ither* means, and the *lane* does *na ken* what he means *itsel!*" Therefore, let us make a *stand* against the subject as we exclaim: *'Quantum* re!".....Some of the dancing girls are with us still, notwithstanding the abdication of those leggish vehicles—the "Black Crook" and "White Fawn." In conjunction with that friend of our earlier days, "Humpty Dumpty," that poet of motion—Rita Sangalli—continues to fascinate the patrons of the Olympic with her graceful gyrations. "First upon the heel tap and then upon the toe," the charming Rita turns our heads while revolving in her own circle. In honor of this unassuming artist, we throw some verses at the shrine of her loveliness, and these are the words we say unto her:—

SANGALLI EDITORNELLA.

Fairest Sangalli,
Thou art the sprite
Largest men's senses
Night after night;
Floating in air
Like a flake of soft down,
Flitting to dazzle
The eyes of the town,
Stealing our hearts
And our senses away,
Love's rhitornella,
List to our lay.

Were we an Ottoman
(Not that stuffed thing
That's found in our parlors—
A man 'tis we sing),
We'd build a palace
By Bosphorus sun-kissed side,
Pile on thee fortunes
Fit for a bride;
Thou should'st have jewels
Sparkling and rare,
Corpheas also,
Bewitching and fair.

Were we a monarch,
Thou should'st be Queen,
Were courtiers stubborn,
Thy dancing, we ween,
Would win to our measures
The stubbornest male,
Nor yet should a slander
Thy fair fame assail.
Were we a woodsman,
Thy dwelling should be
Reared in the greenaward
Fashioned for thee.
Were we a rover,
On old ocean's breast,
Our bark thy home should be,
In those arms pressed.

Leaping and skipping,
Twirling along,
Like some bright bird
Its own bowers among;
Nymph of the flashing eyes,
Whom all adore,
Bounding as though
Thou hadst pinions to soar;
Vision of grace
With our dreams thou art blent—
Love's rhitornella,
Say, why wert thou sent?

.....We recently heard of a funny case which we hasten to lay before our numerous readers; it was that of a young actress who was fined ten dollars for kissing a young man—heir to his father's wealth—against his will. We hesitated to believe it at first, but "confirmation strong as proof of holy writ" compelled us to knock under. We sympathise with the young person of the first part. She doubtless committed the act "with a view to *matrimony*," but it proved to be a *matter of money* to her in another way (old gag). The young heir was a disagreeable cuss to complain of the *action* of his actress and bring an *action* against her for kissing him. Just let her try her *hand*—no, we mean her pretty *lips* on us; we are not so *refined* as to want her *fined* for it; we promise her that it shall not prove such a blunder *buss* between us, gentle reader; no, by our halidom, we will be on hand with a *rebuss*.....We spent half an hour at Saratoga the other day, and like everybody else at that famous, or *non* famous resort, we became very *dry early* in the morning, the result of a *carouse last late* the night before. Seeing a large crowd of thirsty, dissipated creatures around a water trough, all eagerly, and very ill-mannerdly, as we thought, trying to get the first swig, we halted at the "fountain of life," and made bold enough to ask the drawer of water for a cup of the clear, sparkling beverage. "Them there *gentlemen* has to be waited on first," says he in a blasphemous tone of voice, and when the whole of that drinking crowd laughed at our discomfiture. We never winced, for we are used to it. Being laughed at; but quietly taking a camp-stern medal from out of our trowsers pocket, and holding it up to the astonished gaze of that sarcastic boy, whose very eyes watered as he beheld it—for it looked very like a silver quarter—he instantly saw the situation, and handed us a foaming tumbler of the water, which we drank and returned the deceptive medal to our capacious pocket. "Say, Mister," yelled out the funny little boy, "you forgot the quarter." "Oh, no, my honest friend," we replied, "them there *gentlemen* may be 'll recompense you." You never saw a chap so chapfallen as that fragile youth was, but we gave him no quarter during the half hour we surrounded the water trough. As we were drinking the beverage obtained in such a surreptitious manner, one of the laughing *gentlemen* says to us, says he:—"Is that ice water?" "It was last winter!" was our quiet rejoinder, and the whole of that dissipated crowd gave the gentleman such a drawbridge as he will not soon forget. He at once assumed the part of "first walking gent," and took the first train for home.....Among the prodigies mentioned as likely to be brought before the public the coming season is a little girl only four years of age, who is reported to play forty tunes correctly on the piano. By all means bring her out, for if she can play *forty* tunes on the piano *forte*, music must certainly be her *forte*. .....'Our Jim,'" whose profound thoughts frequently carry him back to the misty days of antiquity, thinks he can trace a decided resemblance between George Francis Train and the trading galleys of the Venetian merchants on their voyages, for, like them, says "Jim," George in his speeches generally starts to Roam, Constant-in-no-pull, and then continues to Babble-on and Tyre!.....Of the incongruities of the stage and its devotees, we could write seven or eight columns, but we do not intend to inflict such a dose upon you at this unseemly season of the year. Our poetic machine shall do duty in this matter, and with the turn of the crank we set it off on the subject of

THEATRICAL INCONGRUITIES.

Oh dear, what a farse is this life that we lead,
In which such sad dramas each hour we read,
And how little we think as to please you we aim,
We ourselves are but playing the old double game.

To-night I appear as a wealthy nabob,
Who gives entertainments a fortune that cost,
With a brace of poor nephews who feed on my purse,
And swear if I don't come down soundly they're lost.
I marry my niece to princes and peers,
And grumble because I'm o'erloaded with pelf,
Yet my supper of bread and cheese often consists,
And no fortune I have save my talented self.

Oft a golden tiara encircles my head,
And for splendor my court is of world-wide renown;
Affairs of a kingdom I dictate at will,
And give heads to the seafold for craving my crown;
I go forth in full panoply battles to fight,
And die like a man ere to treason I'll bend;
Yet am brisk as a cricket when as the bear's Head
I afterward sing comic songs without end.

As a convict escaped, hurried music the while,
I enter strange house to avoid hue and cry,
And help myself freely to all that I see,
As one who such chances let's never go by;
Or thunder fierce oaths as a bold buccaneer,
Though never at sea in my life have I been,
And blow up my ship ere to foemen I'll strike,
And die like a chiel 'mid the orchestra's din.

I'm the nifty young chap that makes love to the girls,
Though my wife is past forty, and twenty young brats
On my pocket make forays that leave me dead broke,
And drive me half mad with their rows and their spats;
Or as clown set the audience all fh a roar,
While at home a death shadow is resting perchance,
And my heart breaks while, smothering grief as I can,
I play antics and join in the gay comic dance.

.....And this reminds us that it is time to ring down the curtain on the prologue of our play and commence the real business of the week, showing new companies formed, old ones disbanded, managers seeking for people and people for managers, together with all the entrances and exits in the dramatic world, the movements of actors and actresses, minstrels, circus people, dancing girls, singers and of everybody that helps to swell the aggregate of our theatrical population. Ting-a-ling-a-ling. Behold the players and their plays:—

THE FOLLOWING THEATRES and other places of amusement will be in operation during the coming season:—Olympic Theatre, Worrell Sisters' New York Theatre, Wallack's, Old Bowery, Broadway, Theatre Comique, Niblo's, French Theatre, Pike's Opera House, Academy of Music, Edwin Booth's Theatre, Wood's Metropolitan Theatre and Museum, John Brougham's Theatre, Stadt Theatre, Lent's New York Circus, Bryants' Minstrels, San Francisco Minstrels, Kelly & Leon's Minstrels, Tony Pastor's, besides a number of halls devoted to concerts, panorama exhibitions, &c. In these many theatres and halls entertainments of almost every description will be presented, and every taste will be gratified. Shakespeare and tragedy will be the feature at one or two houses, comedy at other places, burlesque at another, pantomime at another, genteel comedy at another; melo-drama will receive attention; French and German plays will be offered for the entertainment of our foreign relations; horse opera and acrobatic business will meet the wants of *habitues* of the circus, and a higher order of minstrelsy will be furnished to those who favor that style of amusement. Italian opera and the *ballet* will likewise have a place, and eccentric comedy and variety features will present their claims for a share of public patronage. There promises to be a very animated competition among managers, and each will strive to merit favor, encouragement and pecuniary remuneration. The opening of so many places does not imply that managers are fearful of injurious results from what promises to be an exciting political campaign. Although business is dull, and money not so plentiful as in former seasons, theatrical and similar entertainments are growing in favor in this country, and if managers present good plays, good performers, and the proper scenery and auxiliaries, the public will reward their efforts. But inferior performances will not succeed in the coming race for popular favor; and managers, aware of this fact, are scouring the market, both here and in Europe, for the best available talent. The metropolis is bidding high for "artists of respectability," and already a number of first-class performers are on their way from Europe, bound for New York. In this department of the present issue of the CLIPPER will be found the names of performers engaged at various theatres here and in other sections of the country, while other managers are advertising in our columns for people, and people are advertising for positions. Everybody connected with theatricals is beginning to exhibit a go-ahead spirit, despite the Presidential controversy. Clear the track, then, for the campaign of 1868-9. A fair field, no favor, and may the most deserving win.

THERE IS SO CHANGE in the bill at Niblo's excepting the suppression of the straddling feature indulged in by Irma, and the vertigrin operations of Aujax. The opera of "Barbe Bleu" runs more smoothly now, and the attendance, owing to the liberality of the management in distributing free tickets, has been quite good for this time of the year.

JOHN BROUGHAM concluded a lengthy engagement at Wallack's Theatre on August 8th, his new play, the "Lottery of Life," running through the season. We presume that Mr. B. will now devote his time and attention to the necessary arrangements for opening the theatre in 24th street, of which he is to be manager.

LOTTA—"only this and nothing more"—opens an engagement at Wallack's Theatre this evening in a new five act drama, written for her by Edmund Falconer, entitled "Fire Fly, or the Friend of the Flag." It is to be presented with new scenery, costumes, machinery and music, the bill informs us, and with the following cast:—Fire Fly, the Friend of the Flag, Lotta; Harold Cecil, passing as Louis Victor, Miss Fisher; The Duke of Lyonnais, friend to Louis, B. T. Ringgold; Berkley Cecil, brother to Harold, C. H. Rockwell; Ben Arslan, a Zouave, George Holland; Rake, Harold's own man, E. Lamb; Col. Chateaurey, Theodore Hamilton (his first appearance); Marshal McDonald, T. J. Hind; Shadrick Levi, T. McWade (his first appearance); Claude Chaurillon, T. Milton; Alcide, J. Hogan; Beauchamp, W. J. Leonard; Millbank, W. H. Pope; Barbe Grise, H. George; Arab Shiek, L. J. Williams; First Arab, P. H. Wilson; Officer, H. Jacobs; Orderly, J. McGee; Aid-de-Camp, J. Quigley; Tata Leroux, J. T. Ward: Venetia, Princess of Corona, Miss Le Claire Phillips (her first appearance),

COL. ALVIN F. LLOYD, formerly connected with various minstrel bands, is now in the city, managing a short season at the New York Theatre. His friends may be pleased to learn of his whereabouts.

THE BURLAY FAMILY and Butler pantomine troupe are the chief attractions of the Old Bowery Theatre.

THE HEAVY RAIN of Saturday last played havoc with *matinees*, there being scarcely a corporal's guard at any of them. The storm opened just before the doors opened, and continued until they closed.

"FOUL PLAY" was produced at the Worrell Sisters' Theatre on Monday evening, Aug. 3d. Those who have read the novel can appreciate the difficulty of dealing dramatically with it, so unsuited is it for stage representation. The action is hurried throughout. The early part jumps in a hurried manner over scenes in London, Oxford, New South Wales and a homeward bound vessel on the Pacific Ocean, then back again to London; then again to the Pacific Ocean. Though possessing no claim to be considered a great play, or a good work of art, it is a clever and ingeniously constructed drama. The adaptation contains many faults, as well as several good points. Some of the characters are badly sketched, while others are conventional and stagy. There are several excellent situations. There is not one good acting part in the whole piece, but the most successful ones are Hawking, the detective, by Fred. Maeder, and Joe Wylie by J. B. Studley. Both of these gentlemen infuse considerable spirit into their characters and they are the features of the piece. What little Mary Wells and J. G. Burnett had to do was well done. Mr. Harkins did not appear to as favorable advantage in the *roles of* Robert Penfold, James Seaton and Hazel as was expected. He did not seem to have a just conception of the characters and was in some of his scenes very careless. McKee Rankin was passable as Arthur, Louisa Hawthorne was favorably received as Helen and did justice to the *role*. Jane Fisher, daughter of Charles Fisher, made her first appearance on the stage as Sarah. For a first appearance she was successful. Her manner is free, easy and graceful, and what little there was for her to do received full justice. The manner in which the piece is placed upon the stage reflects credit upon no one, and the sinking ship scene was a disgrace to any establishment. It was a great deal worse than a similar scene in De Walden's play of "Hunted to Sea Fardilly," at the Olympic, two seasons ago. Imagine the effect upon an audience of the sea cloth being pulled down the stage and a lot of boys in their shirt sleeves rushing on the stage from the first entrance, and diving under the cloth and jumping about in a wild manner. Then the sinking ship was one of the most accommodating we ever saw. When it was supposed to sank, Robert Penfold was on deck, and as it went down across the stage the bulwarks with one foot resting upon the deck, thus saving him in a truly miraculous manner. The clashing together of the yards on the mast in order to fall through the stage was another "good thing;" but the most laughable was when the mast fell; the fly, upon which was painted the topmast, hung there perfectly unconcerned, giving the "catastrophe" a very odd look. The bungling manner in which this scene was arranged caused bursts of laughter, and was enough to damn the success of any piece. There was great dissatisfaction occasioned among the audience owing to the fact that the prices of admission were advanced in every part of the house. This was done without any notice being given of it through the public prints. The regular *habitues* on paying for an orchestra seat found that they had been advanced from $1 to $1 50, the parquet seats from 50 cents to one dollar, and all those who purchased fifty cent seats had to go up stairs. Then there were gentlemen who, having purchased seats for themselves and ladies, found one seat on the right of the orchestra and the other on the left, and when they changed them, to make it still worse, one was up stairs and the other down. Quite an incident occurred the first night, which shows the liberality of the management. Mrs. Worrell and Sophie came down from their country seat to witness the performance, when the manager—who is no other than Col. Alvin Lloyd, ex-manager of two defunct minstrel bands—refused them admittance, and that, too, in not very gentlemanly terms. He also had a notice on the programmes that the Worrell Sisters were in no way connected with the management of this theatre, which is incorrect, as Mr. Lloyd has merely rented it for four weeks, and the Worrell Sisters are still the lessees of the establishment. The house was comfortably filled the first night, and business continued fair throughout the week.

WOOD'S MUSEUM AND METROPOLITAN THEATRE is fast approaching completion, and, it is thought, will be in order by the 31st inst., when it is to be opened with Maggie Mitchell as the star attraction, who will bring out her new piece on the opening night. A *matinee* will be given each day, when an English operetta troupe will appear in a light entertainment. Among the principal artists are Susan and Blanche Galton, nieces of Louisa Pyne; Mr. Thompson, baritone; Mr. Whitin, tenor; and Mrs. Galton. Among the living curiosities will be found the Siamese Twins, Miss Swan, the giantess, the Albino children, the dwarf Gen. Grant, and several others, including Sophia Gants, the "baby woman," who is said to be only three years of age, yet, in every respect, is fully developed as a woman of twenty years of age. Over thirty tons—ship measurement—of curiosities brought from Europe by Mr. Colville, are being put in their proper places in the various departments of the building.

A. W. YOUNG returns to Wallack's Theatre next season.

HARRY LANDON has been engaged for Booth's Theatre.

THE THEATRE COMIQUE has been fitted up in magnificent style during the time it has been closed. The stage has been overhauled, all the seats in the parquet, dress circle and gallery newly stuffed and upholstered with a handsome red striped fabric. The dome has been re-painted as well as the entire auditorium. The proscenium has been handsomely frescoed, and the pillars touched up in gold, the prevailing color of the house being blue PUT and gold. One hundred and eighty-six patent iron uplifting chairs, similar to those used at Niblo's, have been placed in the orchestra. New matting has been laid on the floors and in the lobby, which has also been re-painted and fixed up. Everything has been done to improve the house, and it is now one of the best arranged and handsomest theatres in this city. The season commences on the 17th inst. with W. H. Lingard as the principal attraction. It is the intention of the management to wipe out all traces of the music hall business and conduct it as a vaudeville and variety theatre, not permitting any negro acts on the stage.

TONY PASTOR opened his season at his Opera House, in the Bowery, on the 3d inst. The company remains the same as last season, excepting the addition of Helene Smith and Johnny Thompson. The last named performer was unable to appear on the opening night, having been sick for several days; but he, much against the wishes of his friends, appeared on the 4th, and was pretty weak. He got through his performances, and continued on during the week. Each performer received a warm welcome, and the show went off very well. Johnny Thompson was favorably received, and, at the close of his song and dance, gave on the *encore* his performances on nearly every brass and string instrument in the orchestra. Miss Alice Somers shows signs of improvement in her clog dancing, and receives an *encore* each evening. Jennie Engel sang a number of songs, which were heartily applauded. Tony Pastor appeared in a *melange* of songs, singing, for the first time here, George Leybourne's, the English vocalist, song of the "Clown in the Pantomime," and "Lights that we see in the City." Business was pretty good during the week.

THE BRYANTS make no change in their programme this week, Eugene's burlesque of "Ill True Bad-Doer" continuing in favor with the audiences. The Bryants are busily engaged on a new burlesque written expressly for them by John Brougham, for which they are said to have paid $2,000, and which, we are told, exceeds in wit his burlesque of "Pocahantas."

MRS. JEAN LANDER opens the season at the Broadway Theatre on the 31st inst. Mr. and Mrs. Florence, who are expected home early in September, will follow, with a new piece

VERY RICH.—A few weeks since a manager called upon a critic attached to a daily paper and informed him that he was about to present a new musical entertainment to the notice of the public, that he had the use of a column or two in a certain weekly paper, and that he would like the aforesaid critic to write him a long and favorable notice of the coming performance, which article he intended to publish in the columns of the weekly alluded to. The plot of the piece, the cast, artists' business, incidents, etc., were furnished the critic, and in due time a most excellent notice, "written to order," was handed to the worthy manager, who, we presume, passed over the equiv. for the same and the "little arrangement" was thus comp'eted. The following issue of the weekly, "controlled by the manager," contained "this first rate notice," and in a few days thereafter the writer copied it into his daily, without giving credit to the paper in which it originally appeared. This excited the ire of the editor of the weekly, who, being unacquainted with the real authorship of the article, pitched into the daily with "unrelenting fury," calling the musical editor of that journal "a lazy, worthless, inefficient person, of small brains and bad manners," who, "lacking the energy and ability to honestly earn his salary as a musical critic, goes from the weekly a well written article on a current topic, *obtained by us at some cost and a good deal of labor*," etc; and otherwise giving the unfortunate musical critic a heavy dose of pepper What the feelings of the irate weekly gentleman must have been when he discovered that the article which cost "us a good deal of labor," etc., *was written by the "lazy, inefficient and worthless person,"* may be better imagined than described.

B. F. and JOHN TRYON, from Boston, Mass., and well known in the profession, were in this city the past week.

M. C. DALY, the low comedian, while coming to this city on August 4th, from Rondout, was robbed of a trunk containing his wardrobe, valued at $400. Mr. Daly discovered that during the night his trunk key and check had been stolen from his pocket, and his trunk had been carried away before he appeared to claim it. Detectives took charge of the case and were successful in discovering the thief and recovering the property.

A FALPABLE HIT.—If the production of "Foul Play" at the Worrell Sisters' Theatre, on the 3d inst., did not make as palpable a hit as anticipated, there was, nevertheless, one hit made. It appears that Mr. D. H. Harkins, the stage manager, was not pleased with affairs as conducted by the stage carpenter, and after indulging in some rather unpleasant remarks, made a break for the man, Denham, and in return Denham went for Harkins, resulting in the latter getting an ugly cut over the eye, which received said vision that it immediately went into deep mourning. We are told that as soon as the scrimmage was started, Denham was joined by his assistants, and all had a hand in at Harkins, who, it is thought, must have been cut by one of the screws used for stage business. A pretty state of affairs, truly.

ROSE EYTINGE returned from Europe on the 4th inst.

JOHN BROUGHAM has already secured for his theatre on 23d street—late Fifth Avenue Minstrel Hall—Mary Carr, first old woman; Fanny Prestige, Effie Germon, Cornelia Jefferson and W. C. Crosby. Mr. Schonberg will be stage manager.

JOHN ELSLER, manager of the Academy of Music, Cleveland, Ohio, was in town last week.

LYDIA THOMPSON'S burlesque troupe, consisting of Lydia Thompson, Ada Harland, Pauline Monkham, Lisa Wiber, Henry Bckett and Mr. Connolly, was to have sailed from Liverpool on Aug. 12th, accompanied by William Henderson, business manager, late manager of the Prince of Wales' Theatre, Liverpool. The company will open at Wood's Museum and Metropolitan Theatre.

JAMES TAYLOR, the comic vocalist, whose services were so much sought after by the music hall managers of London, and who was put up at auction and knocked down to the highest bidder about a year ago, is on his way to this country. We understand that he comes to this country to appear in the various music halls, not for a salary, but on sharing terms. But "they don't do that 'ere business here, you know."

MR. AND MRS. HARRY WATKINS commenced an engagement at the Broadway Theatre on the 3d inst., opening in a four act drama, entitled "Trodden Down, or Under Two Flags," originally produced in the South by Mr. Watkins at his own production, under the title of "Trodden Down, or the Lost Cause." The second and third acts are taken from "Inshavogue," an Irish drama played at this theatre last season by the Florences, and in turn is translated from the French play of "Jocrisse the Juggler," produced at the New Bowery Theatre on several occasions. Mr. Watkins has taken this drama and written two new acts, the first and fourth, retaining the second and third acts, changing the escape of Fergus to his arrest, so as to carry the interest into another act. In the "Inshavogue," during the scrimmage, the "White Boys" rush in and Fergus escapes, while Mr. Watkins has caused his arrest. The story is that of a lost child, who has been adopted by a rich man and brought up as his own, causing his wife to believe that it is their own, they having lost by death a child in infancy while the wife was in a delirium. At the close of the play the child is discovered to be the daughter of a poor piper who fought in 1798 in the cause of Ireland and fled the country, residing in America eighteen years. Mr. Watkins has made a capital acting drama and we never saw him do a better piece of character acting than that of Fergus, the Shingawn, and Dermot the Piper. Throughout the entire performance he appears to considerable advantage. Mrs. Watkins has a good part, to which she does justice. She sang "Home, Sweet Home," "Old Folks at Home," "Sweet Dear," "Nora O'Neal" and "The Dearest Spot on Earth" with much feeling, each one of which was *encored*. Miss Desmond is the name of a young lady that we have never before seen. She appears to be a new beginner for histrionic fame. There is a peculiar brightness and exuberance of manner in her acting that may make her a fine actress. She has as good an Irish brogue as we ever heard.

SIG. P. PICARD, business manager for Chiarini's Circus, arrived on this city during the past week from California.

"HUMPTY DUMPTY" continues to attract excellent audiences to the Olympic Theatre As the nights grow cooler the attendance becomes much better, and this successful pantomime bids fair to run up to November, the commencement of the fall and winter season, when Joseph Jefferson and his dog Schneider appear.

A RUSH of business is being done by those dramatic agents, Messrs. Lowell and Simmonds, whose office is crowded every day with managers and performers, who are busily engaged transacting their comm; season's business through this firm. Among our theatrical advertisements this week will be found a number from this firm.

E. C. DOBSON teaches the banjo at his residence 123 Prince street, this city.

L. A. HITCHCOCK will be at the Revere House in this city on the 12th inst.

WETMORE & Co., having taken the dramatic agency business lately conducted by Frank Rivers, advertise in this issue of the CLIPPER for talent. See their various cards.

JULIA FITZPATRICK, serio-comic vocalist from London, Eng., advertises for engagements in another column.

MRS. MARIE WILKINS, an excellent actress, whose *forte* is first old woman and characters, and leading heavy business, may be engaged through Messrs. Lowell & Simmonds, as per advertisement. Mrs. W. is at present in this city.

KELLY AND LEON'S MINSTRELS commence their season in this city on the 24th inst. A burlesque on "Barbe Bleue," entitled the "Blue Barber," will be the first production.

THE SAN FRANCISCO MINSTRELS open their season on the 31st inst. Quite a number of scene artists and property men and costumers are busily engaged on the new burlesque to be given on the opening night. In scenic effect it is thought it will surpass anything yet witnessed in a minstrel hall in this city.

ANNIE DELAND, formerly of Laura Keene's Theatre, this city, but who has been absent from the boards for a few years, is making arrangements for an early return to the stage. She is at present in this city.

ILLNESS OF THE MENKEN.—We are in receipt of a telegram direct from Paris to the effect that Ada Isaacs Menken was lying dangerously ill at her residence in Paris. She had but lately arrived there to fulfil an engagement at the Theatre du Chatelet, to open in her drama of "The Pirates of Savanne," but her sudden illness cancelled the contract.

GEORGE BECKS is passing his leisure hours practicing botany and enjoying the salt water breezes at the Beach House, Fort Hamilton, N. Y.

WILLIAM POST, who has been connected with the Bowery Theatre for the past twenty-five years, and is about severing his connection with that establishment, has been tendered a complimentary benefit there on the 13th inst., on which occasion a host of volunteer talent will appear. For a list of those who will assist at the farewell, see advertisement in another column. The programme offered is such as to ensure a crowded house.

Dramatic.

BUCKLAND'S TROUPE reopened at the Theatre Royal, Montreal, on the 3d, to an unusually good house. Our correspondent says:—"The play was 'Macbeth,' the afterpiece 'Don Giovanni.' 'Macbeth' was cast in a hurry and was a failure. The scenes stuck, the cauldron wouldn't sink and the players were poorly dressed. Mr. Vandenhoff lacked *physique*, and his elocution and reading of the character were severely criticised. Langdon made a very good Macduff, Griffith a good first witch, Mrs. Charles Hill a bad third one. The choruses were weak. Miss I. Cameron played Lady Macbeth fairly. Miss Rance is weak. The regular season will close on the 20th, when Vining Bowers will open in the 'White Fawn,' I believe. Ed. Coles comes here about the 10th of September to play all winter. Harry Langdon will remain to play leading business till December. Vandenhoff takes a benefit on Thursday, 6th, playing 'Hamlet;' Miss Rance has one on Saturday night, 8th. Ed. O'Baldwin is here, having concluded his engagement with Howe's Circus, and will spar at the theatre on Friday, 7th."

GEORGE HAMILTON advertises in another column for a position in some first class theatre as utility man.

MISS JEAN HOSMER may be engaged for the forthcoming season by addressing her as per card in another column.

MARY GLADSTANE commences an engagement at the Theatre Royal, Montreal, on the 17th inst.

WALKER AND HEATON'S COMPANY were at Cold Spring, N. Y., on the 6th and 7th inst. O. B. Collins, Kate Raymond, Harry Lindley, Florence Webster, Mrs. R. Monell and Annie Byson are in the company.

MISS ANNIE E. BILLINGHAM was married on July 30th at Chelsea, Mass., to a gentleman of Demerara, and has retired from the profession.

O. W. BLAKE AND JULIA WESTON BLAKE, the former low comedian, the latter leading lady, are now prepared to receive propositions for engagements for the forthcoming season. Their address is given in their card in our advertising columns.

OLIVE LOGAN'S comedy of "Surf," which ran last season at the Arch, Philadelphia, is now nearly ready for production at the Boston Museum. Manager Field closed the house last week for the purpose of cutting the stage for the surf scene. This is the sensation scene of the piece, and the entire stage is to be cut for its proper presentation. The action of the comedy is to be located at Newport (at the Arch it was located at Cape May, that being the favorite Philadelphia watering place), and several months ago the principal scenic artist of the Museum was dispatched to Newport to make the necessary sketches and designs. Extensive preparations have been made for the production of the piece. The manager expects to produce it during the early part of October.

"THE SIX PRENTON," one of the stories published in the CLIPPER, has been dramatized by George Aiken, and will be produced at the Boston Museum during the fall season.

FLORENCE TEMPLE, the equestrian actress, played at the Opera House, Williamsburgh, L. I., on the 6th, 7th and 8th inst., in the equestrian drama of "Mazeppa." She had a succession of good houses, and is said to have made a favorable impression. Managers wishing to secure her for the fall and winter engagements can address her care CLIPPER office.

THE HANLON BROTHERS' COMBINATION occupy Selwyn's Boston Theatre this week.

KATE FISHER, having placed all her business arrangements in the hands of Lowell and Simmonds, those gentlemen are prepared to negotiate with managers for six or twelve nights for the production of equestrian dramas.

IN CHICAGO cooler weather has had the effect of increasing the attendance at the theatres. Our correspondent "Lotterer" under date of Aug. 6th, says:—"Benefits are the order of the week at Crosby's, La Petite Schlager leading off on Monday night to a good house, followed by Sothe last night, Mrs. Oates tonight, Mlle. Wessael to-morrow (Thursday) night, Bonfanti Friday night, and the *corps de ballet* on Saturday, Aug. 8th, the closing night. Of all these it is safe to predict that Mrs. Oates will have by far the better house. Mlle. Vestvroli could not see the terms, so would not let her name go on for a benefit. Monday evening, Aug. 10th, Mr. C. D. Hess will receive a grand testimonial benefit tendered him by citizens of Chicago. The *ballet* troupe will then proceed to Philadelphia..... Mark Smith opened at McVicker's on Monday night, Aug. 3d, in 'School for Scandal,' appearing as Sir Peter Teazle to the Lady Teazle of Mrs. Cowell. The house was well filled with an appreciative audience, who welcomed back the legitimate with open jaw. The applause was genuine and not *superficial*, as has been the case too often of late. Mr. Marlowe appeared as Charles Surface, Bock as Joseph Surface, Sam Myers as Old Backbite, and Miss Quinten Lady Candor. In the fourth act the screen scene was worked up as smoothly yet powerfully as I have ever seen it. Mr. Smith looks the 'Old English' to perfection, and that his acting was admired by the audience was made manifest by his being called before the curtain several times. He does a round of old comedies during his engagement..... Arlington's Minstrels closed at Wood's, Chicago, on Monday evening, Aug. 3d, with a benefit as was a benefit to manager Haverly, and next Monday, Aug. 10th, the museum re-opens under the following re; ime:—Frank E. Aiken, lessee and manager; F. L. Keller, stage manager; Geo. Stevens, leader of orchestra; D. C. Waugh and H. Morrison, scenic artists; Crouse Bros., machinists; H. Sesson, costumer; properties, Geo. Slate; supt. of Museum, Jas. Mann. R. L. Marsh remains in the box office, and Jerry Courtwright is

and coal mines of Nova Scotia during the latter part of July They had been at Mount Uniacke, Waverley, Renfrew, Shubinacadea, Truro, Coal Mines, New Glasgow and Pictou; and were at Antigonish Aug. 1st and 3d; Sherbrook, 4th and 5th; Goldenville, 6th; Wine Harbor, 7th; Port Mulgrove, 8th and 10th; and were to go thence to Harrisburg, Cape Briton, 11th; Plaister Cove, 12th; Port Hood, 13th, etc.

J. H. TAYLOR'S MINSTRELS were at Fall River, Mass., Aug. 3d. They were advertised to play in Taunton on the 4th, but were compelled to leave the town without giving a performance. When the time arrived for the company to make their appearance, they were advertising without an audience comprising just sixty persons, all told, dead-heads included. The manager gave it up and returned the audience their money. They went thence to Newport, R. I., the 5th; Yonkers, N. Y., 6th; Matteawan, 7th, and Rondout, 8th. The following is a list of the company:—J. H. Taylor, F. X. Diamond, H. Lockwood, E. Harrison, Jimmy Johnson, Walter Birch, Frank Dumont, Geo. Warren, Tom Yates, F. Blakely, J. L. Merchant, C. H. Coes.

CHARLEY PETTENGILL'S MINSTRELS closed at the Union Hotel Opera House, Saratoga, on the 8th. Charley had a complimentary benefit on the 6th, when nearly every seat was taken, and we understand the receipts were over $400. The company were to appear at Schenectady on the 10th for the benefit of H. T. Mudge, which will close their traveling season.

THE SAN FRANCISCO COMBINATION are again on the war path, and held forth at Spring Valley, N. Y., on the 6th, and went thence to Washingtonville for the 7th, and Chester, 8th. The following comprise the company:—L. R. DeVega, manager; Tommy Sheridan, stage manager; Harry Hamilton, musical director; Johnny Brassel, comedian and tenor; W. T. Kelly, interlocutor; S. P. Smith, ballad-ist, and Mickey Warren. Master Jerry McMillin, jig and clog dancer, joins the company at Chester.

Music Halls.

THE HOWARD ATHENÆUM, Boston, was announced to commence its season with the variety business on the 10th inst., under the management of Rich, Josh Hart, and J. Trowbridge. The following is a complete list of the company:—Johnny Thompson, Delehanty and Hengler, the Miaco Brothers, James Budworth, William Carleton, Harry Bloodgood, Charles Gardner, Andy Leavitt, Robert Smith, the Clinetop Sisters, George Winship, L. J. Donnelly, Josh Hart, J. Trowbridge, Hattie Moreley, Nellie Taylor, Mlle. Bertha, Laura Le Clair, Ida De Vere, Lizzie Whelpley, Julia Melville, Nellie Le Roy, Emma Wagstaff, Mlle. Josephine, Julia Somers, Maggie Vernon and Emma Miller.

MANAGER VALES, of Philadelphia, Pa., advertises for vocalists and *dancseuses* for his Winter Garden, in another column.

TIM HAYES, clog dancer, publishes a challenge to dance with any man in the world for the championship, in our advertising columns. As it has long been a question as to who is the better man, now is the time to bring it to a focus and find out who is the better man.

SUICIDES appear to be coming popular with professionals, as we have within a year chronicled the taking off of several by strychnine, opium, laudanum or drowning. The last victim is Edith Lamareux, well known in the music hall profession as a *danseuse*. It appears that she had contracted several debts which she could not pay, and this, coupled with some private domestic trouble, cause l her to take the fatal step. The night previous to her death—which occurred in New Orleans during the week ending August 1st.—she had had some difficulty with her male companion and she sought relief in her favorite narcotic—opium—and the result was her death. She had been seen under the influence of opium more than once. On one occasion, in her helplessne s, she had to be undressed and put to bed. It is not believed that she had any idea of destroying herself; in fact, she said she hadn't. The quarrel with her lover was not a matter of much moment. They seemed mutually desirous of parting, and it was understood he was never to call again unless sent for. When told of her expected dissolution she expressed an entire willingness to die, and thought it was all for the best. Her real name was Springstein. Her father, it is said, lives in Ohio, and her mother was a Spanish Creole.

THE VARIETIES, St. Louis, Mo., opened on July 27th as a variety place, the management finding it impossible to run it as a first-class theatre. The troupe comprises Ned West, Geo. Powers, Tony Benton, Joe Childs, Andy McKee, Johnny Smith, Master Ed. Haley, Sig. Constantino, D. E. Ralton, stage manager, G. A. Beane, Sallie Mason, Ada Wallace, Mlle. Elise, Drew, Fannie Beane, West and Powers. The afterpiece the past week was "Warlock of the Glen," with Ralton as Mathew, Chapman as Clanronald, Burnett as Andrew, Beane as Sandy and Sallie Mason as Adela.

AT THE METROPOLITAN MUSIC HALL AND VARIETY THEATRE, Washington, D. C., business continues excellent. Our correspondent, "Novice," writes:—"Quite a change has recently been made in the company as well as in the manner of giving the performance. It has been customary to give a regular minstrel first part, introducing besides the necessary number every member of the company; this has been abolished and a new order of things instituted. Manager Henze engaged a troupe of Tyrolese Warblers, six in number, and a first appearance occurred on July 27th. The Warblers appear in solos, duets, trios and choruses, and please greatly. Madame Hofer, the only female singer, possesses a soprano voice of considerable power, and executes solos in an excellent way. Negro acts are cleverly given by Messrs. Hall and Eagan, and the *ballet* is very well sustained by Jennie Eagan, Emma Marsh and Josie Farran. Mlle. Mollie Tournaire, the Spanish gymnast, appeared at this house on August 3d, and created considerable of a sensation."

ANNIE GIBBONS, female clogdist, comic vocalist and song and dance performer, can be engaged by music hall managers for brief engagements. Her address will be found in an advertisement elsewhere.

THE METROPOLITAN MUSIC HALL, Louisville, Ky., is now doing a prosperous business, we understand, under the management of J. F. Pike, and to add to its attractions additional talent is advertised for in another column.

THE VARIETIES THEATRE, Pittsburgh, Pa., which has been overhauled and improved of late, opens for the fall season on the 15th inst., under the management of H. W. Williams.

THE BALTIMORE OPERA HOUSE is doing an excellent business, we are informed. Mr. Edmund Glover, melo-dramatic actor, put in an appearance on the 3d inst. as Jack Sheppard. Miss Belle Thomas, balladist, has a fine voice, but it needs cultivation. The Florence Sisters are popular, especially in their double dance, and never fail to receive an *encore*. Miss Angela Sefton is undoubtedly a most graceful and finished *danseuse*. De Burton, Harry Forbes and De Bonay are still in the company.

DAVIS' MUSIC HALL, Baltimore, continues to attract good houses, the latest card being Lottie Edwards and Jimmy Quinn. Davis and his dog Fannie Elsler put in an occasional appearance.

CARRIE WESTON, *danseuse*, is filling an engagement at Union Music Hall, New Haven, Conn.

JENNY COHEN advertises in another column for an engagement in his various music hall specialties.

THE BARLOW BROTHERS, jiggists, clogists and sangists, want an engagement, and so advertise in another column.

AN ACCIDENT to a gymnast occurred on July 28th, while the Wilson Brothers were practicing at the Skating Rink, Milwaukee, Wis. Louis was attempting to turn a double somersault from a pedestal fifteen feet high and alight upon the shoulders of Luke, but his heel struck Luke on the neck, breaking his collar bone. A benefit was tendered him on August 5th.

AT THE OLYMPIC, Norfolk, Va., Charles Dunham, Maggie Mairs and Frank Addison appeared on Aug. 3d. Charles Dunham took the bone end.

JENNIE JOHNSON joined the forces at the Varieties, Norfolk, Va., on the 3d inst. Hen Mason has been favorably received in the song, "My Father Sould Charcoal." Julia Marsh was announced to open there on the 10th inst.

TILLY FORBES, says a correspondent, retires from the Varieties, Norfolk, Va., and from the stage altogether, on Aug. 8th, to proceed to Richmond, Va., where she was to be married soon after her arrival to John Snellings, a non professional.

J. B. WHITMAN and PHIL. DIFENBACH comedians, are in Norfolk, Va., waiting for something to turn up.

OSCAR WILLIS and AUGUSTA LAMAREUX opened an engagement at the Varieties, Richmond, Va., on Aug. 6th. Ada Wray, Jennie Benson, Morrisey Little, Julia Marsh and Louisa P. Wray are in the company.

THE COURT STREET MUSIC HALL is the only place of amusement open in Indianapolis, Ind. Manager Sam. E. Dinnin retains Bowman and Harris, song and dance men. R. T. Tyrell, balladist, is now the middle man. Mlle. Leocetta, and Mlle. Eugenia Erwin have been recently added.

THE NEW BELLA UNION, now being erected on the east side of Keamy street, north of Washington, San Francisco, for Sam Tetlow, is nearly completed. The stage will have a depth of 20 feet and a width of 45. The auditorium will be 68 feet long and 45 wide. The distance between the floor and ceiling will be 27 feet. The ochestra and dress circle will be constructed on the same plan as that of the late Academy of Music, and the Academy seats will be used. Above the dress circle and orchestra there will be a semi-circle of private boxes—23 in number. There will be four proscenium boxes, two on each side of the stage. The auditorium entrance will be on Washington street. The seating capacity will be about 900.

THE "CAN CAN" has made an immense hit at Fox's American Varieties, Philadelphia, and Zucardi, the *danseuse* has come with a rush. At 9 o'clock, P. M., when the "Can Can" is on, standing room is scarce. Manager Fox is deserving of his great success.

SPAULDING AND RIDWELL are in want of first class performers in all branches of the profession for the Academy of Music, New Orleans, commencing the season on Nov. 25th.

Miscellaneous.

WALL'S OPERA HOUSE, Washington, D. C., with scenery and all necessary appointments, and having a seating capacity of twelve hundred, may be rented by addressing Mr. W. L. Wall, as per advertisement.

M. HARTZ, illusionist, was to have remained in Ingersoll Hall, St. Paul, Minn., until Aug. 8th, after which he intends to visit all of the surrounding towns.

THE CITIZENS of Bloomington, Ill., have the repute of being very fond of amusements generally, dramatic and minstrel particularly, and fortunately for them they have a friend in Dr. Schroeder, who has erected a convenient edifice there that his fellow citizens may hear and see good performances. This is an evidence of generous character, and managers traveling that way should not fail to send their advance agents there to enter into a contract. We are informed that a good dramatic company would do well there for a fortnight. Schroeder's Opera House is a convenient establishment, and details of its fittings and appointments may be found in another column.

JAMES TAYLOR, a popular comic performer of Great Britain, is supposed to be *en route* for this country with a company of good performers, with the purpose of amusing the people of America in his specialities. His representative, Mr. Edward Pailthorp, is now arranging preliminaries for his first appearance.

MR. STEPHEN MASSETT (Jeems Pipes) has made a hit in San Francisco, we are told, in his new descriptive lecture called "Sixty Minutes in Japan and China." He will shortly give it in New York.

PROF. MORRY is traversing the territories. He had given four performances in Georgetown, Colorado Territory, up to July 28th, and was to give three more prior to his departure for Salt Lake City. On July 27th, in Georgetown, he had a crowded house. At that time there was a *heavy snow storm there.*

WOLCOTT'S VARIETY TROUPE performed in Pendleton, Ind., on July 31st and August 1st, under canvas. Lou Ginger, Charley Bartine and the Wolcott Family are the principal features.

"PARIS—CITY OF LUXURY," is the title of Olive Logan's new lecture for the coming fall season.

JOHN DENIER'S COMBINATION performed in Eau Clair, Wis., on July 29th and 30th; Chippewa Falls, 31st and Aug. 1st; and were to go thence to Red Wing, Minn.; Prescott and Minneapolis. The company at present consists of John Denier, Frank Carlton, E. M. Hall, Tom Coleman, E. T. Smith, T. Heser, Robert, Fred., John and Rudolph Christy, Maggie Willett and Ada Austin.

COWHIDED.—A few weeks ago a party by the name of Morningstar opened the Varieties Theatre, Louisville, Ky., having engaged a company, including a number of *ballet* girls. Having very little, if any money, and business proving bad, the ghost did not peregrinate the day set forth for his perambulations. Naturally enough some of the company became uneasy, more so when a number of landladies demanded their week's board. One enraged individual took the matter in hand, and on the 1st inst., in the vicinity of the Varieties, made a scientific application of the skin of the cow to the hide of the Morning Star, and it is natural to suppose that he saw several stars just about that time.

MRS. NELSON KNEASS' burletta entertainments are still continued at the Fourth Street Theatre, Cincinnati. George Radcliffe is no longer with the troupe, and the principal attraction is the singing and chambermaid acting of Miss Annie Kneass. During part of last week she appeared in an original interlude entitled "A Bachelor's Advertisement for a Wife," and afterwards in "Jenny Lind." The singing and musical portion of the programme is really good, and deserves better encouragement. James Cregan, of the company, was to have had a benefit on Friday, the 7th inst.

TWELVE MEN are required to go through and clean out the "Great Organ" of Boston annually. The expense attending the operation is said to be $300.

S. BEHREN, musical conductor, who has been recticating at Cape May, conducted ashore about fifty pounds of blue fish a few days ago.

THE JAPANESE JUGGLERS have been doing well at Nevada City.

A CORNET PLAYER, one who can well the trumpet blow, to be says, advertises for a "posish" in another column over the signature of B. B. Dale.

THE PEAK FAMILY, bell ringers, and Sol. Smith Russell, the humorist, were at Cooperstown, N. Y., on August 8th.

CALCIUM LIGHTS may be procured of Thomas D. Benson, as per advertisement.

R. CRAIG'S entertainment at the Columbia House, Cape May, on the 5th inst., was a success, his imitations of prominent actors and literary characters receiving the warmest applause.

KATE BREVOORT, scric-comic vocalist and pianist, may be engaged for the fall and winter season by addressing her as per card in our advertising columns.

DEATH OF A FAMOUS MUSICIAN.—Mr. Philip Ernst, a flute player of repute, a thorough musician and a good citizen, died at Morrisania, N. Y., on Wednesday, Aug. 5th, at the age of 76½ years, of cholera morbus. His funeral took place on the 7th inst., and was very largely attended by relatives, friends and prominent musicians from New York and those in his immediate neighborhood, including Messrs. Wollenhaupt, Bristow, Nash, Speck and Wells, and a fine band from this city, whose music, plaintive and mournful, was most excellent, and well adapted to the occasion. Although retired from public performances, he continued to give lessons up to the 3d inst. Philip Ernst was born February 25th, 1792, at Mentz, Hesse Darmstadt, Germany; his father was a noted gunsmith of that city at that time. He, to please his father, endeavored to learn the same trade, but having met with a serious accident, was confined to his bed for more than three years, and then compelled to undergo a severe surgical operation, the first of the kind ever performed until then, consisting of having his thigh bone actually cut out with a chisel, an operation he endured without being bound or rendered insensible by chloroform, then unknown to the medical fraternity. It was at this time that Dr. Leydis, his physician, observing that he was fast losing flesh, recommended him to play the flute and thereby to exercise his lungs; it was this painful circumstance that inducted him to the musical profession, inasmuch as his father, having been deprived suddenly of his property by the invasion of Napoleon the first, in Germany, Philip promptly arose from his bed, and on crutches at once began to give lessons on the flute and play in public, in which, fortunately, he met with great success; so much so that he was appointed first flutist at the theatre of his native place, where he remained until, ambitious to see the world, he started on a tour through Germany and Switzerland, meeting everywhere with warm reception and applause. About that time he made the acquaintance of the celebrated composer, Winter, and, encouraged by this great musician, began the study of composition, which led soon afterwards to his engagement at the Royal Theatre, Munich, as first tenor singer, in which he made such a signal triumph that most persons would not again have exchanged the stage for the concert-room and orchestra; but the flute was his favorite, so he refused to renew his lyric engegement, and started for Paris, where he soon succeeded in getting appointed first flutist to King Charles, in which he continued until the revolution of 1830, when he followed the royal family to England, where he succeeded the celebrated flute player Nicholson, at the Royal Italian Opera. As his family grew up around him he did not remain there long, but in the wake of other first class musicians came to the United States, and was the first to introduce here, we understand, the famous Boehm flute, and here he made quite a name, fame, and, we are glad to say, a moderate fortune. Among his leading pupils were the mother of the present Napoleon, Princess Augusta, of Cambridge, Sir Robert Peel's daughters, Lord Brougham, Sir Henry Hardinge in the old country, and Messrs. J. White, D. P. Chamberlain and many others of high rank in the new world. He leaves an affectionate wife, son and daughter, we understand, to mourn his loss and sudden decease. We have known the old gentleman personally for some six years, and we never knew a more kind, affable and honest man. In the bourne to which he has gone we sincerely hope he may have found that peace and happiness which passeth all understanding. *Requiescat in pace*

PARepa ROSA continued too ill to give her proposed concert at Oakland, Cal., on July 24th, and the Metropolitan Theatre, San Francisco, on the 25th.

A CANVAS is offered for sale in an advertisement elsewhere.

FRED LUBIN, one of the Lubin Brothers, having opened an office in East Thirteenth street, is prepared to attend to the wants of professionals upon every subject relating to the show business. He offers to furnish negro farces, sketches, gags, singl and double acts for minstrel and music hall performers, mec-lramas, farces, transitions and adaptations from the French, for actors and actresses; in fact, novelty of every description he is prepared to furnish. Parties who have any little pledges that they may wish to dispose of for a little while will find in Mr. Lubin an obliging person, as making advances on show "props" is a specialty with him. He also continues the manufacture of magicians' apparatus. Consult his advertisement elsewhere for further particulars.

THE ARABIAN NIGHTS' ENTERTAINMENT commenced a four nights' stay in Halifax, N. S., on Aug. 7th.

THE TOM THUMB COMBINATION was in Halifax, N. S., on the 4th, 5th and 6th inst.

THE INDIAN SHOW, under the management of Charles L. Howard, was at London, Ohio, Aug. 6th; Columbus, 7th; Newark, 8th; Zanesville, 10th, and Columbus, 11th. The company then travel, performing under canvas at the State Fairs.

AT YOUNGSTOWN, O., they have a new hall, just finished in good style with all the necessary appointments, having a seating capacity of 1,000, and a well located. Managers who intend traveling that way should read Mr. Confoy's card in our advertising columns.

THE TYROLESE OPERA TROUPE, under the leadership of Edward Hofer, the well known Tyrolese singer and versatile performer, concluded their engagement in Washington, D. C., on the 8th inst. The troupe contains the following artists:—Mrs. Hofer, *prima donna* soprano; J. Lercher, first tenor and warbler; J. Baire, second tenor and warbler; Edw. Hofer, baritone and warbler; P. Lercher, first basso, and F. Oberfoncher, basso profundo. They can be engaged. See advertisement.

A. DEWEY, late of the Zanfretta combination, has settled down in Eu Clair, Wis., as agent for a Sewing Machine Company.

MR. JOHN DENIER'S Combination performed in Chippewa Falls, Wis., on the 3d and 4th inst., and Eu Clair 5th and 6th inst. A correspondent says:—"The brass band, led by Prof. Christie, astonishes the natives, and Edward Hall's drumming on his snare drum, as well as the way he manipulates the banjo, also surprises them. He is introducing to the public up here the 'Bell Chimes,' and it takes well. Maggie Willetts in her rapid changes in 'In and Out of Place,' her Irish Jig and 'Active Gal' go well, while John Denier's rope-walking always pleases and astonishes. Mr. Denier is at present negotiating to put his Combination under a 100 ft. oblong canvas."

Amateur.

THE BOOTHENIAN DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION, of Philadelphia, played the "Ticket of Leave Man" for their benefit on the 6th. An Old Actor, says:—"Mr. Tustin as Dalton was excellent; he introduced many fine and original points in the part. Mr. P. Francis as Brierly did very well and Mr. J. Quigley received commendation for the superb manner in which he impersonated the character of Hawkshaw. Mr. Fenno deserves credit for his make-up and playing of Melter Moss. Miss Annie Sheldon as Sam Willoughby looked and played the part well, whilst Mr. J. A. Buck as Mrs. Willoughby kept the house in continual roars of laughter. Miss Baker deserves censure for being so imperfect in the part of May Edwards, as this is the second or third time that she has played it. Mr. Wm. Brooks played Maltby. Mr. Perry is stage manager now."

THE JAMES MURDOCH DRAMATIC ASSOCIATION, of Pittsburgh, Pa, gave an entertainment at Masonic Hall on the 1st inst. The plays were "Lucretia Borgia" and "Maurice the Wood-Cutter." The playing of Gennaro by Mr. J. C. Raymond, and Lucretia by Miss Jennie Stanley, is said to have been good.

THE FORREST ASSOCIATION, of Baltimore, Md., give a performance of "The Advocate," the trial scene from "Merchant of Venice," and "Unwarrantable Intrusion," at Wall's Opera House, Washington, D. C., on the 11th inst., for the benefit of the sufferers by the late flood at Ellicott City, Md.

Foreign Show News.

LONDON SHOW NEWS.—The London managers have been experiencing some pretty hot weather of late, and in consequence business has not been good at the various places of amusement open. Charles Mathews closed his performances at the Adelphi Theatre on July 25th, and the "Flying Scud" was to be brought out on the 27th..... The Princess' closed on July 25th, to prepare for the early production of Boucicault's new drama of "After Dark, a Tale of London Life"..... The Queen's closed on July 23d for a rehearsal of "The Lancashire Lass," by H. J. Byron, produced on the 24th for W. H. Liston's benefit. ..... The French plays at the St. James' terminated on July 25th with the benefit of Mlle. Schneider..... The Prince of Wales' closed on the 25th..... At the Haymarket a series of tragic revivals commenced on July 20th with a performance of "Othello." Mr. Pennington appearing as Othello and Ada Cavendish as Desdemona. "King John" followed on the 21st, being James Anderson's first appearance since his Australian engagement. He is said to have introduced innovations and alterations in the character. Miss Frances Bouverie made her London *debut* as Constance. She is said to be pretty, but does not possess much physical power. For Mr. Coe's benefit on July 24th, Mrs. Scott Siddons made her last appearance prior to her departure for America, as Beatrice in "Much Ado About Nothing."..... At the Alexandra a new burlesque on "Giselle" has been produced. Blondin continues at this house..... "Lady Anne's Well, or the Warning Spirit," is a new drama by Mr. Travers, produced at the Britannia on July 20th..... J. B. Johnstone is the author of a new drama entitled "Bonnie Prince Charlie," produced at the East London Theatre on July 20th..... Daniel Bandmann appears at the Lyceum, under E. T. Smith's management, early in September, in a new play by Bulwer. Boothroyd Fairclough will follow Bandmann, for a few nights only..... Mr. Gye terminated his season of Italian Opera on July 23d. Taken on the whole it was not a brilliant or successful season. The season closed with Patti's benefit, when she appeared in "Romeo," "Faust," and "La Figlia."..... Her Majesty's Opera House closed its season on August 1st. Mdlle. Christine Nilsson appeared in "Il Flauto Magico" and met with a failure. While singing her first air it was evident that the excesive heat had affected her throat, and it became still more evident, after she had too generously accepted an unreasonable *encore*, that it would be unwise for her to attempt the second song. Hence no one was surprised at the stage manager's appearance with an apology, however much the result was disappointing. That some present were disgusted, the few hisses which followed Mdlle. Nilsson off the stage made clear. Clara Louise Kellogg appeared as Linda on July 27th,' for her benefit. Christine Nilsson gave scenes from "La Traviata," "Faust" and "Lucia," for her benefit on July 30th, and the closing performance was the first act of "Norma." "Fidelio," "I Due Foscari" and third act of "Medea" for Tit'en's benefit.... Azella, the flying trapezist, was succeeded at the Amphitheatre on July 20th by M. Onra. There is also at this establishment a female acrobat whose remarkable suppleness of body is displayed in two or three very difficult feats. Placing the back of her head on a cushion, and having the points of twelve swords resting on her face, she makes several perfect evolutions without disturbing the weapons..... "Under the Gaslight" has been successfully produced at the Pavilion..... Agnes Cameron, an American actress, was to open Astley's for a summer season on August 1st, with the poetic play of "Alarcos."..... Mr. Dillon will make his appearance at Drury Lane on the 15th of October, in a four act drama, on which Mr. Bayle Bernard is now engaged..... Mr. W. Brough has written a burlesque for the Queen's Theatre..... Mr. Alfred Wigan, who has retired from the New Queen's Theatre, has accepted an engagement at the Gaiety, now being constructed in the Strand, and will make his appearance at Christmas, under the lesseeship of Mr. John Hollingshead..... Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Wigan will return during the autumn to the Queen's Theatre, and will appear in an original five act play by Mr. Watts Phillips. A second drama by Mr. Watts Phillips has been accepted at the same theatre, and a sensation piece, by the same author, is in preparation at the Surrey..... "Armida" is said to be in rehearsal at the Grand Opera. At the same theatre a Mlle. Hisson, pupil of the Conservatoire and of M. Wartel, the instructor of Madame Trebelli and Mlle. Nilsson, is reported to have made a favorable *debut* in "Il Trovatore."

PARIS SHOW ITEMS.—According to M. Jules Favre, the languishing state of the drama in France is due to that fatal hankering after government subsidies which afflicts that country. The 1,835,000 fr. given yearly by the government is nearly all expended in scenic effects, which neither Corneille nor Moliere ever dreamt of, and which, quickly exhaust rival managers. A subsidy once accepted, the manager is a slave, and soon finds out to his cost that what the administration gives him with one hand it takes away with the other. If any one takes into account the money laid out in the *mise-en-scene*, and the tax of an eighth of the receipts paid to the hospitals, it is not astonishing to find so many theatres with their doors closed, and dramatic authorship at a discount..... Mr. R. Reece, author of several burlesques produced at the New Royalty Theatre and elsewhere, is writing a comedy for the new Gaiety Theatre. Mr. R. Soutar and Miss Ellen Farren have been engaged at this house..... A three-act comedy, by M. de Loris, "*Les Marie sont Esclaves*," and a one-act sketch, by M. Octave Gastineau, have been produced at the Gymnase Dramatique.

MRS. PYNE-GATTON gave a farewell concert in Gravesend, Eng., on July 25th, prior to her departure for America.

"UNDER THE GASLIGHT" was produced in Leeds, Eng., by Mortimer Murdoch, on July 20th.

THE NOTA THEATRE, Turin, was lately destroyed by fire, as noticed in our last. The disaster occurred during the performance of "Crispino e la Comare." The house was crowded, and the piece had arrived at about the middle of the second act, when the scream of a woman was heard from behind the scenes, followed by the noise of hurried footsteps and a cry of "Keep your places, it is nothing." The clothes of a female dancer had caught fire, and in her terror she had run about with her shirt in a blaze, and had thus set light to some drapery at the wings; she was, however, firmly enveloped in a linen cloth, and the flames of her dress were extinguished before she had suffered any injury. The alarm had, however, spread among the spectators, and a general rush was made for the doors; for a moment there was great danger of loss of life from the pressure, but some young men who were in the gallery above, and could see what was going on near the stage, called out that the fire was over. About half the spectators then returned to their seats, while those who were nearest the door left the building. The disaster had indeed, for a moment, appeared to be at an end, as the canvas on fire had been torn and trampled under foot. But the flames had found in the painted scenes and light wood-work an aliment too favorable, and the flames again appearing the panic once more became general; screams were heard on all sides, several women fainted, many persons jumped from the windows on the staircase, and every one made for the street, leaving behind hats, shawls, umbrellas, etc. The scene outside was most curious; the spectators might be seen, some head bare and others with clothes torn from their backs, hurrying to and fro in search of friends or relatives; the actors and actresses were in their costumes, while some of the *ballet* girls, who had been surprised while dressing, were between two toilets, half civil and half theatrical. The flames in the meantime had gained the pit and galleries, and, as the interior of the house was constructed of wood and canvas only, any attempt to check the progress of the fire was useless, and in a short time nothing but the blackened walls remained.

SIGNOR ROSSINI, it is stated, intends to found a music school in his native town, Pesaro, to which professors of the first class are to be attached.

THEATRE ROYAL, Margate, Eng., was opened for the season on July 23d, under Sarah Thorne's management, with the "Black Sheep."

WILLIAM CHALONER, of the London Hall and Circus, Manchester, Eng., died there on July 22d, aged 39 years.

JOSEPH BROOK, vocalist, died in Yorkshire, Eng., on July 21st, aged 65 years.

BUCKSTONE'S LONDON COMPANY opened a brief season in Liverpool, Eng., at the Theatre Royal, on July 20th, in "School for Scandal."

E. P. HINGSTON is said to be meeting with success in the management of the Hall by the Sea, at Margate.

THEATRICAL STATISTICS.—The show world is pretty well represented in Great Britain, as there are thirty-three theatres in London, six in Liverpool and three in Glasgow, as well as fourteen circuses in various parts of the kingdom. Of the metropolitan theatres eight have been totally destroyed by fire during the past twenty-seven years; namely, Astley's, the Garrick Theatre, Lyceum Street, Whitechapel, the Olympic, Pavilion, Covent Garden, Surrey, Standard and Her Majesty's Theatre. During the past year one hundred and twenty-five new pieces were produced upon the theatres and twenty-one Christmas burlesques and pantomimes. There are forty music halls in London, and the artists thereof comprise one hundred and seventy-one sentimental singers, one hundred and seventy comic singers, twelve Irish comic and one hundred and seventeen serio-comic performers. There are also seventy-five comic duettists, one hundred and one parties of so-called "negro delineators," forty-three single, duetto, or troupes of dancers, one hundred and eight single or associated gymnasts and acrobats, ten jugglers, balancers, &c., six dog and monkey troupes, nine comic trios, quartets, ballet companies, &c., and sixteen wizards and ventriloquists.

ADELINA PATTI was married on the morning of July 29th, at a Roman Catholic Church at the Clapham Road, London, Eng., to the Marquis de Caux, a nobleman of ancient family, and at present Equery to the Emperor of the French. The Duke of Manchester and Mr. Costa gave away the bride; Miss Harris, Mlle Rita, daughter of Mario, and M'lle Zani were the brides-maids. The witnesses were the Prince de la Tour d'Auvergne, the French Ambassador, and the Secretaries of the French Legation. Patti will continue on the lyric stage for some time longer under her maiden name, having accepted engagements in St. Petersburgh, Paris and London.

AQUATICS.

THE CHAMPIONSHIP OF HALIFAX HARBOR.

GEORGE BROWN AGAIN WINS THE BELT.

Ten years since Dr. Chas. Cogswell, of Halifax, N. S., with a view to promoting the growth of the healthful exercise of boating among the youth of that section, offered a champion sculler's belt of the value of $150, which was to be competed for yearly, and won five times successively by the same person ere it became his personal property. At the same time the sum of $400 was placed by him in the hands of the manager of the Royal Halifax Yacht Club, the interest of said amount, together with all entrance fees, to be paid yearly to the successful competitor. The first contest for the trophy took place at a regatta held on Sept. 8th, 1858, and resulted in the success of Bernard Gallagher, he defeating seven opponents. The second contest came off on the 13th of July, 1859, when George Lovitt was declared champion. On the 10th of August, 1860, Jeremiah Holland won the belt. It was then decided that in the future the race should take place on the 1st day of August in each year. In 1861, 1862 and 1863 George Lovitt was victorious, thus winning the belt four times. Halifax and particularly the "north end" was not a little proud of the champion who, it was thought, must carry the prize off altogether. It was not so, however. In 1864 a greater man than Lovitt appeared on the harbor in the person of George Brown, a hardy fisherman, who was declared the victor. In 1865, 1866 and 1867 Brown participated in keen contests, and in each case became the champion. This brings us down to the present year, and concerning the contest which took place on the 1st inst. the *Chronicle* speaks as follows:—

"Lovitt and Brown having each won the belt four times, one more victory would make either of them owner of it. Lovett did not compete last year, and it was said that he had retired from the contest. This year, however, he again appeared on the harbor for practice, and his friends expressed strong hopes that he would carry off the prize. The entries for the race were as follows:—

1. Tangier, 1st—George Lovitt.
2. Camilla—George Brown.
3. Anti—James Fergusson.
4. Fidget—James Brown.
5. Tangier, 2d—Edward Tracey.

"The weather was not favorable for the contest. The sky was cloudy and there was considerable fog hanging over the harbor. This, however, would not have greatly impeded the race, but the water was much too rough for scull boats. The harbor was alive with boats, in which parties were seeking a good view of the race, and thousands assembled on the wharves. George Brown's successive victories had made his friends confident of winning this race, and heavy odds were offered on him. We think there was not so much betting as in former years, the friends of the other competitors not caring to risk their money against such a formidable opponent. Next to George Brown, Tracey was the favorite.

"About half past eleven George Brown, James Brown, Edward Tracey and James Fergusson took their positions for the start. In consequence of the roughness of the weather, it is said, Lovitt determined not to row. At the signal the boats went away in fine style. Geo. Brown soon took the lead, followed closely by Tracey. James Brown was next and Fergusson last. This position was maintained throughout the race. It soon became evident that the race would be between George Brown and Tracey, Fergusson was being rapidly left behind, and James Brown, though doing very well, must have seen that he had no chance. Near the end of the course James Brown's boat upset, and then there were only George Brown and Tracey to finish the race. At twenty-three minutes and twenty-two seconds from the start George Brown passed the umpire's vessel about three boat lengths ahead of Tracey. The course was 2½ miles long. In smooth water 23.22 would not be considered very fast, but in rough water like that on Saturday it was excellent time. Brown pulled into Pryor's wharf, where he was received by an immense crowd of his admirers, who warmly congratulated him on his success. And thus for five years in succession has George Brown won the champion's belt, which now becomes his property. He has nobly won it. A fine oarsman has probably never appeared on Halifax harbor. Tracey pulls a splendid stroke, and even he must feel that it it no dishonor to be beaten by such an oarsman as George Brown. Tracey is a young man and a few years will do much to make him equal to the present champion.

"The contest for the championship is ended. The belt becomes the personal property of Brown, and it remains to be seen whether any of our citizens will come forward with another belt. Dr. Cogswell's gift of $400 remains in the hands of the Yacht Club. If within three years no person offers a belt for the championship the money reverts to the giver; but if any person will offer a belt, the interest of the $400 will still be paid to the annual winner. We are sure that the doctor would regret if the money was returned to him under these terms, and we may safely say that our citizens will not permit the gift to be lost, but before the 1st of August, 1869, a new belt will be offered. And here it may not be out of place to say that Dr. Cogswell watched the contest last year, and was so well pleased with Brown's oarsmanship that he offered to give the handsome sum of $200 towards sending him to England to compete with the English champion, an offer which we know he is still ready to carry out."

SHREWSBURY YACHT CLUB REGATTA.

The third annual regatta of the above club was held on the picturesque Shrewsbury river on Thursday, the 6th inst., the race being thrown open to entries from all surrounding organizations. The weather was favorable for both yachtsmen and spectators, and there was quite an extensive gathering of ladies and gentlemen present. The course was twelve miles in length, starting from Fair Haven dock, opposite Van Tine's Hotel, thence around a stakeboat opposite Port Washington, thence around stakeboat off Red Bank, thence back around stakeboat off Port Washington, thence between flagboat and dock at place of starting. John R. Mallery, Bayonne Yacht Club, and James E. Nolan, Neptune Yacht Club, were appointed judges, and S. J. Delan acted as referee. The prizes were:—For the first winning boat, $60; for the second, $30; the third, $20; the fourth, $10; the fifth, $5; the sixth, a silver cup. Shortly before two o'clock the following yachts appeared at the stakeboat. The time allowed was a minute and a half to the boat:—

Name.	*Owner.*	*Feet.*
Crazy Jane, N. Y. C.	Mr. Jenks	18
Abby, S. Y. C.	Mr. Masters	27
Flying Cloud, S. Y. C.	Mr. Hoffner	28
Dreadnought, Port Washington	Mr. Longstreet	26
Eliza Jane, S. Y. C.	Mr. Hendrickson	30
Lillie May, Hoboken	Mr. Fowler	21
Lavine, A. Y. C.	Mr. Heaman	26
Mattie, Bayonne Y. C.	Mr. Elsworth	27
Unknown, J. Y. C.	Mr. Cornet	22
Comet, New Jersey Y. C.	Mr. Hall	18
Georgia	Mr. L. World	20

At 2.15 the gun was discharged and the smaller craft were speedily under way in their regular order, a good start being obtained. The Mattie and Abby were among the last to get off, but they gained rapidly upon their rivals, passed them gallantly and made it soon apparent to all that the real contest lay between them. The superior sailing qualities of the Mattie were again made manifest, however, for she defeated all her competitors by over four minutes, the yachts coming home in the following order:—

Name.	*H.*	*M.*	*S.*	*Name.*	*H.*	*M.*	*S.*
Mattie	4	36	15	Lillie May	4	57	00
Abby	4	40	50	Crazy Jane	4	57	28
Comet	4	51	45	Eliza Jane	5	02	15
Lavine	4	56	15	Unknown	5	06	18

ELLIS WARD CHALLENGES RAYMOND.

One day last week Ellis Ward called at our office and left the subjoined challenge, which we hope will receive prompt attention from the oarsman to whom it is directed. Ellis' reason for the race should take place so soon after signing is, desiring that the race should take place on shore and cannot get away from his duties longer than that time. Read the *deft*:—

NEW YORK, August 5th, 1868.

EDITOR N. Y. CLIPPER.—Sir,—Hearing that John T. Raymond has, since his late defeat by my brother Charles, expressed a desire to row against any of the Ward Brothers, I hereby challenge him to pull me a three mile race, either in shells or seventeen foot working boats, for from fifty to one hundred dollars a side. The race to take place on the Hudson, at Haverstraw or Grassy Point, within four days from date of signing articles. By answering this and appointing a meeting for arranging preliminaries, the match can be made. Respectfully yours, ELLIS WARD.

THE PROPOSED INTERNATIONAL MATCH.—Agreeable to appointment, Josh Ward, Charley Feverelly, Ed. Fitzgerald and Henry Munn, on behalf of the Ward brothers, and Morton Price, on behalf of the British crew,

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

THE THEATRICAL or other Advertisements coming under the head of Amusements, fifteen cents per line for each and every insertion.

THE MISCELLANEOUS AND BUSINESS Advertisements, twenty cents per line for each and every insertion.

THE PUBLISHERS' AND BOOKSELLERS' AND BUSINESS Advertisements, twenty cents per line for each and every insertion.

NO ADVERTISEMENTS to be inserted in our News Department—such as are copied from other papers, etc., thirty cents per line; the same matter not to be inserted more than once.

WE RESERVE THE LEADED OR EDITORIAL COLUMNS nothing of a paid character can appear, as we reserve that space for a free and independent expression of our own opinions.

CASH TERMS ARE CASH. Advertisements to be paid for at the time of insertion.

A LIBERAL DEDUCTION from these rates will be made for Advertisements when paid for three months or longer *in advance*.

ADVERTISEMENTS should be sent in by noon of Mondays, at latest, to ensure their appearance in that week's issue.

ALL BUSINESS LETTERS or communications must be addressed to the undersigned.

FRANK QUEEN,
EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR NEW YORK CLIPPER,
No. 12 Spruce street, New York.

AMUSEMENTS.

JAMES T. JOHNSON & CO.'S
AMPHITHEATRICAL COMBINATION.

The management beg leave to inform the public that they now have on the road one of the
MOST COMPLETE ORGANIZATIONS THAT TRAVEL.
Among their features will be found a series of Equestrian, Gymnastic and Acrobatic Entertainments.
MRS. JAMES T. JOHNSON, the accomplished and daring Equestrienne. FRANKLIN is one of the most sagacious Trick Horses in the profession.
JOHNSON'S ETHIOPIAN TROUPE
appear in a melange of music, song, dance and witticisms.
THREE CLOWNS
appear at each performance. 12 21*

WALL'S OPERA HOUSE,
WASHINGTON, D. C.
FOR RENT by the night, week or month, for first class performances only. Scenery, etc., complete. Seats 1,200 comfortably.
For terms, etc., apply to
WILLIAM L. WALL,
24 South corner Penn avenue and Ninth street.

WANTED,
A situation as
UTILITY MAN
In some first class theatre. Can furnish references as to ability, etc. Salary no object. Address
GEORGE HAMILTON,
13-2t* No. 45 Fayette street, Boston, Mass.

WHERE ARE OUR DRAMATIC
COMPANIES AND THE TRAVELING COMPANIES
GENERALLY?
If you come West you must play at
SCHRODER'S NEW OPERA HOUSE,
BLOOMINGTON, ILLINOIS.
Rent not much more than the cash expenses. Seats by 300 to 400 more people than any other house in the city; has seven sets of scenery, full gas lights, etc., and the very best situation on horse railroad; next door to the Post Office, and opposite the Court House. Is well draw four to one. Address
13-5t* DR. H. SCHRODER, Proprietor, Bloomington, Ill.

TO BRASS BANDS. A first class
Cornet player and competent Leader wishes a position as Teacher and Director of some good Band. Is an experienced manager, has a large collection of Music and good facilities of obtaining latest and best selections. Good references given and required. Address
10-7* BENJ. B. DALE, 430 Ninth street, New York.

CHALLENGE.—The undersigned
challenges any man in the world to dance a Clog with him for the Championship, according to the following rules:—TIME, EXECUTION and CARRIAGE. To dance in three months from this date; place to be mutually agreed upon. Address Clipper Office.
TIM HAYES, Irish Comic Vocalist, and
13-7t* Champion Clog Dancer of the World.

TO CIRCUS PROPRIETORS
AND MANAGERS.
FOR SALE—THE SHOW BOAT, STEAMER COOSA.
Desiring to abandon the water for a land route, I have no longer use for my circus boat, the steamer Coosa, and therefore offer her for sale to cash purchasers. She is comparatively new, having been in use only three seasons, and is the best adapted for circus and menagerie purposes of any boat on any waters in America. Her length is 152 feet, her breadth of beam 35 feet, depth of hold 4 feet, while her lower guards reach from the bow to the engine room, four fifths of her entire length, and are nearly 8 feet wide, built for the accommodation and easy transportation of baggage wagons, cages, band-chariots and procession cars, with capacity to carry any required number. Her accommodation for stabling horses is complete, and will transport 60 with ease and comfort, being provided with mangers and bins for storing and feeding food. Her cabin will comfortably sleep sixty passengers, being provided with a sufficient number of large, airy state rooms, and newly improved berths. The cook room, pantry, and all the culinary arrangements are in the most advantageous order possible. The machinery of the boat is of the most perfect and latest improved kind, and is pronounced by authorized inspectors to be inferior to that of no boat of the capacity of the Coosa on the western waters. In front of coal bin and boilers is room sufficient for stowing away seat stuff, canvas, or any other character of baggage peculiar to the business; and in addition, room for carrying two elephants if necessary. The hold is large, well ventilated, and easily kept in a healthful and clean condition, and in it will be found abundant room for stowing and transporting the properties, baggage and paraphernalia of half a dozen circuses or menageries.

Coosa as a whole the Coosa is really the best circus or menagerie boat now on water. Her draught is light with one hundred tons on board, and this present season she has been where other boats dare not venture. Were it my intention to follow river showing, no money could induce me to part with my boat, but as it is not, I will sell at a reasonable price, and will be open for bids until the FIRST OF SEPTEMBER. To such persons as desire an opportunity of this kind—and river show business has not been unprofitable—I offer a good bargain for cash. My boat is new, stylish, well painted, and will suit any parties contemplating a boat show.

TERMS:—Part cash; remainder, good security—though the Coosa will be sold cheaper for the full amount of cash in hand.
Address JOHN F. ROBINSON, JR.,
13-7t 89 West 7th street, Cincinnati, O.

JUST PUBLISHED,
WILLIAM H. LINGARD'S
ON THE BEACH AT LONG BRANCH SONG BOOK,
Containing "Captain Jinks," and all his original Songs, and a complete collection of the Songs sung by the great and inimitable impersonator,
WILLIAM HORACE LINGARD,
including the music of his principal Songs.
Illuminated cover, 128 pages. Price 25 cents.
DICK & FITZGERALD, Publishers,
18 Ann street, New York.
Also, for sale by all booksellers in the United States.
DICK & FITZGERALD will send the above by mail, post paid, to any part of the United States, on receipt of price. 17-3teow

JAS. S. JAKWAY
Having discovered his connection with Thayer & Noyes (by mutual consent), can be engaged for the coming Fall and Winter Season.
Address as Courier Office, Buffalo.
13-2t

PAINTINGS FOR SALE,
ILLUSTRATING BUNYAN.
The magnificent exhibition, with
TRANSFORMATION SCENE AND 50 PAINTINGS,
12 feet high and 18 to 20 feet long.
They were exhibited near six times in Brooklyn and New York, and unequalled in Europe or America.
If you want a high priced and profitable show, address
J. W. HAIN,
3-3t 27 Beekman street, N. Y.

TYROLESE OPERA TROUPE.
The great and celebrated
TYROLESE OPERA TROUPE,
ONE LADY AND FIVE GENTLEMEN,
have appeared with the greatest success at
FOX'S VARIETY THEATRE, PHILADELPHIA.
They were surpassed artists are now engaged at the
METROPOLITAN VARIETY THEATRE, WASHINGTON, D. C.
The public press says:—
"Their success is immense, the attraction great, their singing and warbling cannot be surpassed."
These attractive artists are open for engagements August 10th, with responsible managers of Theatres, Varieties or Traveling Companies. Address
EDWARD HOFER, Tyrolese Opera Troupe,
1,220 Haines street,
13-4t* Bet. Poplar and Girard aves., Philadelphia.

TO CIRCUS AND SIDE SHOW
MANAGERS.—JAMES MARTIN & SON, Manufacturers of Circus and Side Show Canvass. We keep on hand 30, 35 and 40 feet Side Show Canvass; and also a large stock of Campaign Flags, Base Ball Bounds, etc.
JAMES MARTIN & SON,
1-65* 114 Commercial st., Boston.

HENRY C. TRIPPLE,
THEATRICAL BOOT AND SHOE MAKER,
No. 140 NORTH FIFTH STREET, PHILADELPHIA,
Makes to order at reasonable rates, and expresses to all parts of the country, Opera Slippers, Equestrina and Gymnastic Pumps, Sandals, Clogs, and Stage Shoes generally, except Russett Boots.
N. B. Established 1849. 13-13t

DE BAR'S OPERA HOUSE,
ST. LOUIS, MO.,
Manager.....B. DE BAR
LADIES AND GENTLEMEN
engaged for the Season of '68-'69, will meet on the stage, Thursday, 20th of August, preparatory to opening on the 29th, in the Comedy of MONEY.
O. D. CHAPLIN,
15-7t Stage Manager.

VIOLIN LEADER WANTED,
ONE CAPABLE OF PLAYING BRASS,
And managing and conducting both. If preferred, may play alto or tenor. Address, with particulars and lowest terms,
J. BENEAGE CARTER,
12-6t* Zouave Troupe, Albany, N. Y.

CHARLES HEYWOOD,
Burlesque Prima Donna and Female Impersonator, from Kelly & Leon's Minstrels, is desirous of getting an engagement by responsible managers. Address C. HEYWOOD,
18-14* 168 Court st., Newark, N. J.

JAS. H. SHERWOOD,
SECOND LOW COMEDIAN.
Address, care Clipper Office.
18-2t*

SECOND ANNUAL TOUR OF
W LSON & CLARKE'S
PROVINCIAL BOSTON THEATRE,
BRASS BAND AND ORCHESTRA
THE REGULAR FALL AND WINTER SEASON OF 1868-9
will commence on or before
OCTOBER 1,
and leave Boston for their standard route through Maine and New Brunswick.
Ladies and gentlemen desirous of engaging will apply at once, and address the undersigned, at CALAIS, MAINE.
WILSON & CLARKE, Managers.
H. E. PARMALEE, Agent.
C. H. NEWELL, Assistant.
MR. PARMALEE will please write to us at once for orders, anticipating our opening. [17-3t*] W. & C.

CIRCUS AND MENAGERIE
STOCK FOR SALE.
Ten cages of Animals,
One African Elephant,
Fourteen Centre Pole Canvass,
One Dressing Room,
Thirty-two lengths of Seats, Uprights & Jacks
Ten Baggage Wagons,
One Band Chariot,
One Band Wagon,
One Tableaux Car,
One Performer's Wagon,
Four sets Chandeliers,
Seventy five Horses,
Forty sets Harness,
Ten Entree Dresses,
Ten Entree Cloths,
Fifteen Saddles and Bridles,
One Ticket Wagon,
One Property Wagon,
Flags, Paraphernalia, Tools, &c.
The above named property to be seen at Cape Vincent, N. Y., twenty miles from Watertown, N. Y. Apply to
L. A. HITCHCOCK,
St. Lawrence Hotel,
13-2t Cape Vincent, N. Y.

STAGE SCENERY
FOR SALE.
SIX PAIR PROFILE WINGS,
THREE PAIR PROFILE FLATS,
SIX BORDERS, 34 feet long,
ROLLERS, GAS PIPES, etc.,
all in good order and superior material. Can be used for stage from 13 to 18 feet high. Address
J. T. RICHARDS,
15-3t 37 Beekman street, New York.

WANTED.—First Class Variety
Talent. Season, 9 months (travel). Also a First Class Dancer; must be of good-appearing appearance and an Artist. Address, with photograph and lowest terms, HARRY BUTLER, Business Agent Legers' Theatre Comique, care of Box 1,079, Rochester, N. Y.
P. S.—Engagements open until 24th of August. H. B. 18-2t*

TO ACTRESSES.—A first class
Star Actress, having retired from the stage, will dispose of Manuscript Plays to whom she has the selection, or comes on the same

HOOLEY'S OPERA HOUSE,
BROOKLYN.
OPEN THE YEAR ROUND. NO CLOSING FOR REPAIRS.
The house has been Repainted and Redecorated, and the Company Reconstructed for 1868 and '69. The Celebrity, as now organized, will exceed a larger array of First Class Talent than ever heretofore concentrated in a Minstrel Troupe, embracing Comedians, Tragedians, Vocalists, Dancers and Instrumentalists, who will appear nightly in their Minstrel illustrations. First class artists, particularly those having specialties, can always secure an opening by addressing
R. M. HOOLEY, Proprietor.
6-tf H. GREENLAND, Business Manager.

NORFOLK VARIETIES,
(LATE MILWARD'S,)
Nos. 108 & 110 CHURCH STREET.
C. T. TOOKER.....Lessee and Proprietor
THE ONLY LEGITIMATE
PLACE OF AMUSEMENT
NOW OPEN IN THE CITY,
possessing all the advantages of a
FIRST CLASS THEATRE.
Artistes of acknowledged abilities having
SPECIALITIES
Will be liberally treated with by addressing
CHARLEY KANE,
17-4t Acting and Stage Manager.

THEATRICAL HOSIERY
Of Every Description.
VANDERLIP & TAYLOR,
(Late A. Rankin & Co.—Established 1823.)
No. 96 Bowery, New York.
THEIR FACILITIES IN MANUFACTURING
are such that orders for any style and of any material can be furnished at very short notice.
Orders by mail receive particular attention.
26-52t*

SHOW PAINTING.—J. BRUCE
continues to paint show pictures of every description in the very best style, at moderate charges, at his Mammoth Show Painting Establishment, 630 Broadway, N. Y. N. B.—Terms of payment invariably half cash in advance; balance on delivery. No orders attended to unless on the above terms 4-26t*

FOX'S NEW AMERICAN VARIETY THEATRE,
WALNUT STREET, PHILADELPHIA;
THE ALHAMBRA PALACE OF AMERICA.
R. FOX.....Proprietor and Manager.
THE BEST STANDARD VARIETY COMPANY IN AMERICA.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
FIRST CLASS LEADING DANSEUSES WANTED.
Also Forty Ladies for the Corps de Ballet, for a new Grand Spectacle now in active preparation. Engagements for the Season.
FIRST CLASS ARTISTS IN ALL BRANCHES
wishing engagements can apply to R. FOX,
American Theatre, Philadelphia, or his only authorized
Agents, LOWELL & SIMMONDS, 609 Broadway.

THE "BLACK CROOK."
The contract for the performance of this famous spectacle, North, South, East and West, by Frederick G. Maeder, Esq., (Maeder, Curran and Davey), expire by limitation July 6th. That of Meech & Co. expires October 1st. Parties desiring to negotiate for the production of the "Black Crook," after the above dates, in any of the territory now held by the above gentlemen, will please address
CHAS. M. BARRAS,
7-tf Care of Pike's Opera House, New York.

ODD FELLOWS' TEMPLE,
ASHLAND, PENN.,
Southeast Corner of 7th and Centre Streets.
The Public Hall of the TEMPLE is 50 feet wide by 80 feet long and is to let for Balls, Concerts, Minstrels, Theatricals, Lectures, &c.
It is the only hall in the place. ASHLAND and vicinity has a population numbering over 15,000.
Apply to
GEO. H. HELFRICH,
7 13t* Secretary Odd Fellows' Temple Association

CONTINENTAL HALL,
At Greenpoint, opposite East 10th st., to let for Balls, Concerts, Minstrels, Lectures, &c. It is the only suitable Hall in the place, and is surrounded by a population numbering 15,000. Apply to
ALBERT STEARNS,
8-13t* Greenpoint, N. Y.

CLARKY & REILLEY,
PRINTERS AND ENGRAVERS
12, 14 AND 16 SPRUCE STREET,
NEW YORK.
THE LARGEST
SHOW BILL
PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT
IN THE WORLD.
THIS FIRM
Pays particular attention to getting up all kinds of
FANCY SHOW BILLS
For traveling companies, and have on hand a large and splendid assortment of large and small
WOOD CUTS
Suitable for Circuses, Menageries, Ethiopian Performers, Gymnasts, Magicians, &c., &c., which can be printed in one or more colors, to suit customers.
A deposit required on all work ordered. 11-tf

THE ETHIOPIAN DRAMA.
62 Nos. Fifteen Cents each. Sent postpaid by
O. A. ROORBACH,
10-tf 102 Nassau street, N. Y.

SCHUYLER, HARTLEY & GRAHAM,
19 MAIDEN LANE
Importers and Dealers in
THEATRICAL LACES, FRINGES,
9-13t* CLOTHS, SPANGLES, ETC.

MELVILLE & HULL'S
W. S. MELVILLE GEO. W. HULL
SOUTHERN DRAMATIC
MUSICAL AND EQUESTRIAN
AGENCY,
NO. 193 FIFTH STREET,
LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY.
Having established ourselves we are now prepared to treat with the Dramatic Profession, Minstrel and Variety Troupes.
All First Class Performers in the above line of business—our facilities being such we will be able to give entire satisfaction.
We are also prepared to furnish
COSTUMES and WIGS
of every description, in fact everything appertaining to the profession, at the lowest market prices. Particular attention paid to Ladies and Gentlemen wishing to adopt the stage as a profession. We have on our books now 300 First Class Professionals in both the Dramatic, Equestrian and Variety Business. All letters address to
W. S. MELVILLE & CO.,
7-13t 93½ Fifth st., Louisville, Ky.

WALNUT ST. THEATRE.
Parties wishing to make arrangements for the use of the
WALNUT ST. THEATRE, PHILADELPHIA,
for the June dull haunt, August 5th, will please address
W. D'ORSAY RAMPILL, Sole Lessee Manager.

HAMILTON'S NEW HALL,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA.
Opposite the Public Square and Court House. The Hall is 120 feet long by 55 wide, has two dressing rooms, raised seats, foot and border lights and carpet. The entrance is twelve feet wide.
Hamilton Hall is by far the most popular hall in the city.
N. B.—Hamilton Hall owns all the Bulletin Boards, and has leased all the desirable walls in the city for posting bills.
TO LET (for first class entertainments only.)
The above Hall will seat over 1,000 persons, is fitted with entirely new and elegant scenery (Flats).
The most centrally located building in the city, and every way adapted for
FIRST CLASS EXHIBITIONS.
43-12m* H. N. WARD, Agent.

ST. CHARLES THEATRE,
NEW ORLEANS.
Proprietor, B. DE BAR. Lessee and Manager, CHAS. POPE.
This theatre will open for the regular season on or about the latter part of October, 1868. Star and stock artists of acknowledged reputation will apply to Lowell & Simmonds, 609 Broadway, N. Y., or Chas. Pope, 21 Delaware place, Buffalo, N. Y. Consider silence a negative. 10-3m*

NOTICE.—All communications in
reference to the coming season of '68 and '69, from Stars and General Artistes, will please be addressed to the undersigned,
B. MACAULEY, Metropolitan Hotel,
16-tf Long Branch, N. J.

HARRY GILBERT, First Low
Comedy and Pantomimes. Managers desiring his services address care of Clipper Office. 16-4t

WANTED—At the Theatre Com-
IQUE, Detroit, Mich., for the Fall and Winter Season, commencing on or about Aug. 30, First Class Performers in all lines of business. Apply at once, stating lowest terms, to C. M. WELCH,
15-7t* Proprietor Theatre Comique, Detroit, Mich.

C. LE FOWLER,
CLOWN AND COMIC VOCALIST,
The Grimaldi of America.
Address all letters care of
12-4t* NEW YORK CLIPPER.

MR. AND MRS. GOMERSAL,
Start for Europe Wednesday, July 22d, and return with first class novelties in October. Managers wishing to negotiate will please address MESSRS. LOWELL & SIMMONDS,
16-tf 609 Broadway, N. Y.

FISKE'S GRAND DUCHESS
COMBINATION, now traveling through the eastern cities.
Address his agents LOWELL & SIMMONDS,
15-tf 609 Broadway, N. Y. City.

MISS JENNIE HIGHT,
The highly accomplished VERSATILE ARTISTE, will commence her Fall and Winter Starring Season September 5th. A Singing Chambermaid wanted, one who can play Juveniles. Ladies and gentlemen of dramatic ability will please apply to her father,
17-13t* H. A. HIGHT, Manager, 470 State st., Chicago, Ill.

MISS BELLE HOWITT,
SOUBRETTE, SINGING AND BURLESQUE,
From the Boston Theatre, is prepared to negotiate with a
RESPONSIBLE MANAGER
for the Fall and Winter season of 1868 and '69. Address
MISS BELLE HOWITT,
15-3t* Lock Box 2,148, P. O., Boston, Mass.

THE ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
PITTSBURGH.
This ELEGANT HALL, admitted to be the best in the city for FIRST CLASS MUSICAL and DRAMATIC ENTERTAINMENTS, will be for rent during the coming season to responsible parties, by the night, week or month.
Refers to A. S. Pennoyer, Richings' Opera; S. B. Pugh, Leander Histrionic Society.
For terms, which will be moderate, address
W. A. McCLURG,
17-4t 87 Hand street, Pittsburgh.

JIG & CLOG DANCING WITH-
OUT A MASTER.—The most perfect book of the kind, giving a full explanation of every step. Sent to any address for 50 cts. Address CHAS. J. BIERMAN, 825 Wash street, St. Louis, Mo.
N. B.—Also, Clog Shoes, from $3 to $11. 17-4t*

OPERA HOUSE, Rochester, N. Y.
W. Mead, Proprietor; Thos. Carr, Manager. Will open Sept. 1st for Fall and Winter Season. Wanted, Star and Stock Artists. Address THOS. CARR, 429 Clinton st., Buffalo, N. Y.
Consider silence a negative. 17-4t*

WANTED,
TWO SECOND CLASS ACTRESSES,
For Ebsens, Page and Meester's Mammoth Amphitheatre. Address stating terms, capabilities, &c., FRED. NEWCOMER,
13-2t* Fort Bridger, Utah.

BLOOM'S NEW MUSIC HALL,
PEARL STREET, COUNCIL BLUFFS, IOWA,
Newly built and just finished; one of the finest halls in the Union, being elaborately frescoed, painted, and ornamented with stationary. A fine, large stage, magnificent drop curtain (the finest painting of the kind in the Western States), with beautiful scenery, and stage machinery, chair seats and gallery; will seat about 1,500 persons. Can be engaged by any respectable troupe or company.
For particulars, address S. BLOOM,
17-4t Council Bluffs, Iowa.

CHAS. B. GRISTE,
ADVANCE AGENT.
Will be disengaged after August 24, 1868. Business communications addressed to Saratoga, N. Y., till Aug. 5, or Clipper Office, after that date, will receive prompt attention. 17-4t

ACADEMY OF MUSIC,
NASHVILLE, TENN.
CHARLEY WHITE.....Acting and Stage Manager
OPEN THE YEAR ROUND,
WITH THE BEST STANDARD VARIETY COMPANY IN THE COUNTRY.
First class artistes in all branches wishing engagements can apply to
13-7t* CHARLEY WHITE.

WANTED—To buy or rent a good
60 or 80 foot Canvas. Parties having the above can hear of a purchaser by addressing P. BERGEN, care of
Box 773, Cincinnati, O.

BUTZEL'S HALL, Saugerties, N
Y.—Large and Commodious, and newly erected stage 18 by 25. Good troupes can draw crowded houses. 2-3m*

HARRY HILL'S NIGHTLY
CONCERTS and Comicalities, with ever varying and new features of Popular Amusement, not the least attractive of which is the introduction of the Genuine English
PUNCH AND JUDY PANTOMIMES,
continue to attract crowds of delighted visitants to
1-tf 36 EAST HOUSTON STREET.

ENGRAVING ON WOOD
ROYLANCE & PURSELL
105 NASSAU ST. N.Y.
For Theatres and Circuses.
MAMMOTH POSTERS—In one or more Colors.
PORTRAITS—Large and Small.
PROGRAMME CUTS, ETC.
Sketches made from Scenes or Acts—Positions in Character, or from Manuscript. 11-

THE ART OF PUBLIC SPEAK-
ING.—An Exposition of the Principles of Oratory. By Samuel Neil. Price 25 cents. Sent postpaid on receipt of the price, by
6-tf O. A. ROORBACH, 102 Nassau st., N. Y.

THE ACTOR'S ART.—Its Re-
quisites, and how to obtain them; its Defects, and how to remove them. Price 15 cents. Send orders to O. A. ROORBACH,
6-tf 102 Nassau st., N. Y.

GRIFFITH MORGAN & SON,
SCENIC AND GENERAL ARTISTS, Established 1841.
Having finished our new Studio we are prepared to furnish Drop Curtains, Scenes, Panoramas, Transparencies, &c. Photographs and Carte de Visite copied life size in Oil, Water or Crayon; Plain, Character or Grotesque. Franklin, next door to Gaiety,
8-13t* Brooklyn, N. Y.

GIBBONS' OPERA HOUSE,
CORNER OF SIXTH AND MAIN STREETS,
KEOKUK, IOWA.
Is now completed and to rent for FIRST CLASS entertainments. The stage scenery has been prepared with great care and in accordance with the most modern improvements. No pains have been spared to make this Hall a model of beauty and convenience. It is furnished with chairs, and is capable of seating 900 to 1,000 persons. Population of the city about 16,000. Address
1-26t* PATRICK GIBBONS.

MASON'S HALL,
GLOVERSVILLE, N. Y.
Connected with the Mason House. Seats eight hundred. A good "show town;" five thousand inhabitants. Yours, etc.,
14-3m J. J. MASON.

TURNER HALL, Ottawa, Ill.
Commodious Hall, will seat 800 persons; stage, with some decorations, footlights, dressing rooms, etc. Good show town, population 10,000. Address JOS. GONDOLF, Drawer 125, Ottawa, Ill. 17-6m*

BANJO. BANJO. BANJO.
"THE" back closed Banjo (frame as guitar), opening in the top, known by the parchment head being level with the outer rim, is manufactured and sold by GEORGE TEED, 449 East Houston st., where specimens can be seen and heard. I am prepared to prove the superiority of these instruments in beauty of make and in tone above all others. A liberal discount to the trade. 19-1t*

THE DOBSON BROTHERS'
GREAT PROFESSIONAL AND PARLOR BANJO;
Invented and Patented by HENRY C. DOBSON, July 16th, 1867. The Loudest, Sharpest, Sweetest, and altogether the most brilliant toned instrument in the world and now used by the following well known artists:—Miss Lotta, Emma Madden, Ella Chapman, Sam Sharpley, Kelly & Leon, Billy Birch, Dave Wambold, Leo Hudson and other First Class Professionals. Each and every Banjo silver mounted and highly polished. Price $20. Sent, securely packed, to any part of the United States or Canadas, C. O. D., Wholesale and Retail. Address HENRY C. DOBSON,
12-1f 220 Bowery, New York.

BANJO INSTRUCTIONS Given
from 9 A. M. to 9 P. M., by H. C. DOBSON, 220 Bowery, N. Y. 17-tf

ATLANTIC GARDEN AND THEATRE,
CALLOWHILL STREET, BELOW FIFTH, PHILADELPHIA,
will commence the Fall Season on or about the 24th August, 1868, until which time the Theatre
CAN BE RENTED
for Benefits, Exhibitions, Pedestrian Feats, etc.
NOTICE.—Novelties or Sensational Productions of every description liberally treated with on application to the proprietors,
17-3t CURRAN & NORRIS.

BILLY PASTOR,
The famous original
COMIC VOCALIST AND CHARACTER DELINEATOR,
With a fresh and inexhaustible
REPERTOIRE OF ATTRACTIVE COMIC NOVELTIES,
Including his very successful
STATUE SONG,
Introducing his life-like
ALBUM OF CELEBRITIES,
ANIMATED PHOTOGRAPHS
OF THE DISTINGUISHED
CHARACTERS OF HISTORY,
AND PROMINENT MEN
OF THE PRESENT DAY,
can be secured for two or four weeks, or longer. Address
14-tf 201 BOWERY, New York.

DAYTON LEDGER Job Rooms.
All kinds of
SHOW PRINTING
Executed in the BEST STYLE,
and at Reasonable Rates. Information concerning matters connected with Amusements cheerfully furnished.
Address, LEDGER,
1-26tf* Dayton, O.

COLERICKS HALL,
FORT WAYNE, INDIANA, continues as ever the popular Hall of the City, most centrally located, and the only Hall without going into the third story. Stage 35 feet deep, fine stock of scenery, 4 Proscenium Boxes, Parquette and Dress Circle and upper tier. Stage and aisles carpeted. Five dressing rooms. The Hall owns and controls the principal and desirable bulletin boards and walls of the city. Terms reasonable.
S. C. NASH, Agent, 94 Columbia st.
10-13t* E. F. COLERICK, Proprietor.

NEW THEATRICAL STORE
SHANNON, MILLER & CRANE,
No. 22 Maiden Lane, New York,
Importers of and Wholesale and Retail Dealers in THEATRICAL GOODS of every description.
COSTUMERS' MATERIALS AND
ALL KINDS OF GOLD AND SILVER TRIMMINGS.
Goods sent C. O. D., to any part of the UNITED STATES or CANADAS. 12-6m

TO THE PROFESSION.
Acting Editions of all Plays Published in the Country can be had at BURTON'S Book Store,
No. 92 FOURTH AVENUE.
One block above Stewart's and Broadway. Foreign Plays to order. Books, Music and Musical Instruments, Stringe, Magazines, Papers, &c. Orders Solicited and Goods sent by Express or Mail Free.
WE CHARGE LESS THAN USUAL PRICES. 11-3m*

NOW IN ITS SUMMER SUIT.
"THE BALTIMORE OPERA HOUSE."
Thoroughly renovated; attractively improved; increased ventilation; encircled with mammoth open windows—THE NEW PLATFORM—and now crowded nightly. Make a note of this. Variety performers—regular and special—can obtain advantageous engagements by addressing or telegraphing (pre-paid), KERNAN & BRO.,
9-21t Baltimore Opera House, Baltimore, Md.

WELL'S NEW HALL,
PORTCHESTER, N. Y.
This Hall will seat 550 people comfortably; has a stage, with dressing rooms, etc., and is lighted with gas. Parties desiring to rent the above Hall, can do so by applying to O. C. WELLS, Wells' Hotel, Portchester, N. Y. 8-13t*

CONTINENTAL THEATRE,
BOSTON.
The undersigned having purchased this establishment, to be hereafter known as
WILLARD'S THEATRE,
After reconstruction and refitting, will open as a
FIRST CLASS STAR THEATRE
on or about September 1, 1868. Stars wishing time from that date will be liberally treated with by addressing
7 3m HENRY WILLARD, Revere House, Boston, Mass.

RICHINGS' ENGLISH OPERA COMPANY.
This celebrated troupe, now fully re-organized for the coming season of 1868 and 1869,
Commence their Fall and Winter Campaign at the Arch Street Theatre, Philadelphia, September 14th.
ALL BUSINESS COMMUNICATIONS must be addressed to
A. S. PENNOYER, Business Manager,
8-tf No. 1,743 Marshall street, Philadelphia.

JOHN BROUGHAM'S
Last great success,
"THE LOTTERY OF LIFE,"
playing at Wallack's Theatre. Managers wishing to negotiate its production, or for any of Mr. Brougham's pieces, must address
THOMAS E. MORRIS,
10-tf 173 West Tenth street, New York.

J. O'DONNELL,
THEATRICAL SHOEMAKER, 251 BOWERY, New York.
Pink Satin Operas, $3.50. Pink Silk, $3.00. Black Kid, $1.50. Every description of goods rent, C. O. D. 15-3m*

PIKE'S MUSIC HALL,
IN PIKE'S OPERA HOUSE BUILDING,
CINCINNATI, O.
This magnificent Hall, with seating capacity of about two thousand persons, is now ready for occupancy. Parties desiring to engage for one or more nights will address
S. N. PIKE,
Pike's Opera House, New York, or
WM. R. WILLIAMSON,
15-tf Care of S. N. PIKE, Cincinnati, O.

MISS LEO HUDSON'S address
for the ensuing four weeks is Baltimore, Md. Managers wishing time for the Fall and Winter Season will direct
17-4t MISS LEO HUDSON, 34 William street.

WANTED,
A good 1st & flat CORNET PLAYER, as a Teacher and Director in East Templeton Cornet Band. Terms liberal. A good opportunity for outside jobs. Address
17-3t* H. S. WARREN, East Templeton, Mass.

MLLE. GALLETTI,
Star Danseuse, and MONS. CARDELLI, Principal Dancer and Ballet Master, are at present disengaged and can be secured by responsible managers. Address care LOWELL & SIMMONDS,
Sole Agents, or
MLLE. GALLETTI,
17-3t 132 Wooster st., N. Y.

MR. M. W. LEFFINGWELL,
the Most Versatile Actor in America, and MRS. M. W. LEFFINGWELL, the Charming Soubrette and Burlesque Actress, can be engaged for the coming season of 1868-'69, by addressing M. W. LEFFINGWELL, care of Lowell & Simmonds, 609 Broadway. 17-4t*

$15,000 TO $20,000
To be made this season out of the celebrated ANDALUSIAN BULL
which has created such a furore, and puzzled the brains of the most distinguished Savans of the European Continent.
This most Wonderful Animal is the greatest anomaly ever known to the scientific world, being a perfect and entire BULL, in every sense of the word, and yet is provided with Udder and Teats like the Cow, and gives two quarts of pure milk daily, and may justly be considered the wonder of the
NINETEENTH CENTURY.
The proprietors will sell, delivered after 1st of August, as his health won't allow him to travel. Apply to
17-3t J. E. GUILBAULT'S Zoological garden,
Montreal, Canada.

AUGUSTIN DALY, ESQ.,
Author of Under the Gas Light, is busy writing a NEW SENSATIONAL PIECE for MISS SALLIE PARTINGTON. It will be ready about the end of August. Those wishing for its first production will please address her agent, CHARLES T. PARSLOE,
17-3t* 565 Broadway, New York, cor. Prince st.

ST. PAUL OPERA HOUSE.
New and handsomely fitted up, with good Stage Scenery, Green Room, etc.
For particulars, terms, etc., address
5-39t* H. C. MUNGER Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

WILLARD'S THEATRE, Boston.
THEATRICAL WARDROBE.
Parties having rich Wardrobe to dispose of can find a purchaser by addressing
HENRY WILLARD,
12-4t Revere House, Boston.

PERFORMERS and MUSICIANS
WANTED
FOR CHARLEY SHAY'S QUINCUPLEXAL TROUPE.
Good performers in every line, both male and female, and good musicians that can play brass and string; one extra good lady dancer; one good brass band leader; one good orchestra leader; one good property man; one year's engagement. Address or apply to
13-tf CHARLEY SHAY, 623 Broadway, N. Y.

HOGAN AND HUGHES,
OF BRYANTS' MINSTRELS,
Are prepared to receive pupils for Clog, Jig, and Song and Dance. Address as above. 15-3t*

JUBILATE!
FIRST TOUR IN THE WEST.
THE GREAT DOUBLE TROUPE,
BEN COITON
AND
SAM SHARPLEY'S
MINSTRELS,
Now concluding the most successful trip ever made in the East, playing to
LARGER AUDIENCES
for a higher rate of admission than all contemporaries, the best evidence of Superiority and Originality.
SAM SHARPLEY, BEN COITON, } Proprietors. PHILO CLARK, GEO. GRAY, } Agents.
12-3m

NEW ORLEANS OLYMPIC
THEATRE FOR RENT.
The above well established Theatre will be for rent this Fall. This is the best located Theatre in the city for a
VARIETY COMPANY.
Address Box 341, New Orleans P. O.
12-13t*

FOUL PLAY,
A Drama in Five Acts and Seven Tableaux, founded on the novel of that name (by Chas. Reade and Dion Boucicault), with new and startling effects by
ROBERT JONES, ESQ.,
author of the "Hidden Hand," "Poor Girl," "Wacousta," etc., and
COPYRIGHTED ACCORDING TO LAW.
is now offered to managers for production during the Fall and Winter Seasons. All communications addressed to the author, "Continental Theatre, Boston," will receive a prompt reply.
Models of the effects furnished to purchasers at cost price. 12-8t

SCHAEFER'S OPERA HOUSE,
CANTON, OHIO.—This new and elegantly fitted up place of amusement, with a fine stage, a complete set of scenes, private boxes, and a seating capacity of 1,500, can be engaged by the night or week by first class performers only, on reasonable terms. Address its
13.3m* PROPRIETOR.

R. B. KENT'S Theatrical Hosiery.
232 BOWERY, N. Y.
FORMERLY GARNER'S ESTABLISHMENT,
344 BOWERY.
All kinds of THEATRICAL AND CIRCUS CLOTHING constantly on hand and made to order. 8-13t*

ST. PAUL, Ingersoll Hall En-
larged. Olive Logan writes, "I never saw a hall properly lighted till I came to St. Paul. So far as Light, Ventilation and Acoustic qualities is concerned, INGERSOLL HALL is beyond comparison the best I ever saw in this or any other country."
Apply to OSSIAN E. DODGE, Agent. 14-13t*

HARRY CLIFFORD,
COMEDIAN,
16-4t* Address LOWELL & SIMMONDS.

JENNIE CLIFFORD,
SOUBRETTES OR JUVENILES.
15-4t* Address LOWELL & SIMMONDS.

LIVING CURIOSITIES
Who wish to make a winter's engagement at the Crescent City Museum will take notice that the Museum will open on or about the 15th of September next. Giants, Fat People, Dwarfs, Skeletons, Circassians, Albinos and all other wonders will send their address, with photographs, to
CLARK T. AMES,
Crescent City Museum,
40 and 42 St. Charles st., New Orleans, La.
P. S.—An A No. 1 GLASS BLOWER WANTED. 15-6m

G. G. GRADY'S CIRCUS for 1869.
G. G. GRADY is sparing no money or pains in fitting up for next season. He is bound to have the best set of horses, wagons, harness and trappings, and the best organized troupe on the road. He is to
START FROM KENTON, OHIO,
ON MAY 15TH, 1869. 16-5t*

NEW THEATRE, NASHVILLE,
FOR RENT
from the 1st of